Weather

Sharp, cold weather today. The maximum temperature yesterday was 42.8 and the minimum 23.4, the figures for the corresponding day last year being 40.8 and 22.1.

The China Press
大陸報

Today's Newspaper consists of 36 pages in three sections

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JAPAN PLANS TO STOP REDS WHO NOW MENACE IRKUTSK

NITTI DENIES ITALY GAVE PROMISE TO YIELD FIUME

Vigorous Reply Made By Italian Premier To Clemenceau

STATES POSITION

Nothing Unreasonable Has Been Asked From Allies, He Says

French Premier Asserted Pledge To Give Port Had Been Broken

(*Reuter's Service*)

Rome, December 30.—Signor Nitti delivered a vigorous reply in the Senate yesterday to M. Clemenceau's references to the Fiume question in his speech in the French Chamber on December 23; Signor Nitti quoted M. Clemenceau's statement that Italy had undertaken to give Fiume to Croatia, arguing that Croatia was not a contracting party and that on the contrary the situation had to be considered from a general standpoint and not from the point of view of one party. Furthermore, the Italian Premier declared, the situation was continually undergoing profound changes.

REVIEWS CASE

While conceding that Fiume was not included in the Pact of London, Signor Nitti laid stress on the point that under the Pact all Dalmatia was to be handed over to Italy. Moreover contrary to another stipulation contained in the Pact, Italy was left to fight Austria-Hungary alone.

Referring to the Adriatic situation, which he said had ceased to be a de facto and had become a de jure situation, Signor Nitti declared that Italy, who had honorably done her share in the war, was convinced that she asked for nothing unreasonable or unworthy.

Signor Tittoni replying to congratulations on his election as President of the Senate said that his cordial good wishes would accompany the Government in its noble mission to safeguard the rights of Italy, for it was clear that it was desired to apportion the fruits of war not in accordance with Italy's sacrifices, but according to the good pleasure of others.

CLEMENCEAU'S SPEECH

Note:—M. Clemenceau, in the course of the speech referred to above, said that the Fiume question had been an agonising one. The Italian Government had undertaken to concede Fiume to the Jugo-Slavs and upon this pledge the Serbs and Jugo-Slavs had relied, but Italy had gone back on her pledge. Italian opinion had become heated and France, Great Britain and America had been seeking a solution. M. Clemenceau added that the latest indications afforded a promise of a solution acceptable to all.

Why Rear Admiral Was Removed By Washington Told

(*Reuter's Service*)

Washington, December 31.—Mr. Daniels, Secretary of the Navy, referring to Rear Admiral Decker's refusal to accept the Navy Cross on the ground that it is not an adequate reward for his services as United States Naval Attache at Madrid during the war, pointed out that Rear Admiral Decker was removed from his post at the request of the Ambassador at Madrid, Mr. Joseph E. Willard, and that although an able and diligent officer he appeared to forget that he was not Ambassador, and "of course the Navy Department could not usurp the prerogative of the State Department, and his removal therefore became imperative."

Tokio Rules At Peking With Anfu Club In Power There To Do Its Bidding

President Hsu A Lay Figure With Government, In Hands Of Little Hsu And Tuan Chi-jui, Helpless Under Japanese Yoke

BY NATHANIEL PEFFER
(*Our Own Correspondent*)

PEKING, January 1.—The state of the capital of the Republic of China at the opening of this year of 1920 is briefly this: it doesn't know where it is going and it isn't even on the way. And nobody—apparently nobody, cares.

The Chinese don't care. The Legations have given up hope. The foreign residents are at sea. Nobody cares, because there is nothing worth caring about. Motor cars may dash about madly all day laden down outside with heavily armed guards and inside with military gentlemen heavily hung with gold lace and huge medals. Corpulent official gentlemen may speed about all day from feast to feast with endless talk of political enterprise and endless consumption of food. Of motion, there is plenty. But of real activity there is none. None, that is, except the assiduous feathering of the private nest. In those things that constitute the governance of 400,000,000 people there is a stagnation that can only be described as degenerate. Never in the last century has the capital of China been characterised by any real dignity, by any real fineness of tone, but never also, has it sunk to its present helpless, hopeless, degraded depth.

DOMINANT ELEMENTS

There are in Peking today only two facts that count: the Anfu Club and Japan. In reality they are one fact, or two phases of the same fact. In these last two and a half years there have been changes of administration, new cabinets, new elections, new legislators and new issues, but essentially, there has been no change in this, that the government of China is seated in Tokio with the Anfu Club as its Peking representative. And every move, official or unofficial, is centered around the efforts of the Anfu Club to increase its own power and thereby the power of Tokio.

There are in Peking today only two men that really count: Hsu Shu-cheng (Little Hsu) and Tuan Chi-jui. In reality they are one, for they are actuated by the same motives. There has been great talk of a breach between them, but if there is one it is healed easily and often, as often as their common aim demands.

Of these two, the more important by far is Hsu Shu-cheng. For Little Hsu comes closer to being military dictator of China—always subject to the qualification of Tokio—than anybody since Yuan Shih-k'ai. In many respects he is more powerful than Yuan ever was, for Yuan always had a much stronger opposition. There is no opposition today worth considering for serious purpose. Little Hsu is master. This is by no means to say that there are no other parties. There are. There is a quasi-moderate faction in the Anfu Club itself, there are the tattered remnants of the old Chihli faction of the old Peiyang military party, there is the skeleton of Liang Shih-yi's old organisation, there is the small and helpless group around the helpless President, Hsu Shih-chang, there is even a small outfit of discreetly silent liberals—but they are a powerless minority. And if they were not, there is not much reason to believe they would be much better.

LITTLE HSU MASTER

At all events Little Hsu is master, though Tuan Chi-jui may be the nominal head of the military party. And Tuan is the same old Tuan—absorbed in his chess and his billiards, understanding little and saying yes to whatever is put before him by those who have won his confidences and know how to play on his weaknesses.

And Little Hsu is the Little Hsu that emerged so meteorically from obscurity two years ago—bold, imaginative, daring, determined, self-willed, courageous and ambitious without limitation. To his strong will and courage he owes his success, for they are qualities in whose possession he is almost unique in official Peking. His ambition is rivalled only by that of Yuan Shih-k'ai and modelled after Yuan's. He aspires to be iron dictator of China. And like Yuan he is working toward that end with amazing singleness of purpose and strategies on a scale of imperial grandeur. But on Yuan there never was Japanese collar, which is the fundamental difference between the two men.

The sway of Little Hsu is not altogether unchallenged, even by the small minorities. The backing and filling over the naming of the new cabinet in the last month is the result of such challenge as there is. The delay in the completion of the cabinet is the result of the struggle between the Anfu Club and the other factions for control. There is little to the struggle. The Anfu Club has won, as naturally it would. Chin Yun-peng, the premier, is not an Anfu extremist. He is at least opposed to Little Hsu's tactics and leans more toward President Hsu. But his hands are tied. The only other member of the cabinet who is not out-and-out Anfu is Tien Wen-lieh, Minister of the Interior. Li Shih-hao, Minister of Finance, is a loyal member of the Anfu Club and will take his orders from that party. But by common report he has one quality to distinguish him.

(Continued on Page 4)

GERMAN PACT WILL BE PUT INTO EFFECT ON TUESDAY

Plans For Exchange Of Ratification Are Now Complete

SURRENDER SHIPS

Reparation For Losses At Scapa Flow To Be Made By Teutons

VIEWS IN BERLIN

French Attitude Is Now Thought To Be More Conciliatory

(*French Wireless Service*)

Paris, January 2.—The Supreme Council did not meet yesterday. Furthermore Baron von Lersner has written to M. Dutasta informing him that he is unable to go out owing to a severe cold.

Reports from Berlin indicate that it is practically certain that the German Government will sign the Protocol. Even if Baron von Lersner is still indisposed, it is not likely that that will prevent the ratifications being exchanged on the date fixed (January 6).

The Allied and German Commissions, under General Lerond and Herr von Simson respectively, met yesterday. Various administrative questions including in particular that of passport, were discussed.

SIGNING EXPECTED

Paris, December 30.—Baron von Lersner, Chief of the German Delegation called on M. Dutasta yesterday but did not deliver the German reply to the Allied note. It is believed that the Government in Berlin is disposed to sign the Protocol subject to guarantees of a reduction of the amount of the material required as compensation for the Scapa Flow sinkings.

The entire French press regards yesterday's interview as decisive and anticipates an early signing of the Protocol.

Later.—The Supreme Council was informed today of the rapprochement of views arising from the conversations between the Allied and German representatives, and approved the bases of understanding reached. The Allies have consented to register in writing the verbal assurance given by M. Dutasta to Baron von Lersner regarding the reduction of the amount of the harbor material to be handed over by Germany. It is expected that the Supreme Council will tomorrow fix the date of signature of the Protocol and exchange of ratifications, which will probably take place either on January 6 or 7 at the Quai d'Orsay, Mr. Lloyd George being present.

It is semi-officially declared that the operation of treaty is now a mere matter of days and

(Continued on Page 3)

Gen. Alfred Knox Leaving On Ecuador Monday Afternoon

Head Of British Mission Going To United States Enroute To London

General Sir Alfred Knox, head of the British Mission in Siberia, will sail for San Francisco tomorrow afternoon on the Pacific Mail Steamship Company liner Ecuador. General Knox is on his way to London.

The Ecuador was due to sail from Shanghai this afternoon for Japan ports, Honolulu and San Francisco but the liner will not reach Woosung until tonight at midnight, according to wireless messages received by the local agency.

The tender with outgoing passengers will leave the Customs Jetty tomorrow afternoon at two o'clock in order that the Ecuador may get away on the evening tide.

WHEN FOLKS PUT THEIR OWN INTEREST ABOVE THE WELFARE OF THE PUBLIC MAJORITY

Ding in N. Y. Tribune

CUSTOMS REVENUE FOR 1919 HIGHEST SO FAR RECORDED

Total Given In Report Just Issued At Peking Is £14,000,000

INCOME AT PORTS STATED

Present Exchange Rate Gives Government Big Margin Of Unpledged Resources

(*Reuter's Pacific Service*)

Peking, Jan. 2.—The Customs revenue for 1919 amounted to Haikwan taels 46,000,000 equivalent to over £14,000,000, the highest collection on record, surpassing that of 1913 to which opium largely contributed by taels 2,080,000 or nearly £8,000,000 if calculated in gold.

The revenue also shows an increase of taels 9,655,000 as compared with 1918.

The revenues collected at the principal ports were approximately as follows:

Antung, Tls. 1,345,200.
Dairen, Tls. 4,556,900.
Tientsin and Chingwangtao, Tls. 5,565,800.
Kiaochow, Tls. 1,666,700.
Hankow, Tls. 4,219,500.
Shanghai, Tls. 14,289,700, an increase of Tls. 3,386,600.
Canton, Tls. 2,471,900.

After meeting all the foreign loans indemnity obligations secured on the Native Customs including the Reorganisation Loan of 1913 and also providing for the cost of collection and sundry fixed appropriations for river conservancy, harbor works, etc., it has been possible to hand over to the Government during the year Tls. 22,604,123.

Out of the amount released the Government appropriated and handed to the Inspector General Taels 4,795,990 for the service of domestic loans. The foreign loan indemnity service dependent on the Customs revenue requires an annual disbursement of £7,000,000. At the present rate of exchange the revenues controlled by the Inspector General produce about £20,000,000 annually. It will thus be seen that if silver maintains its price there will be a considerable margin of unpledged revenue at the disposal of the Government.

Japanese Envoy With Peace Ratification Here Going To Paris

(*Reuter's Service*)

Shanghai, January 3.—Reuters Agency learns that Mr. K. Kishi, till recently Japanese Vice-Consul at Shanghai and now appointed Japanese Consul at Liverpool, arrived at Shanghai this morning from Japan in the Kitano Maru.

Mr. Kishi, who leaves for Europe tomorrow, is taking Japan's ratification of the treaty of Versailles to Paris.

Conditions In Vienna Are Called Appalling

Steps Being Taken By France, Britain And Italy To Send Relief

(*Reuter's Service*)

London, December 30.—The newspapers have recently again been drawing attention to the appalling conditions of Vienna where distress is most acute. It is now announced that immediate steps are being taken by England, France and Italy to give relief. Italy is sending grain and England large consignments of fats and other foodstuffs. It has also been arranged that Czecho-Slovakia, Jugo-Slavia and Poland shall lend a large number of railway trucks for Austrian use. These measures however are purely temporary as it is felt that nothing permanent can be attempted until America falls into line with the Allies regarding ex-enemies.

U.S. Is Shipping Gold Into India

(*Reuter's Service*)

New York, Dec. 31.—Gold bars to the value of two million dollars have been shipped to the National Bank of India for the purpose of stabilising exchange. Other shipments are to follow.

PROVINCES FAIL TO SEND STAMP TAX TO PEKING

Government Hears Receipts Are Being Held Back To Pay Military Expenses

SHORTAGE HITS SALARIES

Defense Advanced Is Funds Due From Capital Have Been Withheld

(*From Our Own Correspondent*)

Peking, December 31.—The Government is in receipt of information from several of the provinces indicating that the provincial military authorities are holding up the receipts from the Stamp Tax in order to meet arrears of military and civil administrative expenses. The Stamp Tax is a purely government revenue, being administered in the provinces by the local authorities acting in behalf of the Government, and at this particular time the Ministry of Finance has been depending upon it for the payment of government salaries, both civil and military.

The delinquent provinces, among which are Shantung, Ho nan and Hupeh, claim on the other hand that they have had to appropriate Stamp Tax funds to their own uses for the reason that the Government has been behindhand in remitting to them funds for the disbandment of their superfluous troops and that this state of affairs will continue just as long as the Government holds up these military remittances. They have been instructed to make good to the Government the funds that they have taken for their own use from the Stamp Tax revenue, but there is little likelihood of their doing so.

ELECTION IN ENGLAND

(*Reuter's Service*)

London, Jan. 1.—The result of the Bromley by-election today was as follows: Lieut. Colonel Outhbert James, (Coalition) Unionist, 11,148. Mr. Hodes, (Labor), 10,077.

BOLSHEVISTS BESIEGE CITY AFTER TAKING RAIL STATION

Tokio's Purpose To Take Military Action Is Told In London

PARLEY WITH U.S.

Entire Situation Being Reviewed At Meeting In Washington

KOLCHAK TO GO

Nipponese Determined To Halt Advance Of Radicals

(*Reuter's Service*)

New York, December 30.—A Peking telegram states that the Bolsheviks are reported to be in possession of the railway station at Irkutsk while Admiral Kolchak's forces are holding the town. The foreign Missions are residing in the railway yard.

UNDERSTANDING REACHED

London, Jan. 1.—The Times New York correspondent telegraphs: "An understanding has been reached by which the Japanese Government shall replace its present troops in Siberia with fresh forces and take such military action as is necessary, Japan has already a military force sufficient to check the Bolsheviki attempts to overrun Eastern Siberia."

WASHINGTON CONFERENCE

London, Jan. 1.—With reference to recent reports regarding a possible revision of Japanese policy in Siberia in view of the altered conditions owing to Admiral Kolchak's retreat, Reuter's Agency learns from a Japanese source that the position is as follows: About three weeks ago discussions began in Washington between the Japanese and American Governments with a view to future policy with regard to Siberia, Great Britain being duly informed of the opening of pourparlers.

So far no decision has been reached, owing to the Secretary of War's absence from Washington. Japan's views have been fully communicated to the State Department.

It is obvious to the Japanese Government in view of events in Siberia and Admiral Kolchak's retreat, which seems to be slow and orderly, that the whole position must be reviewed by the Tokio Government. Japan has at present some 30,000 troops along the Trans-Siberian railway, while the United States has perhaps 7,000 men, including engineers.

Japan is determined to stem the flow of Bolshevism towards Japan, but any new action necessitated by the altered situation must depend on the political and military position and will only be taken after discussion and in co-operation with the Allies. Japan is quite prepared to increase her forces in Siberia if necessary.

Tokio Hears Situation Is Growing Serious

Tokio, January 1.—So serious had the situation become in the present Provisional Capital of the Kolchak Government that the Japanese Commander-in-chief in Siberia ordered a body of Japanese troops to guard the district to the southeast of Lake Baikal, to prevent the railroad from being cut there and to leave the way open for the Japanese officials and residents of Irkutsk to escape to the east when the hour came to evacuate the city.

ANARCHY AND REVOLT

The continued debacle of the Kolchak forces has been producing anarchy and revolt everywhere throughout Eastern Siberia, with the crux of the trouble centering at Irkutsk. Here, on Christmas eve, 800 troops of the garrison mutinied and marched out, seizing the left bank of the Angara River. The revolting troops were later joined by a number of the civilian residents of the city and district.

This and the news that two bodies of Bolsheviki, one of 800 and one of 400 were advancing upon Irkutsk fom two sides made the officials within the city greatly nervous of what the immediate

U.S. PUTS BAR ON WOOD ALCOHOL

Restrictions Imposed Due To Deaths From Its Use As Beverage

(*Reuter's Service*)

Washington, Dec. 31.—A bill will be submitted to Congress subjecting the manufacture and sale of wood alcohol in the United States to the same restrictions as grain alcohol, in view of the many deaths reported recently from the use of wood alcohol as a beverage, which are estimated by Mr. Daniel C. Roper, Commissioner of Internal Revenue, at several hundreds.

British Revenues Register Increase

(*Reuter's Service*)

London, Jan. 1.—The revenue of the United Kingdom for the last quarter amounted to £237,252,905, an increase of £71,507,757 compared with that of the corresponding quarter of 1918.

MEXICO DECIDES CHINESE MAY STAY

Government Takes Steps To Stop Deportations Planned In State Of Sonora

(*Reuter's Service*)

San Francisco, Dec. 31.—An Associated Press telegram from Mexico City of today's date says that the Mexican Foreign Office states that the Federal Government will not allow Chinese to be deported from the State of Sonora tomorrow as threatened by the State authorities and that the Government is prepared, if necessary, to send troops to prevent such action.

The Mexican Government has replied to the petitions of residents in Sonora and to the representations made by the Chinese Charge d'Affaires at Mexico City by the assurance that the Sino-Mexican treaty providing for friendly intercourse and trade between nationals of the two countries is still effective.

HONORS GIVEN AT PEKING

(*Reuter's Pacific Service*)

Peking, Jan. 2.—Mr. Lenox Simpson, M. Dhorman, French Legal Adviser to the Cabinet, and Dr. Ariga, Japanese Constitutional Adviser, have received the order of Chiao-ho, second class.

future had in store, as the fate of the city, it was generally admitted, was sealed.

There has been no intimation of where the Kolchak Government will next set itself up.

CZECHS TAKE POST

(Reuter's Service)

London, December 31.—An Irkutsk telegram states that the members of the Allied Commissions and Admiral Kolchak's Government have agreed to entrust the guarding of the Trans-Siberian railway to the Czecho-Slovaks.

RESUMES NEGOTIATIONS

London, December 30.—Mr. James O'Grady returns to Copenhagen on January 3, to resume the negotiations with M. Litvinoff, the Soviet representative.

Tokio Rules At Peking With Anfu Club In Power

(Continued from Page 1)

He is very rich, and therefore believed to be beyond the temptation to corruption. That is not a light thing to say about a Chinese cabinet minister in this era.

WHERE FIGHT CENTERS

It is over the Ministry of Finance that the hardest fight has centered. For there lie the spoils. Behind the reams of telegrams that have been wired about this fight these are the broad issues. President Hsu and Premier Chin tried to strike a vital blow at the Anfu Club by locking against them the coffers of the government. They sought to give the Ministry of Finance to Chow Tze-chi, an adherent of Liang Shih-yi but openly pro-American. The Anfu Club stood firm and the President and Premier Chin had to yield. Li Shih-hao was named. Then the President and Premier tried at least to put in their own vice-minister and chose Pan Fu for that post. Pan Fu is a follower of Chow Tze-chi and similarly pro-American. And over Pan Fu's head has raged the combat for the last two weeks; the flights to Tientsin and back of various personages have been moved in this combat. The issue is uncertain. Today there are reports that the Anfu Club will accept Pan Fu, but that is doubtful unless it has managed to sew a convenient pocket for him.

The Ministry of Communications, which gathers up the spoils that the Ministry of Finance disburses, is safe in the hands of the Anfu Club. And here it may be noted that Tsao Ju-lin and Lu Chung-yu, Japan's two former ex-officio envoys in Peking, control that ministry as much as they ever did before the student rising forced them to resign. Tseng Yi-cheng, the present minister, if anything out-Tsaos Tsao. And the money that comes into that department from the railways and the telegraphs, some three million a month, is promptly turned over to Little Hsu and his cohorts for "military expenses." He who has access to the inner circles of the Ministry of Communications has the touch of Midas. The Anfu Club and Japan can afford to fill the Presidency, the premiership and every other cabinet office with any that wish the honor, if they can but keep their men in the Ministry of Communications and the Ministry of Finance, the main arteries of the Chinese body politic. And anybody who watches the course of Chinese affairs will observe that they always do.

PREMIER TO GO

Such is the make-up of the cabinet that supposedly rules China—a small clique that does the bidding of a militarist group that does the bidding of Japan. Those of the cabinet that are not of the clique are voiceless, including the premier. And the premier's days are numbered. When it is necessary for the Anfu Club to force the issue and get him out or when he rebels against the humiliation of being a figurehead, he will go. Either of those conditions will materialise soon. He only can hold office in Peking today who does the bidding of the Anfu Club and Tokio or who is content with the hollow honor of mere title.

Much has been heard of currency reform, new mints, a standard dollar and the like. These are in themselves laudable projects, whose realisation would be of benefit to China. But it is doubtful whether they can be taken seriously now. They are in the position of the cart before the horse. It is not from them that a reconstruction can result. It is by a reconstructed government that they can be made possible. To talk of reorganisation of the currency, etc., so long as the Anfu Club is in control of the government is to blow the bellows of hope against a gale of reality.

Yet again, much is heard of peace with the South, a new peace conference, a new delegation, and the like. That may be dismissed as a huge farce. There is not the remotest chance for internal peace. There is not the remotest possibility of it. There is not the remotest desire for it, except on a basis which would give the military gang still greater opportunity for plunder. Why have peace with the South? Not everything in the North has been sold.

Basically there is the one consideration: while the Anfu Club military gang governs Peking, there is no hope for improvement of any kind. Any improvement, any reform, any reconstruction, any re-establishment of China on its own feet or on any other stable foundation is not worth a moment's consideration until the control of that gang is broken. That is the great outstanding fact in China today. Who will do that—that is another question.

Such, then, is the state of Peking today. It is necessary therefore and, with this explanation, logical to qualify somewhat the opening paragraph of this article. China may not know where it is going, but it is on its way straight in one direction—Koreaward. And if there were enough people in this country with full knowledge of the awfulness of that fate, there would be unceasing and relentless struggle to the very death—the death either of the 400,000,000 or of the small but hideous band who are bringing on that fate for their own enrichment.

Move Made To End Strike In Britain

(Reuter's Service)

London, December 30.—The Blacksmiths' Societies have telegraphed to the Prime Minister requesting immediate action to put an end to the iron-moulders strike which has now lasted between three and four months and which the above-mentioned unions declare is paralysing industry.

Admiral Gleaves Returning To City

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Peking, Jan. 2.—The President entertained Admiral Gleaves and his party to luncheon today. They leave for Shanghai tomorrow morning.

Sinn Feiners Found Active In Liverpool

(Reuter's Service)

London, December 30.—The Liverpool police have discovered revolvers, cartridges, hand grenade cases and a quantity of literature all indicating great activity on behalf of Sinn Fein.

Jellicoe Recommends Canadian Naval Units

(Reuter's Service)

Ottawa, December 30.—Admiral Viscount Jellicoe leaves Canada this week on a short visit to the United States before sailing for South Africa. It is understood that Lord Jellicoe recommends for the Canadian navy, six cruisers, 6 destroyers, from 10 to 12 submarines and a number of torpedo boats and aeroplanes.

Mills In Lancashire Return Huge Profit

(Reuter's Service)

London, December 30.—Figures of 180 cotton companies in Lancashire show profits in 1919 of £2,868,000 on a share capital of £7,405,000.

WANG DONATES $300

A donation of $300 has been made by General Wang Yi-tang, Chief Northern Peace Delegate, to the Eliza Yates School. At the performance of the girls of the school Wednesday night, General Wang purchased, through his representative, $50 worth of candy from the girls.

SONG SERVICE TODAY

Miss Charlotte Conant, principal of the Walnut Hill School of Natick, Mass., will speak before the American Song Service this afternoon at 5 o'clock in the Banquet Hall of the Palace Hotel.

Smiles from the Mixed Court

Pigs is pigs, according to Ellis Parker Butler who discovered the correspondence school detective, but the Mixed Court yesterday discovered that pigs is property.

Chang Ah-ling paid $3—much more than Columbus spent—to discover the distinction.

Chang owns a pig shop and oughta know.

But Ling Foo-sung owns another porkine establishment nearby.

And Chang and Ling disagree as to just which Pigs is Pigs.

Hear their stories:

Sez Chang:

"My have got one piece customer; he wanchee one piece pig.

"I talkee he my have got one proper pig, price four dollars.

"He no have talkee proper. He wanchee pay three dollars.

"We have plenty talkee-talkee, mebbee three, four hours.

"Littee time he have go.

"My have go after he. My have talkee he perhaps can do three dollars spose he wanchee take pig.

"He talkee no can hear.

"Then he have go otherside shop. B'long Ling Foo-sung.

"Ling have sell him one pig three dollars.

"My have ask Ling why he have sell pig this man; this man belong my customer.

"We go tea house. He have throw tea basin my face. My face have gottee sick."

Ling was asked about the affair.

He admitted that he had a discussion with the plaintiff about the sale of the pig. He contended that it was a perfectly proper $3 pig he sold at that price to the customer and that he couldn't see any legitimate reason for dividing his profits with the hostile Chang. But he was willing to arbitrate.

Anyway, he was a bit annoyed when Chang slipped a hardwood stool across the top of the place his queue used to be.

But all he did was clear the decks for action. In order to do so he had to dispose of the tea basin from which he was drinking.

He let it fly.

It hit Chang on the nose.

And that was all there was to it, so he said.

He paid the fine.

Sir Horace Plunkett, Irish Statesman, Dead

(Reuter's Service)

New York, December 31.—The death is announced of Sir Horace Plunkett, Irish statesman and patriot.

Sir Horace Plunkett, long a prominent figure in Irish affairs, in recent years has played a particularly active part in the Irish controversy. About a year ago he served as chairman of an Irish Committee appointed by the British Government to seek to bring together the opposing factions. Sir Horace was born in 1854. He devoted much attention to the agricultural development of Ireland and was founder of the Irish Agricultural Organisation Society and served as Vice-President of the Department of Agriculture and Technical Instruction for Ireland.

MUNICIPAL BANK OPEN

Deposits to bear interest for January at the rate of six percent will be received by the Municipal Investment Bank tomorrow. It is the last day of the five day period, which comes the first of each month, on which investments are encouraged. Amounts of one dollar and more are accepted to begin earning at once. On March 5, all sums of $100 will automatically be converted into Shanghai Municipal bonds which draw seven percent.

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Anking, Batang, Canton, Changchow, Changsha, Changteho, Chenchow, Chunking, Chefoo, Chentow, Chinkiang, Chungfu, Chao Hsien, Chaling, Chengtu, Chungting, Changli, Chow Kia Kow, Daitatie, Foochow, Hinghwa, Haichow, Hangchow, Hwanghsien, Hankow, Huchow, Harbin, Hofei, Honan, Hsuchow, Hengchow, Hwaianfu, Hungtung, Juchow, Juning, Kwangchow, Kwaikingfu, Kachek, Kerming, Kweichow, Kashing, Kiaochow, Kiangyin, Kaifeng, Kuling, Kioshan, Kiukiang, Kikungshan, Kwangpinghsien, Kweiyang, Kiuhwa, Kwanghsien, Kweiming, Liaochow, Loting, Mohel, Mintsing, Manila, Miyang, Nanking, Nantungchow, Nanchang, Peking, Pakhoi, Pootung, Pukow, Suining, She Ki Chen, Shenchow, Shaowu, Shaohsing, Sheklung, Sungkiang, Sienyu, Santai, Suifu, Singeh, Sichwan, Taianfu, Taifeng, Tsingkiangpu, Tehchow, Tientsin, Tungchow, Tungjen, Tatung, Taikuhsien, Tsinan, Tsing-Shih, Tsining, Tsingtau, Wuhu, Wenchow, Wanchih, Wuchang, Woosung, Wuchow, Wei-hai-wei, Weihsien, Wusih, Yuhsien, Yu Yao, Yenping, Yangchow, Yeningkong, Yochow, Yenchang, Yunchun, Yengchen, Yengchow, Yuchow, Yuengkong

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6.—Special attention is given to Outport accounts.
7.—Interest at 2 percent is paid on checking accounts over $200.
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9.—Interest at 3 percent is paid on gold savings accounts.
10.—Interest at 4 percent is paid on 12 months fixed deposits in gold.
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13.—Savings accounts may be opened for $1 or more.
14.—Checking accounts may be opened for $100 or more.
15.—Monthly statements are rendered and cancelled checks returned.

The American-Oriental Banking Corporation
15 Nanking Road, Shanghai

OVER **3,300** ACCOUNTS
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A choice selection of

AXMINSTER CARPETS

Can be made to fit any room

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ARTS & CRAFTS

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Genuine Clearance Sale of Oddments

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ONE WEEK ONLY, COMMENCING MONDAY

SPECIAL REDUCTIONS

OF

30% to 70%

A FEW OF THE LOTS FROM OUR SALE CATALOGUE

LOT No.		PRICES	SALE PRICES
33	1 Winton Carpet, 2 Tone Terra Cotta 10' 6" x 9'... ...	$120.00	$40.00
37	1 Axminster „ Green Leaf all over patt. 15' 6" x 12'	250.00	95.00
40	1 „ „ Plain ground 2Tone Fawn 14' 3"x13' 6"	199.00	95.00
42	2 „ „ Red Ground Turkey 15' x 13'	118.00	95.00
44	1 „ „ Green „ „ 18' x 13' 6" ...	250.00	215.00
50	Dining Room Suite comprising 6ft. Sideboard with bevelled mirror, 4ft. Dinner Wagon and Overmantel to match with bevelled mirror finished waxed oak	246.50	125.00
51	1 Gent's Clothes Cabinet	60.00	23.00
64	1 Oak Bookcase	115.00	85.00
65	1 Mahog. Overmantel with mirror	57.50	25.00
82	1 Carved Mahog. Shaving Stand with Glass Top	38.00	26.00
86	2 Empire Mahog. and Gilt Silver Cabinets .....each	98.00	70.00
96	1 Louis XV. Settee in Tapestry	165.00	125.00
102	1 Inlaid Mahog. Chair in Calico	58.00	49.00
112	1 Teak and Copper Panel Fire Screen	21.00	9.00
115	1 6' 0" Jacobean Oak Sideboard with Mirror ..... / 1 4' 0" Dinner Wagon to match	165.00	125.00
121	1 Louis XVI. Chaise Longue	115.00	85.00

Big Reductions in Cretonnes, Tapestries, Blankets, Sheets, Bedspreads, Lace, Net and Madras Muslins, and Printed Linen Curtains.

ARTS & CRAFTS

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MOTOR
CHANDLER
CARS

"THE GREAT WAR HAD AN ASSET SIDE." It made engineers keener, it taught new things about Automobiles. Many of the great improvements made in Motor Car designs during the War Period may now be found in the "Post-War CHANDLER."

The Artist never puts the gold frame around his painting until the painting is finished, and this is true with the CHANDLER.

For years the most remarkable thing about the CHANDLER was its Motor. In the "Post-War CHANDLER" you will find that great mechanical excellence, the "CHANDLER Motor," plus a beautiful looking Car of elegant design. A Car of refined looks and sincerity of construction that is not paint-deep.

Take advantage of the favourable rate of exchange and buy a CHANDLER.

Max Friedman
Sales Manager

THE SHANGHAI GARAGE CO., LTD.
Operating
THE STAR GARAGE and THE EASTERN GARAGE
Our Main Showroom
at
The Star Garage, 125 Bubbling Well Road

News Brevities

Students of the Chinese Y. M. C. A. night school have organised midnight parades in the Shanghai City and Chapei to arouse the people to a sense of initiative. The parades are being conducted nightly between 10 and 12 o'clock. The paraders sing patriotic songs especially composed by Mr. Zia Wu-hung general secretary of the Y.M.C.A. The students have organised what is known as a "Midnight Crusade" and have elected Sung Dau-sun and Lin Chang-shao chairman and vice-chairman and Chia Yu-yin, secretary.

* * *

News has been received of the death of Mr. Henry Reid Kennear, senior partner of Messrs. Gibb, Livinston and Co., which took place in England on December 29, 1919. The deceased was 70 years old.

* * *

The Church of England Men's Society will meet Tuesday night at 9 o'clock at the Church House.

* * *

Mr. Frank Smit will give a violin recital at the Holy Trinity Cathedral Tuesday evening at 6 o'clock.

* * *

Dr. Marion E. Mantor, Associate Chairman of the Medical Commission appointed by the Federated Board of Women's Foreign Missions of North America, will speak before the McTyiere Sorority at its regular monthly meeting to be held at 21 Hankow Road tomorrow afternoon at 4 o'clock. Dr. Mantor is a graduate of Bates College and of the Women's Medical College of Pennsylvania. Since her graduation, she has been interne and subsequently resident physician of the Bellevue Hospital, New York City.

* * *

The Shanghai Missionary Association will hold its regular meeting in the Union Church Hall Tuesday evening. At 6.30 o'clock, there will be a social gathering and the business meeting will begin at 7:30 o'clock. The Rev. W. H. Hudson will address the meeting on "Chinese Conceptions of Spirits and Ghosts."

* * *

Owing to the holidays, the China Mail Steamship Company liner Nanking will not sail from Yokohama until today and will arrive here on or about January 7.

* * *

The American Woman's Club will give a bridge party on January 26 at 3:30 at the Columbia Country Club, the proceeds to go to the permanent equipment fund. All who will attend are requested to arrange their own tables and then notify Mrs. Williams Morris by letter so that she can made the necessary entries.

* * *

Articles of incorporation for Wilkins Brothers and Company, Inc. were filed yesterday with the Clerk of the United States Court for China. The incorporators are P. N. Wilkins and G. R. Wilkins American, and F. Z. Wong, Portuguese. They petition for the right to carry on an import and export business and engage in buying and selling operations of all sorts. The authorised capital stock is $300,000 divided into shares of $3,000 par value. Liability and indebtedness of the concern is to be limited to $100,000.

* * *

The Normal School for Physical Education of the Y.M.C.A. at 37 Kinchow Road will be dedicated next Saturday afternoon, the program beginning at 3 o'clock. After the dedication service the guests will inspect the school buildings and be entertained at tea. At 4.45 o'clock, students of the school will give an exhibition.

* * *

Dr. F. A. Robinson of the firm of Ivy and Robinson has returned from furlough and has resumed charge of his practice.

* * *

The Jewish Dramatic-Opera Company will stage "The Young Millionaire," an operetta, at the Apollo Theater on Wednesday night. Booking opened yesterday at the Apollo.

* * *

The Bank of Communications will remove its offices to the former German Bank, Hankow Road, and the Bund, on February 20 on the occasion of the Chinese New Year.

* * *

Among the passengers who arrived from Japan yesterday on the Yawata Maru is Mr. J. O. P. Bland.

* * *

M. R. L. D'Auxion de Ruffe is leaving for Europe tomorrow on the Kitano Maru.

* * *

The Chinese Y.M.C.A. gave a New Year entertainment last night at the association building, 120 Szechuen Road. The band of the U. S. S. South Dakota furnished the music and solos on the Chinese guitar was given by Y. D. Wong. Several interesting films were screened.

* * *

To relieve the distress caused by the fire which recently destroyed the Tousewei Orphanage, a theatrical entertainment will be given by students of St. Ignatius College, Siccawei, Saturday afternoon at the Cercle Sportif Francais. Tickets are on sale at Moutrie's or may be secured by application to the Rev. F. C. Vanara, S. J., St. Ignatius College, Siccawei.

* * *

Charged with watering milk, the proprietor of a dairy at 1,660 Tongshan Road was yesterday fined $50 in the Mixed Court.

CONSTABLE'S CASE MONDAY

The case against J. Allen, constable of the West Hongkew Police Station, charged with being implicated in the theft of over $10,000 worth of opium at 259 Tientsin Road, will come up for hearing at the British Police Court tomorrow morning.

Druggists Gets $1.50 More, Strike Is Off

The strike of the employes of the medicine shops in Shanghai was called off yesterday and the 4,000 strikers resumed their work at noon. A compromise was reached whereby an increase of $1.50 a month as from the first of the eleventh Chinese moon was granted. Mr. Shen Pao-chang, magistrate of the Shanghai city, was one of the mediators.

MAIL OUT TOMORROW

Mail for America to leave on the steamer Ecuador closes at the U.S. Post Office at noon tomorrow for ordinary matter and at 11 a.m. for registered letters.

The next incoming mail from America is expected on the steamer Nanking arriving here on January 7.

Direct mails for Manila will leave on the U.S.S. New Orleans which closes at the U.S. Post Office at 6 p.m. tomorrow.

SUNDAY SERVICE LEAGUE

"A Man's Ideal for the New Year" will be the subject of a speech to be given by Mr. Paul Hutchinson, editor of the China Christian Advocate, before the Sunday Service League at the Chinese Y.M.C.A. this afternoon at 5 o'clock. There will be special music.

New World Managers Accused Of Swindle

Embezzlement Of Large Sum Is Charged In Case In Mixed Court

Chien Chang-yuan, managing director, and Chien Sih-doo, manager of the New World, were in Mixed Court yesterday charged with embezzlement. The complaint was made by a Portuguese lady who is a stockholder in the company and the case was remanded for hearing by the assessor of that nation.

It is charged that Tls. 4,800 have been misappropriated from the company's funds. Details of the alleged embezzlement have been withheld.

Italian Assessor Ros and Magistrate Tsang heard the preliminary complaint.

Chien was released on bail of $10,000 and his manager was freed after posting $5,000.

MARTIN'S
APIOL & STEEL PILLS
for Ladies
A French Remedy for all Irregularities. Thousands of Ladies keep a box of Martin's Pills in the House, so that on the first sign of any Irregularity of the System a timely dose may be administered. Those who use them recommend them, hence their enormous sale. At all Chemists and Stores, or post free 2/- from MARTIN, Chemist, SOUTHAMPTON, ENG.

SHERWIN-WILLIAMS

FLOOR WAX
A high grade wax which preserves and accentuates the finish, takes a high polish, wears well and does not show scratches and heel marks.
Extensively used on floors, autos, furniture etc. Applied with a cloth.
SOLD BY ALL PAINT DEALERS
Distributors—ANDERSEN, MEYER & Co., Ltd.
P20

Brighten Up!
SHERWIN-WILLIAMS PAINTS & VARNISHES

WALK-OVER STYLE
GOOD TASTE AND GOOD JUDGMENT COMBINED IN WALK-OVER SHOES
Our customers enjoy a service from us in point of style-selection and quality-excellence that is of the best
Our styles are leaders everywhere and our stock is carefully selected to meet the needs of the people of Shanghai
The latest styles can be had in the season's popular leathers. See them in our windows, then come in and see how nicely they fit and look when you have them on.
SILK HOSIERY
FANCY BUCKLES

WALK-OVER SHOE STORE
"The Store Ahead"
24 Nanking Road

TRY BEFORE YOU BUY
In our store at 100 Szechuen Road, we offer you the privilege of tasting any of our wines before buying. Their excellent quality, coupled with moderate prices, will surely please you.
Are you paying more than these prices ?

Old Port	$0.75	per bottle
Very Old Port	1.25	„ „
Sherry	1.00	„ „
Solero Sherry	1.25	„ „
Madeira	1.00	„ „
Malaga	1.00	„ „
Marsala	1.00	„ „
Muscatel	1.00	„ „
Tokay	1.00	„ „
Claret	$4.00 & 5.00	per dozen
Zinfandel	6.00	„ „
Hock	6.50	„ „

WHY SHOULD YOU ?
Get a bottle and you'll be convinced that we give better wines for less money!
I. SHAININ & CO.
100 Szechuen Road Corner Jinkee Road
50 cents refund d per dozen empty bottles.

REAL CASHMERE
MOTOR AND TRAVELLING
RUGS
IN BEAUTIFUL DESIGNS
MACBETH, GRAY & COMPANY

HALL & HOLTZ, LTD.
14 NANKING ROAD
NEW
TAILORING DEPARTMENT
Now Showing
A Good Selection of
WARM OVERCOATINGS
SINGLE OR DOUBLE BREASTED
Overcoats with or without
FLEECE LINING
Prices moderate
Fit and Style Guaranteed.
Inspection Invited.
Separate entrance on
Szechuen Road
Opposite Ezra Road.
HALL & HOLTZ, LTD.
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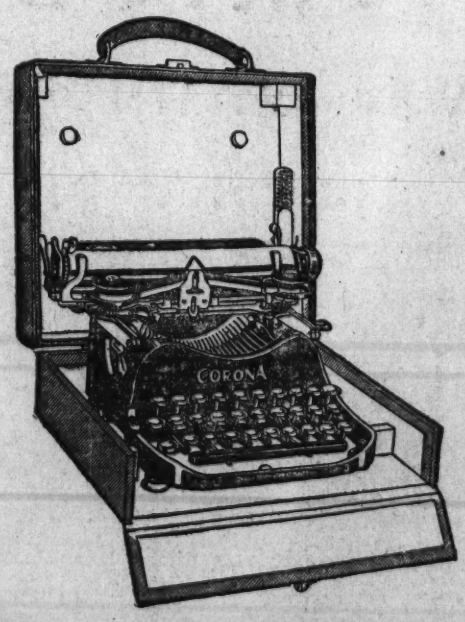
CORONA
The Personal Writing Machine


When travelling—your letters, reports, etc., can be neatly Coronatyped on the fastest trains and in the slowest hotels.
At home—it can be carried from room to room as easily as a book. It never mars the furniture, and may be folded up and tucked away when not in use.
In the office—it can be made just as indispensable as pen and ink, for it is a desk tool—big enough for every requirement, yet never in the way and light enough to lift in one hand.
UNIVERSAL KEYBOARD
ABSOLUTELY VISIBLE WRITING
BACK-SPACER — 2-COLOR RIBBON
HEAVY MANIFOLDING POWER
LINE LOCK & MARGIN RELEASE
NON-MARRING SUCTION FEET
$70
Full particulars and demonstrations from
DODGE & SEYMOUR (China), LTD.
89-91 Rue Montauban
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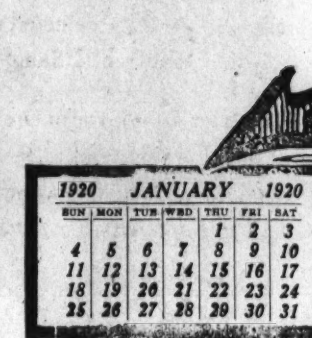
DISTRIBUTORS

Whiteaway, Laidlaw & Co., Ltd., Shanghai

OUR ANNUAL WINTER SALE

Commences MON JAN 5TH



The month of BARGAINS

Commences MON JAN 5TH

HIGH EXCHANGE

GIVES YOU

The Lowest Prices in History

BARGAINS AT *HALF PRICE*

BARGAINS AT *QUARTER PRICE*

THIS SALE WILL BE THE BIGGEST MONEY-SAVING EVENT IN SHANGHAI.

ON EVERY FLOOR — IN EVERY DEPARTMENT — TABLES WILL BE STACKED WITH GOODS.

COME IN EVERY DAY — IT WILL BE WORTH YOUR WHILE.

GROUND FLOOR

Ladies' Hosiery, Laces, Umbrellas, Underwear, Boots, Dress Goods, Men's Shirts, Ties, Hosiery, Underwear, Rain Coats, Boots and Tailoring.

FIRST FLOOR

Toys Games, Sports, Millinery, Costumes, Kiddies' wear, Household Furnishing and Linens.

SECOND FLOOR

China, Glass, Kitchen Utensils, Carpets, Beds, Trunks, Camp Furniture.

TWO LIFTS WORKING

Whiteaway, Laidlaw & Co., Ltd., Shanghai

TERMS: CASH at time of purchase or on delivery of goods

Delegates To Conference Will Deliver Addresses For Chinese Women Today

An opportunity to hear addresses by three prominent visiting delegates to the conference meeting in Shanghai under the auspices of the Federation of Women's Foreign Mission Boards will be offered today to the Chinese women students of the city at an open meeting to be held at three o'clock in Martyr's Memorial Hall, 120 Szechuen Road.

The speakers today will be Miss Helen Calder, secretary of the Congregational Women's Foreign Mission Board and head of the religious education commission, who is to give an introductory address; President Ellen F. Pendleton of Wellesley College, head of the collegiate education commission, who is to talk on "Education from the Christian Standpoint;" and Dr. Gertrude M. Walker, formerly on the faculty of the Philadelphia Women's Medical College and head of the medical commission, who will speak on "Public Health in its Relation to Christian Missions." Mrs. T. T. Wong is to preside.

Tickets have been distributed in the girls' schools of the city and a large attendance is anticipated.

DISCUSS MISSION FIELD

Continuing their discussion of the various problems arising on the mission field, the seven commissions of the deputation held separate meetings yesterday morning and prepared the recommendations which are to be presented to the body as a whole during the coming week.

The commission on secondary education, under Miss Charlotte Conant, of Walnut Hill School in Natick, Massachusetts, discussed the need of physical training in China and the best methods of preparing teachers for this work.

The administration commission, under Miss Nellie Prescott, prepared resolutions touching upon a living wage for women missionaries, proper training of candidates for the mission field, and health safeguards in the form of furloughs and vacations.

Miss S. J. Garland told the Christian Literature Commission of a system of Chinese Braille which is so simple that it can be taught in the homes by people without special training and by which the blind may learn to read in only six weeks. Lack of a fund for advertisement has prevented this system from becoming generally known, so that blind Chinese continue either to be sent long distances to school or go without training, when they might easily be taught in their homes. Books in this system are published by the British and Foreign Bible Society.

URGES MEDICAL COURSE

In an address before the Medical Commission, Mr. Roger Greene, resident director of the Rockefeller Foundation, pleaded for high standards in the medical education of Chinese women.

"If women are to enter the medical profession in China and if they can make a success of this profession, as now seems clear, I think we shall all agree that their training ought to be not inferior to that of their men colleagues," Mr. Greene declared, "I think it would be a calamity if women physicians should come to be regarded as less thoroughly prepared and should not deserve as a class the same degree of confidence given to the men who have attended well-equipped modern schools. If we are to help China to establish a medical profession of her own, the education given to both men and women must not be inferior to that given in our best medical schools in the West."

College Club Is Host To Visitors At Chinese Tiffin

A Chinese tiffin was given yesterday by the American College Club of Shanghai to the delegates of the missionary conference now being held here, and to the commission of fourteen prominent women educators, medicos and service workers from America.

Luncheon was served at 1 o'clock in the main dining-room of the Yih Ping Shang hotel. At one end of the room there was a large Chinese flag and directly opposite it the Stars and Stripes. The tables were beautifully decorated with artistically arranged poinsettas and during the luncheon a Chinese band played.

Immediately after tiffin a troupe of Chinese magicians entertained the party with many puzzling and amusing stunts.

Following an introductory speech by Mrs. J. W. Baldwin, Mrs. Sun Yat-sen spoke of this being a particularly opportune time for the conference to have taken place, as the women of China were awakening more and more to the possibilities of education and to the great need of China for a thorough knowledge of the science of medicine.

Mrs. A. B. Frame, Acting President of the Union College of North China, Peking, responded for the College Club. Miss Ellen F. Pendleton, President of Wellesley College, responded for the commission, and said she was sure this conference would greatly strengthen the feeling of sisterhood between the women of America and China.

German Treaty Goes Into Effect

(Continued from Page 1)

that peace is virtually established from today.

Allies Making Plans To Terminate Armistice

(Reuter's Service)

Paris, December 31.—The Supreme Council has decided that all measures relating to the enforcement of the peace Treaty must be arranged before January 6, when it is expected that the ratificatons will be exchanged. After the enforcement of the treaty, Germany must surrender without delay the 192,000 tons of harbor material which she has agreed to give up. The remainder of the material claimed must be given up within thirty months.

VIEWS IN BERLIN

Berlin, January 1.—Yesterday evening's papers, in announcing that the exchange of ratifications will almost certainly take place on January 6, remark that the French are adopting a more conciliatory attitude towards Germany.

The Berliner Tageblatt discusses the question of Germany's diplomatic representation in Paris. It points out that the intention had been to send an Ambassador but that as France will be represented in Berlin by a Charge d'Affaires, Germany must follow her example, since in the circumstances the despatch of an Ambassador would only create difficulties.

London, December 30.—Tentative arrangements have been made in Paris for the deposit of ratifications of the Peace Treaty on January 5.

No Decision Made On Turkish Treaty

London, December 31.—No final decision has been reached with regard to the future of Turkey. The general principles have been agreed upon provisionally, but the matter will be the principal subject of discussion at the forthcoming Allied conference in Paris which, it is stated, will probably last some time. The general idea at present favors joint possession of the straits and Constantinople. The question of the new Turkish capital has not been settled. Everything possible will however be done to avoid offending Moslem susceptibilities.

SCHEME OUTLINED

London, January 1.—The Pall Mall Gazette understands that the following definite scheme regarding Constantinople and the Bosphorus will be laid before the Peace Conference by Mr. Lloyd George.

(1) Constantinople and the Bosphorus will be internationalised, Great Britain and France jointly exercising predominant authority there.

(2) The new seat of the Turkish Government will be in Asia Minor.

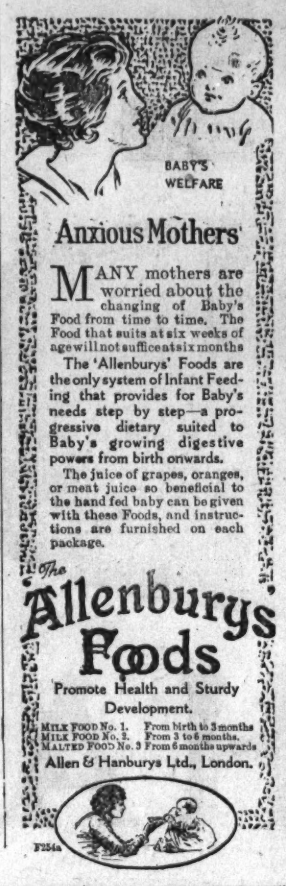
(3) The Sultan will be recognised as Supreme Religious Head of all Moslems, and Constantinople will remain the religious capital of Islam.

The Pall Mall Gazette adds that there is every probability of the plan being adopted by the Peace Conference.

DELEGATE ARRIVES

(French Wireless Service)

Paris, January 2.—It is announced that Prince Cantacuzene will shortly arrive in Paris to take up the post of second Rumanian delegate to the Peace Conference.



Anxious Mothers

MANY mothers are worried about the changing of Baby's Food from time to time. The Food that suits at six weeks of age will not suffice at six months

The 'Allenburys' Foods are the only system of Infant Feeding that provides for Baby's needs step by step—a progressive dietary suited to Baby's growing digestive powers from birth onwards.

The juice of grapes, oranges, or meat juice so beneficial to the hand fed baby can be given with these Foods, and instructions are furnished on each package.

The Allenburys Foods

Promote Health and Sturdy Development.

MILK FOOD No. 1. From birth to 3 months
MILK FOOD No. 2. From 3 to 6 months.
MALTED FOOD No. 3 From 6 months upwards

Allen & Hanburys Ltd., London.

F254a

P.EASE LOOK AT YOUR SHOULDERS

Have They Any Wrinkles?

If you want to have a perfect fit, call on

Henry The Tailor,

7-8 Seward Road, Hongkew

(Next door to Hongkong and Shanghai Bank Subagency)

A TRIAL SOLICITED

Satisfaction guaranteed

FURS FURS FURS

WE beg to inform our friends that, owing to the growth of our business, on October 2nd, we shall open

A BRANCH STORE at C. 123 HONAN ROAD

We are specialists in the sale of all kinds of Furs and promptly execute all orders. We also purchase the best quality of Foreign Skins.

YUEN SUNG-TAI—FUR DEALERS

Established over 20 years

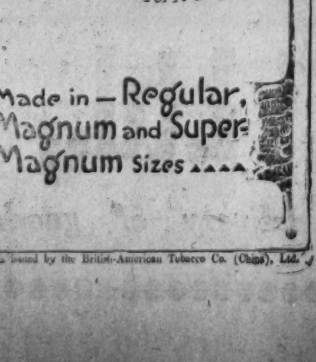
4 Honan Road: Phone. C. 4048: Branch Office: C. 123 Honan Road.

"The Three Castles"

Virginia Cigarettes

A Favorite wherever Cigarettes are Smoked.

Guaranteed Manufactured in England.



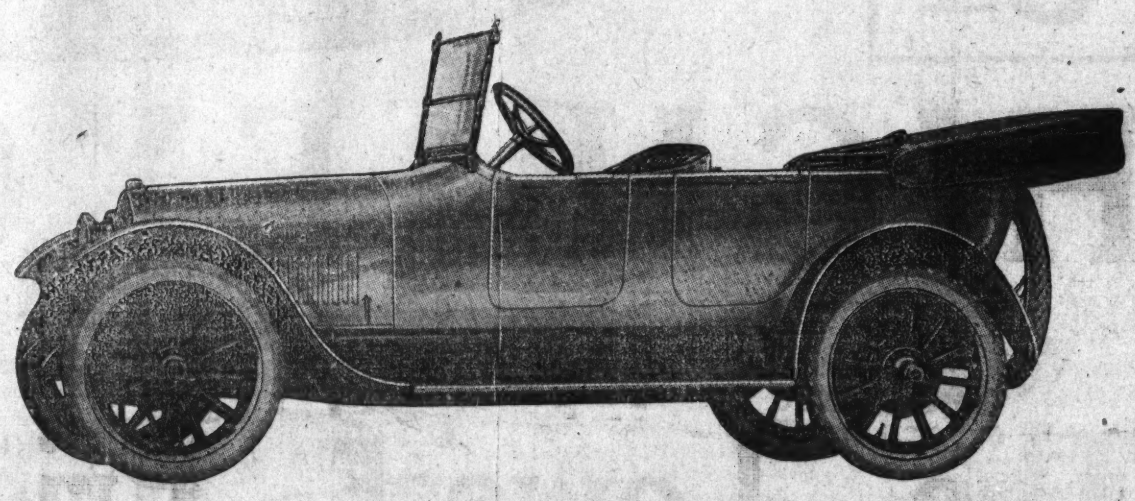
Made in — Regular, Magnum and Super-Magnum Sizes

This advertisement is issued by the British-American Tobacco Co. (China), Ltd.

Beauty

Economy

Comfort



—they are all yours in the

BUICK

VALVE-IN-HEAD MOTOR CAR

Ultra-modern lines have been blended into a distinctive appearance comparable to the most expensive cars.

To ride in a Buick brings a new meaning to light car comfort. Ownership will prove its absolute dependability. Economy starts with the consumption of Gasolene.

Allow us to give you a ride in a Buick. You will then feel the instant power of the Valve-in-Head Motor—its roomy, comfortable seats—steadiness on the road. You will then appreciate the utmost in motor car value.

Immediate Delivery

H. S. Honigsberg & Co., Inc.

40 Bubbling Well Road

Telephone West 1234

S. H.

WHITEAWAY, LAIDLAW & CO., LTD., SHANGHAI

OUR ANNUAL WINTER SALE

COMMENCES MONDAY, JANUARY 5th — WE OFFER YOU — COMMENCES MONDAY, JANUARY 5th

WONDERFUL BARGAINS IN BOOTS

REGAL LADIES' SHOES

2000 Pairs. Up to the Minute Designs Latest deliveries. All at $10.00 per pair. Usually Priced $19.50, $17.50, $14.50, $12.50. Every concievable style. Buttoned and laced boots in Glace kid and calf, buck and brown. Oxfords and blucher oxfords in black and brown calf and kid. Pumps in dull kid, glace, king calf and patent leather. All at **$10.00** per pair

REGAL GENTS' SHOES

300 Pairs, in 12 smart fall and spring styles Black or tan, calf or glace, balmorals or bluchers, oxfords or blucher oxfords. All at Also patent pumps and dress boots. . . . . **$10.00** per pair

There are too at the same "Rock Bottom" prices several styles with fancy tops. Seize your opportunity, buy Regals

ODDMENTS IN REGALS

100 Pairs black and brown, calf and glace blucher oxfords. To clear sizes. 4 4½ 5 8 8½ 9 9½ 10 11 only **$6.50**

Wichert & Gardiner

400 Pairs of this "Top Hole" Grade of Footwear. At ***Less Than Half Price.*** Cloth top Boots. Combinations of Patent glace, and calf, with Fawn, Grey, White, Black Tops. Prices Ranging from **$4.50** to **$15.00.** Be Smart, be Warmly Shod, be Thrifty. Take advantage of this Colossal Clearance.

Queen Quality

300 Pairs only, Discontinued Styles of this Famous Brand. Every Pair on Show Plainly Marked with Size and Sale Price. Must be Cleared, Hence

The Prices **$3.00 to $8.50** Per pair

$1.00 Per pair

Ladies Quilted Satin Slippers. New Goods, Too Late for Xmas Trade. Pink, Pale Blue, Saxe, Blue and Old Rose

100 Pairs Goloshes at **$1.00** Per pair

200 Pairs Assorted Slippers at 50

English Boots

Oddments in English Boots and Shoes. Black and Brown Glace. ..... To clear **$6.50**

Patent Pumps and Oxfords. Irregular sizes, light sole Less Than Half Price ..... **$2.50 to $4.00**

SPORTSMEN

This interests you. 90 pairs of black and brown bluchers. unlined and uncapped. Real Comfort. For Golf or Shooting **$9.50**

$1.00 per pair

GENTS. Black and Brown Leather Slippers. Albert style with low heel. Originally $4.50. Marked down to clear.

Saxone Shoes

A few oddments. Too Numerous in style to mention. All good sound stock. Half price $6.50 $7.50

TWO SPECIAL AMERICAN LINES

Choice Black Box Calf Oxfords (..... **$6.00**

THE PUTTIE-BOOT.

SAILORS HOSTS AT TOWN HALL PARTY

Americans In Asiatic Fleet To Entertain Ladies Here At Ball

Preparations for an elaborate sailors' ball tomorrow evening at which the men of the U. S. Asiatic fleet will entertain the ladies who were recently the hostesses, are nearing completion. The affair will be held in the Town Hall.

Great efforts are being made with the decorations. The Filipino band from the flagship South Dakota will play for the dancing.

It is expected that Captain Thomas Kearney, U. S. N., will lead the grand march accompanied by Mrs. Kearney. Officers from the different ships will attend and, for the evening, it is expected that Shanghai's Town Hall will bring back to them memories of Annapolis days. Promptly at eight o'clock the Filipino orchestra will play the opening waltz.

The patronesses include representative ladies of the city with committees representing each ship. The chairman in charge, Chief Electrician Smith of the South Dakota, is a veteran in the service and has had a great deal of experience in arranging naval balls held in different cities. Hundreds of invitations have been extended. Chaplain Witherspoon of the South Dakota is a busy officer overseeing the details.

Woman Jumps From Burning Building

Fire that started in a Chinese shoe shop, 726 North Chekiang Road, shortly before three o'clock yesterday morning, completely gutted that building and the shops on either side and spread to a terrace row of three-storey Chinese residences at the rear and badly damaged four of them. A Chinese woman jumping from the verandah of one of these was injured and sent to the hospital.

Origin of the blaze is unknown. The alarm came in by police telephone to the Hongkew division of the Fire Department and was answered by both the Hongkew and Sinza forces. They surrounded the fire but had great difficulty checking it in the residences owing to the lath and plaster construction of the attic floors of these.

Denniston Players Here

Reynolds Denniston

Mr. Reynolds Denniston arrived here yesterday with his company of players and he opens up at the Lyceum Theater tomorrow night in the popular farce "Up in Mabel's Room." The Denniston players have already played in Honolulu and in Japan and both press and public have been unanimous in their praise. Denniston, who is well known here as a former member of the original Frawley Company, has spared neither trouble or expense in procuring the best talent. He has in his bag a whole series of absolutely new plays, which the Shanghai playgoer is sure to appreciate.

A. D. C. Vaudeville

A crowded house enthusiastically greeted the A. D. C. Vaudeville artists at the final performance at the Lyceum last night and the enthusiasm of the audience demonstrated the success of the venture for which Mr. Reginald Wingrove and Mrs. Chris Wingrove were mainly responsible. Both were given tremendous receptions when they appeared on the stage. In the finale, the Carnival scene, when the company threw favors from the stage, the audience retorted. The artists were declared winners of the battle.

Prince Of Wales To Begin New Tour Probably In March

(*Reuter's Service*)

London, December 31.—Reuter's Agency learns that while the details of the Prince of Wales tours in the Dominions have not yet been arranged, there is reason to believe that he will leave England in the Renown in March next for Australia and New Zealand, via Panama, returning to England about September. His Royal Highness will probably visit India in the cold weather of 1920-1921, and the destination of his next Dominions tour will be South Africa.

Piastro-Paci Concerts

The first of four subscription concerts by Michael Piastro and Mario Paci is to be given tomorrow evening in the French Municipal Hall, Rue du Consulate.

The dates of the concerts are: Monday, January 5; Friday, January 9; Monday, January 12, and Monday, January 19. In the second and fourth concerts Messrs. Piastro and Paci will be assisted by the famous cellist, Mr. K. Bakaleinikoff.

The program for tomorrow's concert is as follows:

Classical School

Part I

1. J. S. Bach—Sonate I for Violin.. Adagia (Cantabile) Fuge (Allegro) Siciliano, Presto
M. PIASTRO
2. Mozart Sonate No. 12 A Major
(a).—Andante gracioso (6 variations)
(b).—Menuetto
(c).—Rondo (Allegretto) "Alla Turca"
M. PACI

Part II

3. Corelli—La Folia ..... Variations serieuses
M. PIASTRO
4. Handel—The Harmonious Blacksmith .... Air and 5 variations
M. PACI
5. (a).—Beethoven..Romance in G.
(b).—Mozart ... Menuetto in D.
M. PIASTRO
6. Beethoven (Moonlight Sonate) Quasi una Fantasia C. Sharp Minor
(a).—Adagio Sestenuto
(b).—Allegretto
(c).—Presto Agitato
M. PACI

Concert By Band Today

Today's program for the concert by the Municipal Band at the Town Hall will consist of Beethoven, Mendelssohn and Wagner numbers. It will begin at 5 o'clock and will be under the conductorship of Maestro M. Paci. The program follows:

1.—Overture "Egmont"
2.—"Fingal's Cave" Mendelssohn
3.—"Life in the Forest" from "Siegfried" ....Wagner
4.—"Smithy's Song" from "Siegfried" ....Wagner

ENGINEERING SOCIETY

Discussion of Mr. H. von Heidenstam's paper, "Shanghai, the Industrial and Commercial Metropolis?" will be resumed at the meeting of the Engineering Society of China Tuesday afternoon at 5:30 o'clock.

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Light, Quick Action. It's Easy to Operate

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¶ The Traveling Salesman—the Club Woman—the Lodge Secretary—the School Teacher—the Doctor—the Lawyer—in fact anyone who has any writing at all to do and who has a natural pride or business advantage to be gained in having it neat and legible, will not only appreciate the Fox Portable, but will also find it indispensable once it becomes a part of their daily life.

¶ For truly, the Fox Portable is a machine that does virtually everything that can be done on a full sized machine—a portable machine that does more than any other portable machine—a portable machine that will meet *your* typewriting requirements to a surprising and gratifying degree.

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ARTENS GIVES UP IS SOVIET PAPERS; AY BE DEPORTED

ys Reds Aim At Worldwide Overthrow Of Capitalistic System

VIET AFTER OUR TRADE

eller, Commercial Agent, Asserts He Is Dealing With 2,500 American Firms

New York, November 18.—wig A. C. Martens, the "Soviet assador," who resisted the ess of the Lusk Committee on rday until a Supreme Court r was served on him, gave up his papers, including the lomatic" correspondence, yesday, to the Lusk Committee l on the witness stand at the y Hall told of his part in the ablishment of the Soviet Govment and his close personal ations with Lenin and Trotsky. t was intimated by counsel the Lusk Committee that the ord of the proceeding will be ned over to the Federal Govment because of the belief Martens's admissions constia sufficient ground for his portation as a foreigner en- d in revolutionary pro- anda against this Government. wo grounds for his deporta- will be suggested; first that iens swore that he was a subof Germany when he came this country in 1916, but d to register as an enemy during the war; secondly, confirmation of the genuine- of Lenin's appeal to the rican workingmen to rise and hrow the United States Govent, a fact from which it is red that Martens is the agent plot against the United s.

hile Martens was giving his mony, A. A. Heller, com- ial agent of the Soviet rnment, was giving an view in which he said he had been in corres- nce with 2,500 American ess firms with a view to ob- g supplies for Russsia, and many of the firms, as well as ers of the United States e and House of Representa- had been urging the State tment to lift the blockade t Russia and open the way resumption of trade rela- which would enable the Government to purchase enormous quantities of supplies for which they have been negotiating with the 2,500 firms referred to.

MARTENS OFFERS DEFENSE

Martens defended his failure to register as a German subject because of technical questions concerning his nationality. He was born in Russia of German parents and educated there, but deported from Russia in 1899 because of revolutionary activities in which he was then engaged with Lenin. He was sent to Germany. German officials claimed him as a German, because his parents were Germans, and put him in the German army where he served two years.

He said that he was in England when the war broke out, and that, while he called himself a Russian, the British authorities held that he was a German, but permitted him to come to this country in 1916 with a passport stating that he was a German. He admitted that on his arrival here he had signed a customs declaration that he was a German. But, after the Bolsheviki captured the Russian Government, Martens said that he had obtained Russian citizenship papers, which arrived here in May or June, 1917. Deputy Attorney General Samuel A. Berger, who had been questioning the witness, said:

"I feel that it is necessary to emphasise at this point that this plan of changing citizenship which is called to our attention by the witness at this time, if it be put into effect generally and recognised by international law, would enable the foreign element to surrender citizenship in this country without any declaration, so that it would be impossible for us at any time to know who is an American citizen or who is a citizen of the Soviet Republic of Russia."

According to Martens, the Bolshevist Government stands ready to issue citizenship papers to anybody, provided only that he is an "honest man."

"So that any person living in the United States," asked Mr. Berger, "can become a citizen of Soviet Russia by simply proving that he is an honest man?"

"Yes, sir," replied Martens.

"There is no requirement imposed by the Bolshevist Government that that person make that fact known to this country?"

"No."

Martens said that he was a member of the Russian Communist Party and that that party was now in control of Soviet Russia. In reply to a question by Archibald E. Stevenson, Martens admitted that Lenin, as head of the party, had issued the manifesto addressed to the proletariat of the world (recently published,) which said, among other things:

"This makes necessary the disarming of the bourgeoisie at the proper time, the arming of the laborer, and the formation of a communist army as the protector of the rule of the proletariat and the inviolability of the social structure."

Mr. Stevenson then read Lenin's address to American workingmen, the text of which was admitted by Martens to be genuine. One passage said:

"In reality the class struggle in revolutionary times has always inevitably taken on the form of a civil war, and civil war is unthinkable without the worst kind of destruction, without terror and limitations on the form of democracy in the interest of war. One must be a sickly sentimentalist not to be able to see, to understand, and appreciate this necessity."

Martens then refused to give a "yes" or "no" answer to the question whether the Soviet Government sought the overthrow of all other "capitalistic" governments. When the question was put more generally, he answered:

"Their wish is to change from the capitalistic system to the Socialist system."

"Yes, Sir."

"How do they expect the change to come about?" asked Assemblyman P. P. McElligott.

HOW WORLD MAY CHANGE

"Well, the change may come in many ways, Mr. Chairman," replied Martens. "The change may come in purely pacific ways, and it may come as a result of a bitter struggle. Many ways are possible.

"But, so long as they can obtain the result, they don't mind which way it happens?"

"They do not care how it is done," replied Martens.

"Whether it is done by terror or diplomacy?"

"It is a matter for the working class," said Martens.

"Isn't it a fact," asked Mr. Stevenson," that the Soviet Government issues propaganda advising the propriety of overthrowing the capitalist Governments of other countries?"

"No, it is not a fact," said Martens. "I deny it."

"In answer to that question before, you said it does," said Mr. Stevenson.

"It does in a specific way, as a means of defense against attacking.

"Would you call Lenin's letter to the American workingmen a matter of defense?" asked Mr. Berger.

"As a matter of defense, to a certain extent," said the witness. In reply to a later question the "Soviet Ambassador" admitted that the Lenin letter to American workingmen was "affirmative propaganda."

DEPORTATION ACTION

This admission was regarded by counsel for the committee as clinching the proof that Martens was in this country as the instrument of a Government carrying on a revolutionary propaganda, and it will be called to the attention of the Federal Government.

The "Soviet Ambassador" gave some interesting testimony regarding the Russian radical newspaper Novy Mir, published in this city, which had been the greatest of all nurseries of Bolshevist statesmen. Novy Mir is still being published. Martens said that he had first met Trotsky in this city in 1917.

"What was his occupation at that time?"

"He was editing the Russian paper called Novy Mir.

"Were you connected with that paper?"

"Yes, Sir, I was on the editorial board of this paper."

"Do you know a man named Bucharin?"

"Yes, Sir."

"Was he on the editorial staff of Novy Mir?"

"Yes, Sir."

"What position does Bucharin at this time hold in the Federated Soviet Republic?"

"He is an editor of a newspaper called Pravda."

Martens said that Bucharin also had an official position with the Soviet Government. Since becoming connected with the Soviet Government, Bucharin has written various revolutionary articles which have been smuggled over for publication in this city.

Martens was asked specifically if "terror" had been employed by the Soviet Government, as suggested by the Lenin letter. He said it had.

"As a matter of fact, Mr. Martens, have not a considerable number of Commissars (heads of the local Soviets) at one time or another been executed in Soviet Russia?"

"Yes, Sir."

"How many?"

"I think about 1,500."

Martens was asked how deep his interest had been in revolutionary activities in Russia.

"It is my life," he replied.

GEGAN SILENT ON CLUBBING

Sergeant J. J. Gegan, whose Anarchist Squad raided the I. W. W. headquarters at 115 East Tenth Street, refused yesterday to discuss charges that men found on the premises had been needlessly beaten on Saturday night. Dr. H. Hallerman of 310 East Ninth Street said that he had treated three men after the raid for scalp wounds and that he was afraid that one of them might die from loss of blood due to the severing of an artery in the scalp.

According to members of the I. W. W., about twenty of their number were clubbed during the raid and most of the furnishings of the place destroyed. Two men were arrested in the raid, and both were freed in the Night Court on Saturday night for lack of evidence.

Sergeant Gegan said that any statement on the subject would have to come from his superiors, and the doorkeeper at Police Commissioner Enright's office said that he was forbidden to carry requests for an interview to the Commissioner.

IN TOUCH WITH 2,500 FIRMS

A. A. Heller, commercial agent of the "Soviet Embassy" at 110 West Fortieth Street, said yesterday that he and other Soviet business agents in this country had been in touch in the last few months with 2,500 firms in this country, including practically all of the great industrial corporations, and that many of these firms had asked Senators and Congressmen to use their influence to establish commercial relations with Soviet Russia, while others had appealed to President Wilson or to the State Department.

"Four weeks ago," said the Soviet business agent, "an official of the State Department told the representative of a large firm in this city that the Government was going to begin immediately to issue licenses allowing trade with Soviet Russia. Glowing reports of Judenitch's drive on Petrograd were received a few days later, and the State Department official told this man that the situation had changed so that the plan to grant licenses was abandoned."

Mr. Heller said that Senator Calder had taken up with the State Department the question of granting a license to one New York firm to allow it to ship goods to Russia, in fulfillment of an order which was promised by Soviet agents here as soon as shipping to Soviet Russia was possible.

SENATORS SEEK LICENSES

Others, he said, who had approached the State Department on the matter of granting licenses to particular firms to enable them to sell goods to the Soviet Govern-

(Continued on Page 10)

How to Tell if you have Kidney Trouble

Does it make you think—when you wake up with a headache and a nasty taste in your mouth?

When you start the day as tired as when you finish?

When you get those stabbing pains in the back?

When your arms and legs ache?

When you feel irritable and depressed?

All these mean kidney troubles, and kidney troubles demand a kidney remedy; not one which affects the bowels, but one that goes straight to the kidneys and bladder.

For all these painful symptoms—and for the most stubborn cases of rheumatism, gout, sciatica, lumbago, gravel, bladder inflammation, and Bright's Disease—there is one sure and safe remedy—De Witt's Kidney and Bladder Pills. Read what others say about them. Mr. Albert Carpenter, of 17, Lambeth-walk, Westminster, S.W., says:—

"My kidneys and bladder were weak from childhood, and time after time I was ill, and often in hospital with rheumatism. In March, 1912, I was in a very critical condition with rheumatic fever, when a small box of De Witt's Kidney and Bladder Pills was given to my mother. I started taking them, and in two days I could move about again. I continued the treatment, and after six weeks I returned to work, and have continued ever since. I can lift and handle half a hundredweight of metal with ease, and without any traces of my old pains." This letter was written in 1912. Seven years later Mr. Carpenter wrote confirming his previous testimonial. He says: "I have recommended De Witt's Kidney and Bladder Pills to many people—some of them very bad cases—and I have never known them fail."

If the kidneys are weak or diseased, the waste substances of the body which they should filter from the blood are retained in the system, causing auto-intoxication, or self-poisoning. These poisons, in the form of tiny jagged crystals of uric acid, accumulate in all parts of the body, causing those agonising, tearing, stabbing pains in the back and limbs.

You can only free the body of this poison by promoting the healthy vigorous action of the kidneys and bladder.

This must be done by means of a remedy which will purge them as other remedies purge the bowels, so that they will be able to continue properly their work of passing off the uric acid from the system.

Mr. A. CARPENTER, (from Photo.)

If the kidneys are weak or diseased, the waste substances of the body which they should filter from the blood are retained in the system, causing auto-intoxication, or self-poisoning. These poisons, in the form of tiny jagged crystals of uric acid, accumulate in all parts of the body, causing those agonising, tearing, stabbing pains in the back and limbs.

You can only free the body of this poison by promoting the healthy vigorous action of the kidneys and bladder.

This must be done by means of a remedy which will purge them as other remedies purge the bowels, so that they will be able to continue doing their work, and you may expect immediate relief from pain.

Remember, if you neglect symptoms of kidney trouble you are running a serious risk. Do you know that Bright's Disease causes thousands of deaths every year?

De Witt's Kidney and Bladder Pills go straight to the kidneys and bladder, instead of merely regulating the bowels as most so-called "Kidney pills" do. This is the secret of their marvellous efficacy.

In a recent test out of a hundred bad cases of kidney and bladder trouble, ninety-seven of them were positively cured by De Witt's Kidney and Bladder Pills. Of the other three, two got so much benefit as to be almost sure of a cure, and in the remaining case the disease had gone too far.

Perfectly safe, they are an ideal remedy for old and young alike. "A wonderful little pill—worth its weight in gold!" writes a grateful patient.

If your kidneys are healthy, you make a fair bid for general good health and spirits. Many people's lives are made a burden by those tiring, weakening, backache pains, those rheumatic twinges in the limbs, those burning bladder pains, and discomfort, and the irritability and depression that is always a sure sign of kidney and bladder weakness. These symptoms are the forerunners of rheumatism, gout, lumbago, and bladder inflammation, that make life an incessant torture, or the terrible Bright's Disease that causes so many deaths every year. A proper kidney remedy, properly administered, will remove from the system the poisons which cause all this pain and disease, and promote normal good health and outlook.

De Witt's Kidney and Bladder Pills are a remedy which has stood the test of thousands of chronic cases of kidney trouble. Dissolving in the stomach, their healing ingredients pass right through the kidneys and bladder, exercising a pain-killing, healing, and antiseptic effect.

De Witt's Kidney and Bladder Pills cure all complaints of the kidneys and bladder by removing the cause—the poisonous uric acid—right out of the blood through the bladder. When you see a blue tinge in the urine you know that the healing properties are

De Witt's KIDNEY & BLADDER Pills

When you buy the pills, be sure they are De Witt's in the red boxes printed in red and gold, with the red wax seal on the bottle. Give them a fair trial, and prove for yourself what relief they bring. If you would like any further information on this case send a post-card to the makers:—E. C. De Witt and Co. Ltd., 44-45, Rathbone-place, London, W.1, England, mentioning this paper. De Witt's Kidney and Bladder Pills are sold by Chemists and Storekeepers everywhere in every part of the civilised world. If you have any difficulty in obtaining genuine De Witt's Kidney and Bladder Pills with the red seal on the cork, write to The Shanghai Dispensary, Foochow Road, Shanghai.

Martens Gives Up His Soviet Papers; May Be Deported

(Continued from Page 9)

ment were Senators Myers of Montana, New of Indiana, and Bankhead of Georgia, and Representative Porter of the Foreign Affairs Committee. Mr. Heller said that other Senators and Congressmen had made similar inquiries of the State Department at the request of constituents who sought orders from Soviet Russia.

"We have only happened to hear of these particular cases," he said, "when firms with which we have been negotiating have notified us that they were seeking licenses of the State Department throuh some particular member of the Senate or House. Others have told us in general terms that they had taken the matter up with persons connected with the Government.

"We have talked business with about 2,500 firms in one form or another. Practically all of these are firms with a capitalisation of $1,000,000 or over. We are not going to big business firms because we like them better than smaller ones, but our mission is simply to get goods to Russia at the earliest possible moment after the United States removes the diplomatic obstacles, and it is necessary to do business with big firms. Russia's greatest needs are foodstuffs, agricultural implements, railroad equipment, factory machinery, tools, and boots and shoes.

"We are prepared to place orders to the extent of $1,000,000,000, and we have not failed in any single case to satisfy firms we have negotiated with of Russia's ability and intention to pay. Each of the 2,500 firms we have discussed business with has taken the matter seriously and has been eager to get this business. The only obstacles are political and diplomatic.

SOVIET AGENT NAMES FIRMS

"The Lusk Committee has got most of our files, but I can give you the names of some of the men connected with large firms with whom we have been dealing. These are Mr. Frazier, the export manager of Swift and Co., with offices at Jersey City; Mr. Jacobson, the general export manager of Morris and Co. at Chicago; Mr. Koenig, assistant to the President of the General Harvester [illegible] Philip Manson, Pre[illegible] and Eastern

"We have discussed business with the representatives of the other three big Chicago packers, but I do not recall their names, and while I don't know that they have attempted to use influence with Congress, they have assured us that they were eager to ship their surplus products to Russia and would do what they could to make trading between the two countries possible.

"The Bethlehem Steel Company sent a representative here to talk business with us almost as soon as we opened our offices, and the United States Steel Export Company, representing the United States Steel Corporation, later sent a representative.

"With the blockade existing, we have not been able to place a great many orders, and our discussions have concerned prices, methods of delivery to Russia when intercourse is resumed, the needs of Russia and the ability of these firms to execute orders.

"I talked over the Russian situation with Representative Porter of the Foreign Affairs Committee in Washington, after being introduced to him by James P. Mulvihill of Pittsburgh, a shoe manufacturer, who is seeking an order from us. Mr. Mulvihill had five sons in the American Army, one of whom was killed. Mr. Porter agreed to try to get a license from the State Department for Mr. Mulvihill and had an interview with Assistant Secretary of State Polk. Mr. Polk made the statement in my presence that there had been a great many similar requests from [illegible]bers of Congress, but that [illegible]ould be done at the time. [illegible] firms

receive orders when the blockade has lifted have told me that the situation in Washington is more hopeful. The fact that Judenitch's drive was not a success and that the opponents of the Bolshevist Government are losing on all fronts is likely to result in an early return of trade relations.

"I am under strict orders from the Lenin Government, as are Mr. Martens and all other official representatives of Soviet Russia, to refrain entirely from political propaganda and am instructed not to mix in internal affairs here. Absolutely the only object of our being here is to make it possible for Russia to obtain essentials for rebuilding the country from the United States."

Kiukiang Students Enforce Boycott

(*China Press Correspondence*)

Kiukiang, Kiangse, December 29.—The boycott of Japanese goods is a live issue in Kiukiang. A few days ago some students got wind of goods coming in for a Japanese store in the concession. The goods were seized from the coolies taking them to the store, and destroyed. They were valued at about taels 70. For a time it looked as though the concession police would have their hands full. All the coolies along the bund began to collect ready for excitement but they were dispersed. In addition to this method of boycotting Japanese goods the students have adopted an educational program. Every week-end a band of students from each institution go on the streets instructing the people in geography. Wm. Nast College sends twenty students out every Saturday. This same student body now publish a weekly paper whose main purpose is to expose Japanese methods.

The Christmas spirit was very much in evidence among the foreign population of Kiukiang. The day before Christmas all the foreigners of the city gathered in the town hall for a frolic. The sailors from the American gunboat were also present. Tea was served; and the children had a jolly time playing games with the grown-ups. The principle item on the program was a play given by some of the concession people entitled "Sleeping Beauty." The leading parts were taken by Mrs. Wallace and Mrs. Gee. Religious services were held Christmas morning.

The mission schools also had their round of entertainments, the singing of carols and a general good time observing the festive season.

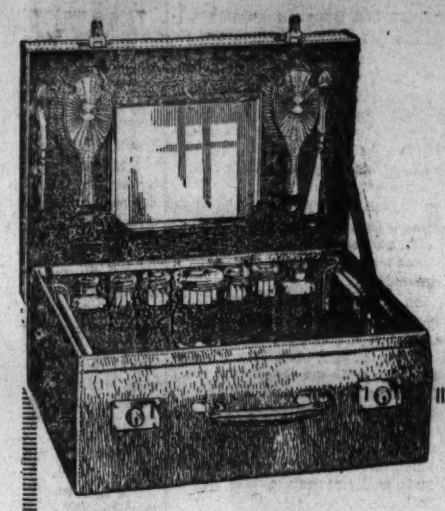
Shantung Military Chief Pulls Stakes And Quits

(*China Press Correspondence*)

Tsinan, Shantung, December 29, 1919.—An exceptionally quiet revolution for Tsinan has just ended. Only a few days ago the provincial assembly voted to impeach the military governor, Chang Shu-yuan, and yesterday without so much as a formal farewell, the military governor pulled stakes, resigned his post, and left the city.

The withdrawal of the governor seems to have been brought about by nothing so much as the force of a very strong popular opinion, which has been finding a way of expressing itself within the past six months. In the face of this, resistance was impossible. Not a shot was fired, and Tsinan merely awoke this morning to learn that their Tuchun has disappeared. His successor, Tien Chung-yu has already been appointed from Peking, and has entered upon the duties of his office in Tsinan.

The situation was not however without its tense moments. During the few hours that elapsed im[illegible] after receiving news of his impeachment, the military governor had many opportunities to seek revenge. One of these was to order the closing of the headquarters of the student patriotic societies. This brought on a strike of all the government schools in Tsinan. Following this, a telegram was sent by the military governor in haste to Peking insisting that the visit of Professor Dewey on a lecture tour to the province should be cancelled. This was not done. Instead of this, Professor Dewey arrived in Tsinan, and delivered his first lecture according to schedule. The first lecture was under dramatic circumstances for while three thousand students listened attentatively, double files of the Tuchun's soldiers with fixed bayontes lined the isles of the auditorium, and a machine gun controlled the entrance from across the street. The situation has remained undisturbed, Dr. Dewey has completed his lectures, and the students of all schools



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		Sale Price
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5 ft. 9	× 2 ft. 9 ins.	10.50
5 ft.	× 2 ft. 3 ,,	8.00
4 ft. 6	× 2 ft. 6 ,,	6.00

"THE DECCAN" RUGS.

Mohair Pile, Centre Curly, Border Plain, unfringed in a number of Colours.

			Sale Price
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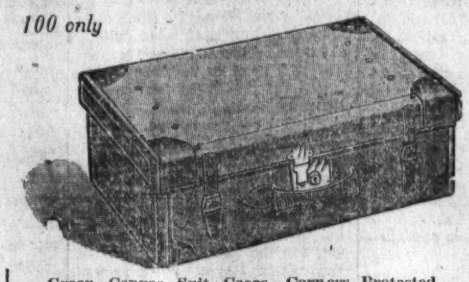

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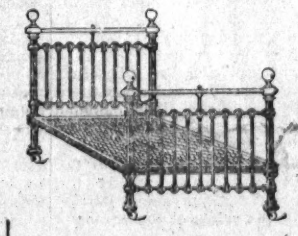

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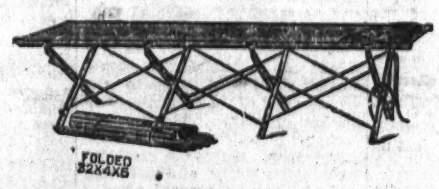

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Today's Church Services

Holy Trinity Cathedral.—2nd Sunday after Christmas. 8 a.m., Holy Communion. 10:30 a.m., Mattins, Sermon and Holy Communion. 3 p.m., Children's Service. 6 p.m., Evensong and Sermon.

Union Church.—11 a.m., Preacher: Rev. C. N. Lack; Chants 22 and 23; Anthem, "Whom the Lord Loveth." (MacPherson); Hymns 726, 715, 725. 12 noon, Holy Communion. 6 p.m., Preacher: Rev. C. N. Lack; Chant 29; Anthem, "God, who is rich in mercy" (Garrett); Hymns 524, 700, 693.

St. John's Pro-Cathedral, Jessfield.—Evening Prayer in English at six o'clock; Preacher: The Rev. M. H. Throop, M.A.

St. Joseph's Church.—Sunday, Masses at 6, 7, 8:15 and 10 a.m., At 10 a.m., High mass; Sermon in French. At 4 p.m., Benediction of the Blessed Sacrement. Masses on week-days 6 and 7:30 a.m.

Christian Science Society of Shanghai.—Masonic Hall, The Bund. Sunday Service 11 a.m., Subject: "God." Sunday School 10 a.m., Testimonal Meeting, Wednesday Evening 6 o'clock. Reading Room open daily except Sunday 10:30 to 12:30 at No. 21 Nanking Road.

Shanghai Free Christian Church.—(Corner of Range and Chapoo Roads). The services in the above will be conducted as follows: Morning 11 a.m., by Mr. Frank McCartly. Evening 6 p.m., by Mr. Frank McCartly.

Prohibition From The Viewpoint Of An Eminent Professor

By Stephen Leacock

(Head of Department of Political Economy, McGill University, in The New York World)

THERE can be little doubt that all of North America—or all of it that lies between the Mexicans and the Eskimos—is going dry. The United States has gone. The door of the beer cellar is locked and the key thrown away. In Canada eight provinces are at the actual moment dry. Only Quebec holds out—a well amid the waste.

There is every prospect that the Western world is about to go dry and stay dry. The moment is therefore fitting for one who thinks that we are making a sad error to voice a few words of regret.

To my mind the strange thing about the Prohibition movement is the queer psychology at the back of it. Few people really want it. But nobody cares to say so. Politicians wait in vain for the sign that is not given. Judges on the bench hand out reluctant sentences, wondering what they will do when the stock of wine in their own cellars is exhausted. Lawyers, doctors, professors and merchants sit tamely by awaiting the extinction of their private comfort. The working man watches the vanishing of his glass of beer and wishes that he was a man of influence with power to protest. The man of influence wishes that he were but a plain working man and might utter a protest without fear of injury to his interests. Nor is there, so far as I am aware, a single one of the clergy to stand up and preach a sermon on the wedding feast of Cana of Galilee.

Drunkenness is, of course, a very terrible thing. It has blotted out many a bright young life. It has slowly broken many a vigorous brain down to drivelling senility. It is a fruitful source of crime. It has desolated many a home. It has done, in short, all the things that are graphically depicted upon the lantern slides of the "temperance" lecturer.

But drunkenness is not here the point. The drunkard, after all, important though he is, does not fill the whole sky. It is a pity to destroy the comfort of the home and amenities of social life for the sake of so small and so worthless a fraction of humanity; the more so as the drunkard, under Prohibition, is apt merely to convert himself into a criminal, drinking illicit poison in place of honest beer and driving himself to ruin all the quicker.

The point that few people seem to care to dwell upon is, in the present crisis, the comfort and pleasure to be found in the ordinary and rational use of beer and wine and spirits such as is made of them by ninety-nine out of every hundred people who use them. This cannot be measured in any scientific fashion, or submitted to the proof of a formula. It is a matter of experience. Those who have never had it are not qualified to speak. But there are countless thousands of people whose private opinion, if they would only speak it out, is that of all the minor comforts of life, from the cradle to the grave, beer and tobacco are easily first.

There has grown up in this matter a sort of conspiracy of silence. Nobody seems willing to bear witness to how widely diffused is the habit of normal wholesome drinking and of the great benefits to be derived from it. The university where I have worked for nearly twenty years contains in its faculties a great number of scholarly, industrious men whose life work cannot be derided or despised even by the salaried agitator of a Prohibitionist society. Yet the great majority of them "drink." I use that awful word in the full gloomy sense given to it by the teetotaller. I mean that if you ask these men to dinner and offer them a glass of wine, they will take it. Some will take two. I have even seen them take Scotch and soda.

During these same years I have been privileged to know a great many of the leading lawyers of Montreal, whose brains and energy and service to the community I cannot too much admire. If there are any of them who do not "drink," I can only say I have not seen them. I can bear the same dreadful testimony on behalf of my friends who are doctors; and the same, and even more emphatic, on behalf of all the painters, artists and literary men with whom I have had the good fortune to be very closely associated. Of the clergy I cannot speak. But in days more cheerful than the present gloomy times there were at least those of them who thought a glass of port no very dreadful sin.

And, conversely, I can say with all conviction that I have never seen drunken professors lecturing to inebriated students, or tipsy Judges listening to boozy lawyers, or artists in delirium tremens painting the portraits of intoxicated Senators. Moreover, among the class of people of whom I speak, the conception of how to make merry at a christening or a wedding or a banquet or at the conclusion of peace, or of any such poor occasions of happiness that mark the milestones in the pilgrimage of life, was exactly the same—I say it in all reverence—as that shown by Jesus Christ at the wedding feast of Cana of Galilee.

But these people, one might object, are but a class, and a small one at that. What about the ordinary working man? Surely he is not to be sacrificed for the sake of the leisure hours of the intellectual classes! But here, so it seems to me, is where the strongest argument against Prohibition comes in. We live in a world of appalling inequality, which as yet neither philanthropy nor legislation has been able to remove. The lot of the working man who begins day labor at the age of sixteen and ends it at the age of seventy, who starts work every morning while the rest of us are still in bed, who has no sleep after his lunch and no vacation trip to Florida, is inconceivably hard. It is a sober fact that if those of us who are doctors, lawyers, professors and merchants were suddenly transferred by some evil magician to the rank of a workingman, we should feel much as if we had been sent to the penitentiary. And it is equally a fact that we would realise just how much a glass of the ale and a pipe of tobacco mean to a sober, industrious workingman—not a picture-book drunkard—after his hours of work. It puts him, for the brief moment of his relaxation, on an equality with kings and plutocrats.

It is no use to say that tobacco shortens his life. Let it. It needs shortening. It is no use to say that beer sogs his œsophagus and loosens him motor muscles. Let it do so. He is better off with loose motor muscles and a soggy œsophagus and a mug of ale beside him than in the cheerless discontent of an activity that knows only the work of life and nothing of its comforts.

The employers of labor have hitherto, through sheer shortsightedness, been in favor of Prohibition. They thought that drinkless men would work better. So they will in the short spurt of efficiency that accompanies the change. But let the employer wait

(Continued on Page 13)

The Sore Spot Of The Old World: The Near East

By Frank H. Simonds

(New York Tribune)

After the Conference of Paris we are to have a conference of London. Such is the announcement now coming from Europe. This new conference will have a vital interest for Americans, because it will deal with the Turkish problem, deliberately placed at one side in Paris pending the outcome of the debate in the United States Senate over the League of Nations phases of the Treaty of Versailles.

At Paris Europe derived from the American representatives the clear impression that the United States was prepared to take one and possibly two mandates—that is, that in accordance with the provisions of the League of Nations we were willing to undertake the responsibility of protecting and developing countries incapable alike of self-defense or independent existence.

Europe understood this to be the clear and prevailing opinion in America and accepted it as assured that the United States would assume the mandates for Constantinople and for Armenia. Neither the President nor Colonel House indicated anything but approval of such a course, while both pointed out that the actual decision in the matter of mandates would have to await the decision of the United States Senate.

The opposition which has developed in the United States to the League of Nations covenant, as adopted in Paris, took the European world by surprise. It had never counted upon effective opposition; it had conducted its negotiations with the assurance that, even though there might be superficial political objection, the country at large would support the President and the President would have no difficulty in overwhelming political opposition by a direct appeal to the people themselves. At the beginning of June, when I left Paris, the opposition to the President in the United States was regarded by all Europe and the representatives at Paris as quite negligible.

That the President favored an American mandate, that he looked with sympathy upon two mandates, those of Constantinople and Armenia, was well known in Paris and no secret was made of this fact by his associates, notably Colonel House. Neither the President nor Colonel House could commit the United States to the acceptance of a mandate and neither, of course, undertook any such promise, but what Europe gathered was that if the President won in the matter of the treaty, and victory was assured after a possible delay incident to an appeal to the American people, then America would participate in the settlement of the Turkish problem.

A POSTPONEMENT

But pending the American decision it was inevitable that the Turkish problem should be postponed. The result has been that any general settlement has been postponed. But in the absence of any general solution many partial arrangements have been made and practically the whole of the seacoast, together with the so-called Arabic provinces of Turkey, has been occupied by European nations. Moreover, save in the cases of Constantinople and Armenia, these occupations have begun to assume a more or less permanent character.

Thus, at the moment when it appears, at least superficially, to be the view of the American people that no mandate be accepted by them, the Turkish problem assumes a far different status from that which existed one year ago, when the collapse of the Central Powers led to the armistice and to the Conference of Paris. Instead of having before it the Turkish problem, complicated only by secret treaties not yet put into actual operation, as was the case at Paris, the London conference will have to deal with situations created by the partial application of the secret treaties. It will also have to deal with the consequences of a rapid extension of rivalry and bad feeling between all the associated and allied powers in Turkey.

To explain this situation it will be necessary first of all to go back to the secret treaties. Early in the war the British made a treaty with the Arabs (who constitute the mass of the population in the Turkish Empire south of the highlands of Anatolia and Armenia in the regions from the Gulf of Alexandretta southward along the seacoast) by which Britain pledged herself, subject to a recognition of French interests, to aid in the restoration of an Arab state which should include Aleppo, Bagdad and Damascus and, in general, Syria and Mesopotamia.

SPHERES OF INFLUENCE

At a later time France and Great Britain made a treaty which divided this same area into spheres of influence. Both countries recognised the possible creation of an autonomous Palestine, between the sea and the Jordan, while Britain agreed the French should have as a sphere of political and economic influence the regions north of a line drawn from the vicinity of Tyre on the Mediterranean to Tekrit on the Tigris and extending in the north from the Gulf of Alexandretta to Sivas and Diabekr in the Armenian highlands. Other concessions were made to Russia, but these no longer have value, as a result of the Russian collapse.

Finally, when Italy entered the war, the same Treaty of London which assigned Trieste and a portion of Dalmatia to the Italians gave them a third region of economic and political activity extending westward along the coast of Anatolia from the French sphere and including the port and district of Adalia. It was, moreover, stipulated that if French and British spheres were increased the Italians might claim a similar expansion.

AN ARAB STATE

Now, the spirit of the first treaty, that with the Arabs, was that there should be re-created a great, more or less independent, Arab state, occupying all of the old Turkish territory south of Armenia and Anatolia and under the control of the King of the Hedjaz, whose own state was before the war limited to a small area about the holy cities of Mecca and Medina on the Red Sea littoral. This treaty was designed to enlist the Arabs in a revolt against the Turks and to assure to British armies operating from Egypt and India, in Palestine and Mesopotamia, necessary Arab assistance.

This object was achieved; the Arabs rendered invaluable assistance both to Maude and to Allenby and made possible the decisive victory of the latter on the Plain of Armageddon which broke Turkish power. But once the victory was assured the Arabs, relying upon British promises, demanded that they should be permitted to occupy the whole of the Arab-inhabited regions and set their faces resolutely against the creation of any French protectorate.

It was to assure this solution that Prince Feisal, the son of the King of the Hedjaz, who had made the campaign with the British and had always kept with him Colonel Lawrence, a British soldier, who won great and deserved fame in the Arab fighting, came to the Paris Conference. He not only insisted upon British support, but appealed to the Americans, basing his appeal on a declaration made by the French and the British after the Turkish collapse, that neither sought political or, more exactly, territorial objectives in Arab regions, as well as upon the Fourteen Points.

Not unnaturally the British sympathised with their Arab Allies, while American sympathy was in a measure enlisted as a consequence of the opinions of American educators and missionaries in Syria, notably those from the American College at Beirut. But it was manifest from the start that whatever the British motives, the French were bound to oppose any solution which excluded them from Syria and, in fact, transformed the whole Arab world into a British protectorate.

French interests in Beirut and in the Syrian hinterland were very considerable. France, from the days of the Crusades, had remained the power exercising protector's rights over the Syrian Christians, notably in the Lebanon, and there was a strong Francophile party in certain districts of Syria. France, having borne the burden of the battle in Europe, naturally objected to seeing the British carry off the great colonial gains, the fruits of British battles, to be sure, but of battles fought by British troops who could not have been spared from the Western front had France not supplied the main bulk of troops in Europe.

It would be inaccurate to say that the quarrels which ensued in Paris and supplied one of the most dangerous elements in the whole situation grew out of intentional bad faith on the part of the British; rather they were the natural outcome of the situation which had developed. But it was not less clear that if the Arabians, who had British sympathy and a degree of support and were able to enlist not a little American sympathy, were able to realise their aspiration France would suffer and Britain would gain immeasurably; in reality, France would be crowded out of Syria by the British as she had been crowded out of Egypt a generation before, and all Arabia, new and old, become in fact a British sphere of influence.

A MODUS VIVENDI

In the end a sort of *modus vivendi* was agreed upon and at the present moment General Gouraud, the victor of the Battle of Champagne, in July, 1918, and until recently commanding the troops in Alsace-Lorraine, has just embarked to take over the command of French troops, who will hold Beirut and the seacoast to Alexandretta, in conformity with the Anglo-French treaty, but will not attempt to occupy the inland cities of Aleppo and Damascus until the Arab question has been cleared up by direct negotiation with the Arabs. As for the British, they remain in occupation of Jerusalem, Bagdad and the regions south of Syria taken during the war.

But it must be clear that this temporary arrangement cannot last. Either the British and the French will have to agree to an absolute partition of the Arab lands, with an inevitable conflict with the Arabs themselves, or they will have to consent to an evacuation of all but the seacoast towns of Beirut for the French and Basra for the British and the joint recognition of a great, independent Arab state extending from the Armenian highlands to the Indian Ocean and from the Mediterranean to Persia. Ever this latter solution would hardly last, for the British would be menaced in Egypt by the rise of any real Arab state.

So much for the Arab problem. But the French sphere of influence not merely includes Arab territory, but extends northward from the Gulf of Alexandretta and the Cilician Plain, claimed by the Armenians as essential to the new Armenia, and also between Livas and Diabekr affects regions which have hitherto been regarded as belonging to any Armenian state which might be created.

ARMENIAN MANDATE

Thus, if the United States undertook an Armenian mandate it would find itself at once called upon to insist on French evacuation of Armenian lands, and, if it accepted Armenian claims to Adana and the Cilician area, to a still further considerable curtailment of French claims. Nor is this all, for eastward, in territories once Russian, dwell the main mass of surviving Armenians and an American protectorate there would clash with Russia should Russia ever regain unity, and with the Georgians and other native races, who also lay claim to the British lands which contain the great oil districts about Batum, one of the prizes of the economic world.

But the Syrian or, more exactly, the Arab and Armenian phases are but two of the complications. Even more sharply than the British and French have clashed between the Mediterranean and the Euphrates, the Italians and the Greeks have quarreled along the Ægean coast. Italy has landed troops at Adalia and occupied the seacoast. She claims, also, the right to seize Smyrna, the great port of Asia Minor, but the Greeks, backed by the Paris Conference, provoked fighting with the Turks, who are still to be reckoned with.

Meantime the Italians continue to hold the islands of Rhodes and the Dodecanese, which are purely Greek in population but were taken by the Italians in the Libyan war and assigned permanently to them in their Treaty of London bargain with the Entente which preceded their entrance into the World War. Now the Greeks have certain undeniable claims in Asia Minor. From the dawn of history the west coast has been Hellenic and it was Athenian protection of these Greek cities in Asia which provoked the Persian invasion.

THE HINTERLAND

As for the Italians, they have no claim based upon race or language and only shadowy historical claims flowing from temporary Venetian occupation of certain of the Ægean Islands. Yet even if a decision could be made of the seacoast between the Greeks, who have rights, and the Italians, who have Anglo-French consent and military strength, there would remain the question of the hinterland, where some eight million Turks constitute the bulk of the population and retain measurable capacity for fighting their enemies, if not for governing themselves.

A separation of the Arab provinces from the Osmanli would be relatively easy. Syria and Anatolia have been more often separate than united in history, but to parcel the seafront of Anatolia between the Greek and the Italian, mutually hostile, would mean nothing more than licensing a new war in which the Turks would infallibly resist Italian and Greek invasion of the hinterland to the death, and the Greeks and the Italians would inevitably come to blows, since the Italians have deliberately adopted the role of oppressor of the Greeks in Europe, in the Ægean Islands and on the coast of Asia Minor.

Nor is it less certain that if the United States should undertake the mandate for Armenia, in addition to conflict with French, Russian and not impossibly British aspirations we should find ourselves called upon to protect the Armenian remnant from the Turks and Kurds who today, as a result of the massacres, constitute an actual majority in the whole of Turkish Armenia.

THE HELLENIC WORLD

There remains the question of Constantinople. It is possible to separate the city from all political association with an European or Asiatic state, to transform it into a free city and to include within its frontiers, on the lines of the old District of Columbia, the shores of the Bosporus, the Dardanelles and the Sea of Marmora. Given decent government, the city could be made one of the most beautiful in the world, and there are those who regret that the Conference of Paris did not make the town the capital of the league of nations and thus an international town.

But for such a considerable task the United States could expect no financial return, nor, what is far worse, any certainty of world applause. In the first place, once the Turks were evicted, the largest element in the population would be Greek and this element would, beyond all doubt, with ever-growing passion demand reunion with the rest of the Hellenic world. Moreover, in creating an internationalised area about the straits we should deprive Greece of many thousands of Hellenes. The whole experiment would be made at the expense of the Greek nationality. To be sure, even the Greeks might be complaisant, if they were satisfied that American occupation, like the Allied occupation of Crete, was only temporary. Yet the Cretan experiment was hardly happy.

Aside from the Greek phase there is always the Russian. Russia may reintegrate; if she does, the old longing for Constantinople will return and we shall find ourselves standing in the pathway of Russian ambition at Constantinople, and, if we take the Armenian mandate, in Asia Minor as well. Thus the French and the Russians, as well as the Greeks, are sure to resent our presence. Nor will the Bulgarians, who still cherish the dream of possessing Byzantium, held for a thousand years, be more friendly. Oddly enough, in proof of this peril, at least one great Paris journal last winter, when an American mandate for Constantinople was suggested, openly charged that American imperialism was thus at last disclosed.

It is argued in some quarters that an American mandate would be possible in the Near East only if it were to include all of the old Turkish empire. This view is an accurate appraisal of the impossibility of attempting a mandate for a small fraction, while the vital portions are parceled out among conflicting nations with still larger ambitions in mind. But does it sufficiently recognise the fact that even temporary elimination of these nations would not extinguish their plans?

In Paris, at least, last winter, the mere suggestion of an American mandate for Constantinople called forth an instant accusation on one side, if it was applauded by others who more accurately appraised American reluctance to enter and the absence of any material profit for America in such a venture. Moreover, is it quite certain that, once embarked, we should not find that our own commercial and industrial elements, following their natural and thoroughly justifiable bent, would enter into rivalry with British, French and Italian, and in the end, as has happened in all other protectorates, involve us in actual commercial rivalry with European powers and ultimately in the necessity to defend by force of arms and for selfish reasons what we had occupied from the highest motives?

PROBLEM FOR AMERICA

In any event it seems to me unlikely that France, Britain and Italy, to say nothing of Greece, will consent to evacuate all of the old Turkish empire to make way

(Continued on Page 13)

Clash Of Ambitions

The chief difficulty in the Near East arises out of the clash of rival ambitions, and this has been the case for nearly two centuries, during which the Eastern question has been a nightmare to European statesmen.

The most selfish and sordid page in modern history is that filled with the veracious accounts of the fashions in which the civilised nations have bartered away honor and life in the Near East for illusory profits or vain guarantees of personal security.

But this difficulty has survived the war. Today the French and British, united by the most splendid effort of any two allied nations in world history, have been well nigh estranged again and again by the old rivalries in Syria. The familiar atmosphere of intrigue and chicanery has again descended.

In this situation certain American voices are raised to urge that America take the field and that our obvious unselfishness will eliminate any misunderstanding of our motives.

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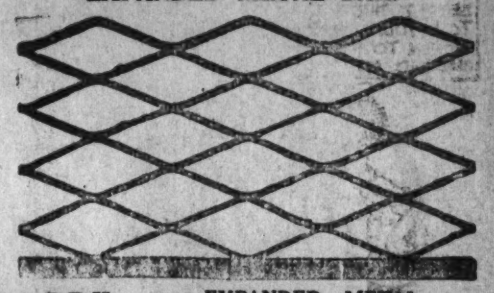

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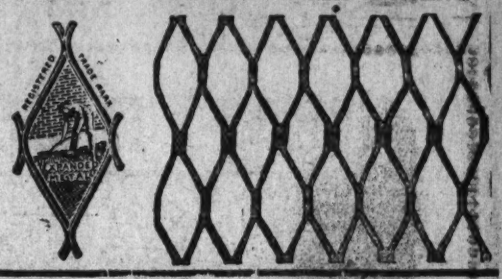

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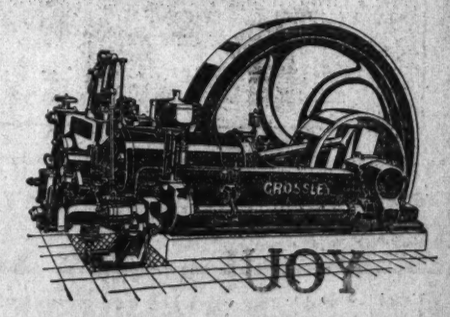

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US BOYS — Shrimp Evidently Does Not Agree With Him — By McNamara

SAY YOU CAN KEEP THAT OLD SECRET THAT UAN TOLD YOU. I WOULDNT LISTEN TO IT IF YOU WANTED ME TO!
YA WOULDNT?
NO, I WOULDN'T, I'M THRU WITH YOU!
AW, DONT GET SORE SHRIMP
AW, GO JUMP UP A SMOKE STACK!
C'MERE, DONT GET SORE THE REASON I DIDNT TELL YOU THAT SECRET IS BECAUSE I KNOWED YOU DIDN'T WANT TO HEAR IT!
HUH?
?
TOM MCNAMARA

Prohibition From The Viewpoint Of An Eminent Professor

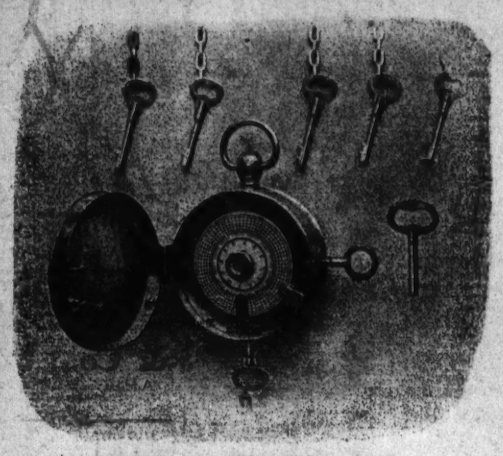
(Continued from Page 12)

a year or two and then see how social discontent will spread like a wave in the wake of Prohibition. The drinkless workman, robbed of the simple comforts of life, will angrily demand its luxuries. A new envy will enter into his heart. The glaring inequalities of society will stand revealed to him as never before. See to it that he does not turn into a Bolshevik.

Loud were the plaudits of the Prohibitionist when Russia emptied its vodka into the Neva and declared itself bone-dry. Yet look at Russia now.

But when all is said and done, there is little use in arguing or protesting against the new regime. The thing is coming. We must obey our masters. Ho! then for the merry days that are coming; when the lemonade shall pop at the dry banquet and the sarsaparilla foam to the top of the glass; when two old friends shall sit down side by side with a bucket of ice-water between them; when emergency cases shall be treated with a coffee bar, and wedding guests shall trip to the merry music of the victrola filled with unfermented grap juice.

But what's the use of writing about it? None that I can see. I call anybody who has read this article to witness that its tone is as fair-minded as open daylight and as kindly as a jug of red wine under a hawthorn tree. Yet I know by experience that it will bring nothing to the surface except unmeasured condemnation from the intolerant. The editor of this paper will receive, perhaps, threatening letters from Mothers' Meetings and Children's Blue Ribbon societies for daring to print it. And for myself, the lawyers and Judges and doctors whom I have quoted will say that they never heard of me and that they never took anything stronger in their lives than raspberry vinegar. Never mind. Perhaps I shall be able to get work in Hayti or in Dutch Borneo or some sensible country.



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Musical Matters

By R. B. Hurry, Mus. B.

Correspondents wishing to draw attention to Musical matters, or to ask questions, should address the writer, care of THE CHINA PRESS, *enclosing real names and addresses, not necessarily for publication.*

If a community is to get anything out of listening to the best music, it is important that the same works should be repeated at intervals. If people have the opportunity to hear, say, one of the Brahms symphonies but once in three years or so, its beauties can never be very widely appreciated. The same applies to works such as the third, fifth, and ninth symphonies of Beethoven. In the case of the last, it is only where its performance has become a regular event that it makes anything like its full effect.

There is a real difficulty in this matter of repeating works, as a sameness of program is to be avoided at all costs. Ordinary listeners to a symphonic work, however great their love of a fine tune or a great theme may be, cannot in one hearing or two get the hang of works in which themes appear interwoven and turned to new uses. So many are accustomed to listen to the "top tune" only, and to look upon the rest as vaguely-grasped harmonic coloring; as if in a picture only one line and the general color scheme were to appear to the eye, and all the other lines of the drawing submerged.

In the vast majority of noble movements the harmony is not the coloring of a single melody, but is due to the incidence and 'clash' of the independent parts. The feeling of this harmony of interweaving is far more poignant and telling as it appears to be almost an incident of the meeting of melodic lines; but the effort to detect the strands is a real effort of the mind, before any significance is apparent as to musical meaning.

Not everyone is at all prepared to make this effort, although it comes to be rather an attitude of mind in listening, freed from any mental exertion; as an attitude easily assumed that is impossible to the mind of a lazy habit.

Somebody has remarked on this subject the extreme rarity of a smile in the concert-room at the bustle of Beethoven's basses, or at the comic antics of his bassoons poking fun at the sentiment of violins.

If it is not given to all of us to appreciate at once orchestral music, that is 'polyphonic,' as against the vast amount of music of all sorts that deals with one tune at a time (monodic), the difficulty is increased many times in the case of the great organ works, especially in those of Bach.

The music is so impersonal and the character of the instrument so austere, that the whole effect depends upon the movement of Bach's rhythmic figures, types of melody far removed from the average music-lover's idea of a "tune." As the majority of organ works are 'polyphonic,' organists are apt to forget the strain which a whole program of the same type of music imposses on the hearer. The obvious remedy is not to fall back on music of the sort represented by the commercial 'Andantino' and 'Communion'; nor to descend to cheap arrangements, which in the case of the organ is like decking out an elephant in ribbons and laces. There is in fact a great amount of variety and relief to be got in arrangements of good music that is not out of place in a church, and contrast in organ music proper is not a very difficult matter to manage.

But the great works that constitute organ music at its highest and best require the same frequency of performance as I have remarked desirable in the symphony. Looking through recital programs regularly given the D. minor Toccata and Fugue, the 'Great' G. minor, the D. major and "St. Ann's" appear to be played three times a week somewhere or other in England. The C. major Toccata, Fantasia in G. major. and such splendid 'big' works as the Passacaglia in C. minor, and the Mozart Fantasias are remarkable for their rarity.

The writer of "Music and Life," Mr. T. W. Surette (Hougton Mifflin Company) gives an encouraging account of a series of church concerts at which the idea of repetition was kept in mind. He says: We have given three concerts at each of which the church was more than filled—it seats about six hundred people. Our programs have contained Brahms's "Song of Destiny," and parts of his Requiem, Bach's motet "I wrestle and pray," arias from the "St. Matthew Passion" and similar compositions. Our soloists have been members of our chorus, with little previous experience of such music as we have been singing, but with a profound sensibility to it brought about by continued practice of it. The townspeople who have come to hear our music have given certain evidence of a fact which I have for many years known to be true, namely, that when people have a chance to know thoroughly a great composition it invariably secures their complete allegiance. We have therefore repeated our performance of these various works, sometimes singing one piece twice at the same concert. We have given, for example, the "Song of Destiny" three times in two years, and both singers and audience are completely won over to it."

Of course this kind of thing could only take place under a leader who knows the best music, believes in it, and prefers it to any other. The details given of the financial arrangements show that although all concerts were given free the costs could be covered out of individual subscriptions from singers, players and any others who cared to help. The subscription was fifty cents a head.

The Sore Spot Of The Old World

(Continued from Page 12)

for an American mandate for the whole area. Even if they did we should have to send at least a quarter of a million troops to Asia to garrison and police the territory, at least until we could organise native troops, which would mean a period of several years.

Eliminating the question of a total mandate, it seems possible, even certain, that at the new conference of London America will be invited to take a mandate for Constantinople and for Armenia. Not impossibly the French and the British will be prepared to make sacrifices from their spheres of interest to satisfy American ideas as to the proper extent of Armenia, while all but the Greeks will assent to our occupation of Constantinople, and even the Greeks will offer no real objection, believing, not too optimistically, that in the end American occupation will prove only a step in the reassertion of Hellenic influence in Byzantium.

But this does not touch the real problem. If the divisions of the Arab lands between the French and British is accepted by the Arab, which is doubtful, the millions of Anatolian Turks will never permit the Italians to conquer and hold Anatolia without desperate resistance, and Italian occupation of Adalia and the Ægean islands must inevitably be the prelude to such an effort.

ITALIAN ASPIRATIONS

The vice of the Eastern question today arises from the entrance of Italy as a predatory influence in Anatolia. To realise Italian aspirations Italy must permanently stifle legitimate Greek aspirations, must conquer territories and hold the Turkish population in subjection. Moreover, so far as Italy is concerned, it means a new and terrible drain upon Italian resources, with no commensurate rewards in honor, influence or prosperity. But for the Italian phase, an arrangement between the Greeks and Turks might be possible, restricting the Greeks to the coastlands, indisputably Hellenic, and assuring to the Turks precisely such access to the sea and world commerce as the Greeks, who are the real traders of the Near East, would in the nature of things provide on their own initiative.

Of all conceivable mandates, that of Constantinople would be the simplest, taken by itself, but it is idle to close one's eyes to the fact that so far from solving the Turkish problem, the World War has really only added new complications, and, even in Constantinople, proximity to the tinder-box might have dangers immediate and eventual. Meantime the promise of a conference of London reveals the bankruptcy of Paris, so far as the Eastern question is concerned, while the recent developments in the Near East disclose the extent of the difficulties before the later gathering, which will be, in a sense, the heir to all the errors and follies of that Congress of Berlin whose failure in dealing with the Eastern question has become a matter of proverb.

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No one is too weak to use electricity. In such cases a longer building-up process is required. But the results are just as certain as water is to extinguish a fire when applied in sufficient quantities. If a proper battery is used it is possible to supply a very strong current, free from all inconveniences. How much more pleasant it is to be cured in this way, while resting, than to be pouring medicine into the poor weakened stomach. This drug habit grows on one like the whisky habit and no wonder, as alcohol forms the chief ingredient of many preparations. It is simply adding more poison to the weakened organs. Why not stop it?

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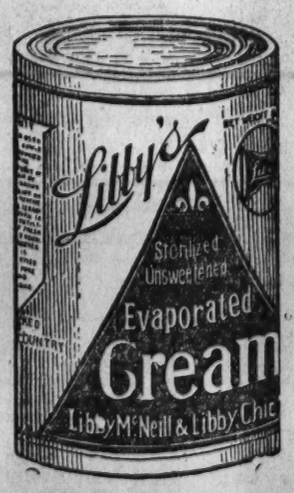

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PRINCE RECEIVES FINAL GREETINGS FROM NEW YORK

Guest At Farewell Dinner Given By A Thousand Distinguished Citizens

VISITS ROOSEVELT'S GRAVE

Lays A Wreath Of Laurel In The Cemetery At Oyster Bay, L. I.

New York, November 22.—To bid godspeed to the Prince of Wales, who sails for home today, a thousand distinguished Americans gathered last night at a great dinner at which the Prince was the guest of the Pilgrims of the United States. This, almost the last of the stately functions arranged to give expression to New York's hospitality for the royal guest, was the occasion for a mighty "hail" and a "farewell" in which the genuineness of mutual regret was plainly perceptable.

Edward Albert, looking almost child-like beside the venerable and stalwart Chauncey M. Depew, who presided, moved once more winningly and naturally into the affections of those who saw and heard him. They enjoyed the modesty with which he shrank behind a huge loving cup filled with roses when they roared their loudest approval at him; they enjoyed the heartiness with which he joined in the laugh when the thrusts of the proverbial Depew wit strayed in his direction, and they listened earnestly to every word of his graceful little speech of praise for America's war work and of his pride in the peace and good-will between his nation and ours.

THE END OF A BUSY DAY

The Prince came to the dinner at the end of a program which had filled his daylight hours and he hurried away to fulfill still other engagements made for him in an effort to crowd the utmost into his brief stay.

In the morning he had come from the battle cruiser Renown to find a great crowd awaiting him, including a number of eager children who just would defy all police regulations and rush up to exchange a laughing handshake with him. He had been whirled to Central Park, where he planted on the Mall an English elm tree, which it is hoped will grow to be a fitting grandson to the one his grandfather planted there fifty-nine years ago.

That over, he had driven to Oyster Bay, where, without ceremony of any kind, but with his whole bearing expressive of solemn sadness, he had laid a wreath of laurel on the grave of Theodore Roosevelt, while the eldest son of the late ex-President looked on.

Turning once more to gayer functions, he had gone to the Piping Rock Club, where the Board of Governors entertained him at a luncheon of a purely social nature, at which many of the members with their families gathered.

In the afternoon he received a thousand school children aboard the Renown and showed himself as much at home among them—perhaps a little more so—as among the gray-haired dignitaries with whom he has held his own.

With that over, he stole an hour for exercise at the Racquet and Tennis Club, making himself "fit" for the dinner, a special gala performance at the Hippodrome at which he and his entourage were guests later in the evening, and a reception at the 7th Regiment Armory, to which Rodman Wanamaker, Chairman of the Mayor's Committee on Reception to Distinguished Guests, and Mrs. Wanamaker had bidden many to be presented to him.

SAILS FOR HALIFAX TODAY

On board the Renown today the Prince will participate in the closing ceremonies of his visit before the battleship weighs anchor and steams for Halifax at 2 o'clock this afternoon. He will decorate a large group of American soldiers whose war achievements have been specially recognised by Great Britain, and he will bid farewell to his official hosts. He may slip ashore a moment to greet an assemblage of Boy Scouts at the landing.

Last night's dinner was staged at the Plaza, the dais and some of the tables being laid in the rose room, while the others were crowded into adjoining rooms, where most of them were unable to see the Prince. The rose room was decorated with tall vases of chrysanthemums and glowed in the mingled light of the crystal chandeliers overhead and the red-shaded candles on the table. Behind the dais were two big flags, one of the United States and one of Great Britain, and between them was hung an electric piece both proclaiming, and depicting, "hands across the sea."

The Prince and his staff entered to the tune of "Stars and Stripes Forever," and as soon as he was in his place the orchestra played the two national anthems. As the slim figure in conventional British naval mess jacket with the four broadstripes on the cuff proclaiming the Prince's rank as captain, passed among the diners through a beribboned lane they cheered him continuously.

With the coming of coffee and cigars Frederick Cunliffe Owen, a Vice-President of the society, read cablegrams he had sent to the Prince's grandmother and father, Queen Alexandra and King George, and these replies:

London, November 20.—I have received with much pleasure your gratifying message with regard to my son's visit to New York and I cordially thank the Pilgrims for the kind hospitality they extend to him this evening and for the generous sentiments which you have expressed on their behalf. Special interest will attach to your gathering by the presence of Mr. Chauncey M. Depew, who associated with the welcome given to my father sixty years ago.

GEORGE, R. I.

Sandringham, November 19.—Your kind telegram just received. I am deeply interested at hearing the Pilgrim Society are going to entertain my dear grandson at dinner, and that Senator Chauncey M. Depew is to preside. My beloved husband was always such a friend of the great American Nation that he would have rejoiced as his son, his grandson, and as I do at the close union now formed between the two nations who have fought and suffered side by side in the war now happily ended. Please convey my sincere thanks for most kind message, which I appreciate very deeply.

ALEXANDRA.

In the midst of the address upon which Mr. Depew then started, a big loving cup filled with flowers was placed before the Prince. It hid him entirely from view, and there were insistent cries of "take it away," and "we want to see the Prince." A member of his staff lifted the cup to a table below.

Mr. Depew said a visitor from Britain always was hailed gladly, because his coming served to increase and consolidate the friendship between the two nations, and that by the time such a guest was bidden farewell "we have always found that the better our two peoples know each other, the better they like each other."

RECALLS PRINCE ALBERT'S VISIT

The speaker reminiscenced over the visit of King Edward when he was Prince of Wales, citing as an interesting historical contrasts that visit on the eve of the civil war and the coming of the present Prince while his country and ours are celebrating peace.

"We were rather a primitive people fifty-nine years ago," he went on. "Few of our people had been abroad and we cared little for the ceremonies, formalities, and conventionalities which are so important in older civilisations, so I may be permitted to recall an incident with which I was personally familiar. The Prince of Wales was received in audience by a very important and distinguished public functionary. When the Prince entered the audience chamber this high official rushed forward, grasped him by the hand and in the enthusiasm of his welcome nearly wrenched off the Prince's arm, and shouted, Most welcome, Prince, we are allmighty glad to see you. How is your mother?"

There is a delightful tradition at West Point that with some choice spirits among the cadets the Prince had a night off. Nights off are now only memories as they probably can never be re-enacted. When I came to know the Prince and meet him frequently years after his visit here, I found that he had an invaluable faculty for a public man, that is the ability to remember the names and recall the time and place when he had met anyone he wanted to remember.

"With the Russian Bolsheviki comrade means the union of one class against all other classes and the destruction of society. In the French revolution it meant the same thing. But among the Americans, the British and the French breaking through the Hindenburg line and racing for the Rhine, comrade meant a oneness and a unity in which all could participate. For the first time, I think, since the days of the Black Prince, over five hundred years ago, has an heir to

(Continued on Page 16)

Prince Of Wales In 'Mufti' During New York Visit

Prince Edward of Wales.
INTERNATIONAL.

An excellent close-up of Prince Edward of Wales garbed in "mufti" during his visit to New York. This photograph of the Prince was made on his arrival at the Battery from H. M. S. Renown.

WHAT WILL MAKE ME EAT?

Loss of appetite is nature's first warning that something in the complicated machinery of the system has gone wrong. And that something is invariably the blood. Good blood helps the digestive organs in their work by supplying them with the strength they constantly need. If the blood is impoverished and weak, these organs fail to receive this assistance and the first complaint they make is to cease to call for food. Poor appetite never comes alone. It is generally accompanied by indigestion, headaches, bad taste in the mouth on rising from bed, coated tongue, lassitude and lack of "tone" throughout the day.

What you require to put matters right is a course of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. The good, new, strengthening blood which these pills create finds its way at once to the debilitated and exhausted digestive organs, and the benefit they receive from it is soon noticed in the natural and permanent return of the strayed appetite. Then the digestion becomes normal, headaches are absent, you rise in the morning bright and well, and retire at night to sound refreshing sleep.

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I'm going to a tea-party today.
Won't they all be jealous about my

NEW

FURS

that I bought at
LAOU KIU CHWANG'S!

A Large Assortment

of the finest

SIBERIAN, MONGOLIAN & CHINESE

FURS

SILVER FOX — SABLE — SEAL
LYNX — ERMINE — BEAVER
OTTER.

Also 135-inch Large Tiger, Leopard and Bear-skin

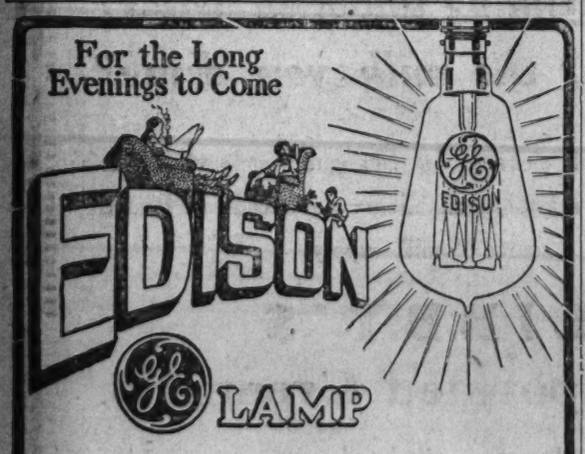
FURS

ETC. ETC. ETC.

COME AND SEE THEM!

LAOU KIU CHWANG P128 NANKING ROAD

For the Long Evenings to Come



makes your home bright and cheerful.

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WHITEAWAY, LAIDLAW & CO., LTD., SHANGHAI

OUR ANNUAL WINTER SALE

COMMENCES MONDAY, JANUARY 5TH — WE OFFER YOU — COMMENCES MONDAY, JANUARY 5TH

BIG VALUES IN HOSIERY, LACES, MUFFLERS, Etc.

ABSOLUTE CLEARANCE OF HOSE
Tan Rib all Wool Cashmere Hose. The oddments only.
Usual Price $2.75, 1.25, 1.75 per pair.
Sale Price **$1.50, 90 cts. 1.00**

Tan Wool Plain Cashmere
Usual Price $1.25, 1.75 per pair.
Sale Price **90 cts. 1.00** per pair.

Black Rib Cashmere All Wool
Usual Price $3.00 pair
Sale Price **$2.50** pair

Black Rib Cashmere Finish Hose.
Usual Price $1.00, 1.00, 1.00 per pair.
Sale Price **80 cts. 75, cts. 65 cts.** per pair.

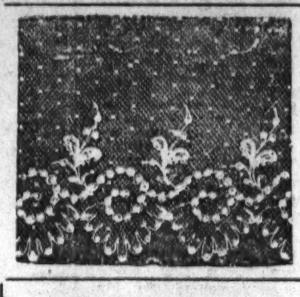
500 doz.—
"WAYLOO," WINTER DOWN UNDERWEAR
This beautifully warm soft woolly garment is made from a fine quality cotton and wool mixture which is fleeced up on the inner side rendering it delightfully soft and warm to the tenderest skins. The prices too are extremely moderate today.

POST ALL YOUR ORDERS NOW

Vests
HIGH, NECK, SHORT SLEEVES
Small, Medium, Large
$2.75, 3.00, 3.25
Sale Price **$1.50, 1.75, 2.00**
HIGH NECK, LONG SLEEVES
Small, Medium, Large
$3.00, 3.25, 3.50
Sale Price **$2.00, 2.00, 2.50**
HIGH, NECK, SHORT SLEEVES
Small, Medium, Large and Ex. Large
$5.50, 5.75, 6.00 and 6.25
Sale Price **$3.00, 3.00, 3.50 3.75**
HIGH NECK, LONG SLEEVES
Small, Medium, Large and Ex. Large
$5.75, 6.00, 6.25 and 6.50
Sale Price **$3.00, 3.50, 3.75 3.75**

LADIES' FINE COTTON VESTS
200 doz. Made from a fine soft close-fitting White Cotton Thread and worn now by many ladies under the heavier wool vests.
One size only.
Medium.
for **$1.00**

SALE PRICE
4 for
$1.00



2000 pieces
LACE
Half Price

LADIES' WHITE WOOL CHEMISE VESTS
THE "WINDSOR"
These are specially long in fact they are the longest vest ever stocked by us. Delightfully cosy. Low Neck, Short Sleeves. Full women's size only.
Price **$1.75** each
Sale Price $1.50

Loose Knit Wool Vests
As above.
Price **$1.20** each
Sale Price $1.00

Ladies' Fine Cotton Vests
Women's size only.
Price **$1.30** each
Sale Price $1.00

Ladies' Cotton Chemise Vests
No. 1. In fine White cotton. Women's size only. Low Neck, Short Sleeves.
Price **$1.20** each
Sale Price $1.00

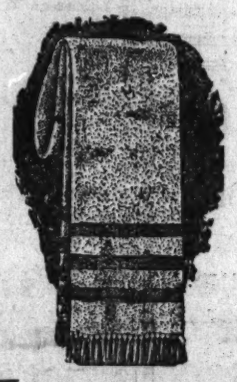
EVERY WOOL MUFFLER
Is to be cleared. Green and Brown Heather.
Usual Price $1.00
Sale Price 65 cts. each

Brown and Green with color bars
Usual Price $2.25
Sale Price $1.50

Camel Hair Color Muffler
Usual Price $2.25
Sale Price $1.50

White Wool Muffler
Usual Price $2.00
Sale Price $1.50

Brown Wool Muffler
Usual Price $2.25
Sale Price $1.50



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ARE REDUCED

White Chamois
Usual Price $3.00 Now **$1.75**
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White Doeskin Glove
Usual Price $5.00 Now **$2.50**
Grey Tan Suede
Usual Price $3.50 Now **2.50**
Grey Tan and White Suede
Usual Price $2.50 Now **$1.50**

White Washing Suede
Usual Price $4.00 Now **$2.75**
Tan, Grey and White Kid
Usual Price $3.50 Now **$2.00**

Every pair in stock is reduced

100 pieces
FANCY SILK
Usual Price $1.00 yard
Sale Price 75 Cts
YARD

50 Pieces
FANCY RIBBON
All smart colour, Usual Price $70 cts. yard.
ale Price 50 Cents Yard

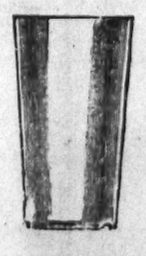
SMASHING VALUES IN CHINA

THE "ASHLAND" DINNER SET

English semi-procelain, neat design of pink flower, gilt
Set of 30 pieces Usual Price $22.50
Set of 30 pieces Sale Price **16.00**

THE "HENLEY" DINNER SERVICE
A pleasing printed border design, in Imperial balue, English porcelain.
Set of 30 pieces Usual Price $18.50
Set of 30 pieces Sale Price **13.50**

144 only. Syrup Jugs, clear American moulded glass, nickel-plated spring cover.
Usual Price 75 cts.
Clearance Price **50 cts.**



50 dozen only ½ pint Tumblrs clear crystal, European make..
Usual Price $3.50 dozen
To be cleared at
$2.00 dozen

172 only. Vinegar bottles, superior quality Amercan moulded glassware similar to sketch.
Usual Price $1.00
SALE PRICE **65** CENTS

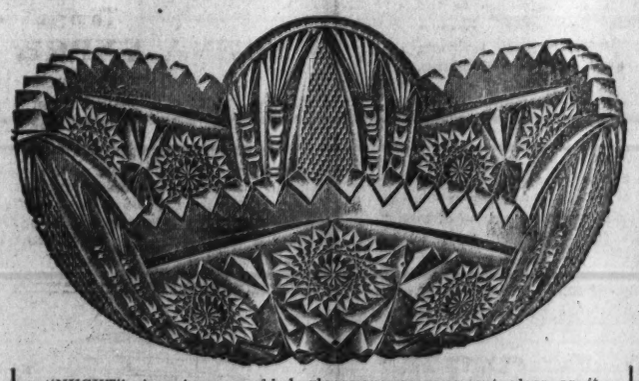
THE "IRENE" DINNER SET

A very neat printed design in apple green on English porcelain.
Set of 30 pieces Usual Price $18.50
" " " " Sale " **10.50**
Set of 58 pieces Usual " 37.50
" " " " Sale " **23.50**

THE "CLIFTON" DINNER SET.
White and gold sprig design, on English semi-porcelain.
Set of 30 pieces Usual Price $18.50
" " " " Sale " **11.50**

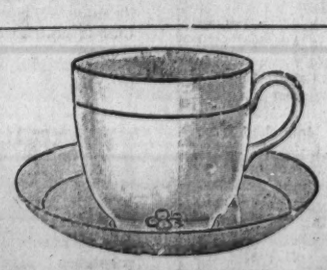
125 only
Footwarmers Strong English Stoneware, will not crack in use
Usual Price $1.75
Clearing Price **$1.25**

SPECIAL BARGAIN
50 only. Covered vegetable dishes. English semi-porcelain. various designs.
Usual Price $1.50 cts.
Half Price **75** *cents*



"NUCUT" American moulded glassware as near cut glass as it is possible to mould it. 300 Salad Bowls diameter 8½ inches square or round.
Usual Price $1.75 Clearing Price **$1.25** each
24 dozen. Sweet or Fruit dishes, Round, Oblong or Heart shape; oblong or Heart shape diameter
Usual Price 65 cts. SALE PRICE 45 cts.

50 dozen only. English semi-proclein Teacups and Saucers, very strong quality.
Usual Price $3.50 dozen.
Special Sale Price
$2.75 *dozen*



40 dozen only. English China Breakfast cups and saucers White and Gold sprig design.
Usual Price $6.50 dozen
Sale Price **$5.00** *doz.*

Every Department has tables packed with big values for you

WHITEAWAY, LAIDLAW & CO., LTD., SHANGHAI

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Prince Receives Final Greetings From New York

(Continued from Page 14)

the British throne fought in France. After five hundred years he was not fighting to conquer France but to save France and civilisation. There he met our boys in the trenches, over the top and on the battlefield. To me one of the most interesting incidents of his visit was when he went to the hospital at Washington and among the wounded American heroes there cheered and delighted them by his cordial soldierly greeting, but above all won their hearts by calling them comrades."

DEPEW TELLS A JOKE ON THE PRINCE

Mr. Depew drew a laugh, a shake of the head and a blush from the Prince when he said:

"No greater proof of how sensitive we are to each other's opinions can be given than this incident: It was reported in the press that an enthusiastic citizen of Boston asked the Prince in Canada, 'When will you visit Boston?' and the Prince replied, 'Where is Boston?' The effect on that city was electric. The police of Boston left their post, went on a strike and handed the Puritan city over to the mob. Then Boston was not only on the map, it filled the map.

"This is the last day of his Royal Highness with us, and it closes his visit. His has been an epoch-making trip. He has added new links, human links, to the ties which unite Canada to the British Empire. Many more missions have come to us druing the war than ever before. They have consisted of famous Generals great statesmen and powerful financiers. None of them have appealed to us like the Prince. To quote a homely New England saying, "He seems to be just among his own folks." He has grasped and tactfully interpreted our American ways and habits of looking at things. He speaks the American language. He has won our hearts. He carries home our appreciation, our affection and lasting memory."

THANKS THE PILGRIMS

Meantime, the loving cup had been set before the Prince once more, and Mr. Depew asked him to accept it as a token of the honorary membership in the society to which he had been elected in the afternoon. Cries of protest were heard once more at the obtruding blooms, but they were stilled when the Prince said:

"Thank you. I like the flowers very much. It is a great pleasure and privilege for me to meet so many American Pilgrims here tonight, and I thank the society most sincerely for its hospitality and for membership in it and for the loving cup and the flowers—I can assure you I am very glad to be able to hide behind them."

When the laugh at that had died away he went on:

"Now that I am a New Yorker in my own right I am happy that the first occasion on which I have had the pleasure of being a guest of the Pilgrim Society should be in this great city, and that I shall be meeting American pilgrims even before I have met their fellow-pilgrims in London.

"I am not going to make a long speech, but there are two things which I should like to say before leaving the United States, and particularly to a gathering like this tonight. I have already alluded, when addressing other New York gatherings, to the important part played by the United States in the great war, but I have never properly expressed British admiration for the promptness with which the American Nation adopted compulsory enlistment for the emergency. That made the whole world feel that the weight of this great nation would be thrown into the balance with the utmost rapidity, as indeed it was.

PRAISES RATIONING

"There is yet another form of your war service to which I have never alluded before—a very remarkable form, which made a deep impression upon the people of the British Empire. I refer to the wholehearted way in which the American nation accepted voluntary rationing in food and fuel. You all made a splendid response in this respect to the national appeal issued by Mr. Hoover, by whose devotion and organising power so much suffering and want have been alleviated in the countries hardest hit by the war. That act alone shows with what spirit the American nation can throw itself into a great cause.

"There is one other thing to which I should like to refer tonight, not only because it has impressed me with new force during my travels on this continent, but also because it is an actual and visible example of the objects and aims which the Pilgrims' Society was formed to promote. I do not think anywhere else in the world, except on the North American continent, will you find a frontier between two nations 3,000 miles long with no extensive physical barrier, no military defense, no other dividing line than a boundary determined and guaranteed by mutual confidence and goodwill.

"As a Britisher and as a Canadian I take a high pride in that boundary—the international frontier between Canada and the United States—for it seems to me to illustrate in a very striking and practical way the objects for which Americans and Britishers fought in the great war. Just think of it! The ideal which appears so difficult of attainment elsewhere has been an actual and positive reality in North America for over a hundred years.

"I have asked myself how that ideal has been attained here so much in advance of international conditions in other parts of the world, and I think the answer is quite clear. It has been attained because you on your side of the international boundary and we Britishers on ours have, under somewhat different forms, the same political faith, the same human aims, the same practical ideals. These two self-governing peoples, living side by side, each confident in the good-will of the other, have given this splendid example to the world."

With that the Prince laid aside his formal speech which he had been struggling, as always, to follow, without having had time to commit it to memory, and, adverting to Mr. Depew's narration of the West Point tradition about his grandfather, ended:

"Well, I must say that grandfather did better than I have done. I haven't had a night off at West Point or anywhere else."

That brought laughter and cheers which were stilled only long enough to listen to the concluding words of thanks and regret to New York ring out once more as the Prince departed.

VISITS ROOSEVELT'S GRAVE

The Prince of Wales paid his tribute to the memory of Colonel Theodore Roosevelt. So simply that the event hardly could be called a ceremony, at all, Edward Albert, with head bared and a look of sadness in his face, bent over the grave of the former President, at Oyster Bay, and deposited at its head a great wreath of laurel.

The royal visitor reached the cemetery at 11:30 and was met there by Lieut. Col. Theodore Roosevelt, eldest son of the late Colonel. The two shook hands, greeted each other heartily, and then walked silently, side by side, up the little hill to the grave. The waiting crowd, in which women and children predominated, had cheered as the guest arrived, but over them, too, fell a solemn hush as the little informal procession went up the hill.

Clarence H. Mackay, who had reached the cemetery a little earlier, had laid a sheaf of flowers beside the grave, and these appeared to confuse the Prince. He pointed to them interrogatively, evidently puzzled as to whether he was expected to deposit his wreath beside them. The Colonel's son shook his head and pointed to the head of the grave, and there the Prince put down his wreath, tied with a big bow of purple mourning ribbon. He stood for a moment with bowed head, and those who had gathered about him waited until the Prince turned quietly away, and in a moment the gathering at the cemetery had dissolved.

The British heir apparent had driven to Oyster Bay in a closed car with Viscount Grey, British Ambassador, and Rodman Wanamaker. As he entered the little town along South Street, he found a crowd of thousands lining his way, and making a gay picture with their waving American and British flags. They cheered him heartily, and Edward Albert, attired once more in mufti, bared his blonde head and waved his derby to right and left. Earlier he had seemed tired and nervous, but the hearty welcome seemed to cheer him, and his face brightened, the customary boyish smile appearing more and more often.

The official party, with its long trailing line of escorting automobiles, turned into Cove Neck Road, on the way to the cemetery, and there an even denser crowd turned the occasion for a moment into semblance of carnival, despite the solemn nature of the Prince's errand.

It was not until he reached Long Island City that he consented, in response to the urgings of those who watch over him, to forsake the open car in which he had started the journey and, in deference to the brisk morning, ride inside. Rear Admiral Sir Lionel Halsey, who had started out with him, decided to defy the fresh air, and remained in the open automobile.

The Prince had debarked from the royal barge at the Columbia Yacht Club landing promptly on schedule, and had found awaiting him there the largest crowd that yet has watched for his coming from the battle cruiser Renown. He responded to a volley of noisy hails with a cheery greeting, and looked happy when some of the younger of his admirers squirmed through the police lines and rushed up to shake his hand. Several very proud youngsters ran back to hide their self-consciousness in the oblivion of the crowd, carefully guarding from all possible contamination the hand which just had been shaken by such a celebrity.

Greeted all along by smiling and cheering and waving watchers, the Prince was whirled into Central Park. His car came to a halt at the Mall, mid-way between the Seventy-second and Fifty-ninth Street entrances, and there he was met by Dr. George F. Kunz, President of the Historic and Scenic Preservation Society. A group of park gardeners were holding a young English elm tree beside a hole, which had been dug to receive its roots. The Prince of Wales placed the tree in the bed prepared for it, and took a shovel, with which he put four spadefuls of earth about the tree. Then he handed back the shovel with the laughing remark:

"There, I think that's a big heap for a young fellow so early in the morning."

The crowd which had watched the three-minute ceremony, in which the Prince had but duplicated the performance of his grandfather in 1860, cheered and applauded, and a moment later the young man was on his way to Oyster Bay.

When the wreath had been laid on the Roosevelt grave the Prince and his party got back into their automobiles and were driven to the Piping Rock Club, where he was the guest at luncheon of the Board of Governors. About two hundred were in the party, which included, besides the Prince, his entourage and his American escorts and aids, members of the club who live in the surrounding countryside, and members of their families.

Roger Winthrop, President of the club, presided at the luncheon, which was of a purely social nature, without speechmaking. With the coming of the coffee he proposed a toast to the Prince of Wales, and the drinking of this was followed by much applause. The orchestra played "God Save the King," and then the toastmaster proposed a toast to America and President Wilson. In the drinking of this the Prince, of course, joined, standing with the others at attention during the playing of "The Star-Spangled Banner." A moment later the party was over, and Edward Albert went to the lawn in the front of the clubhouse, where he planted another tree. After a tour of the grounds, he paused long enough for a few women guests to be presented to him, then started back to New York by automobile at 2 o'clock, in order to reach the Renown in time for the functions scheduled to take place on board during the afternoon.

PRINCE GREETS 1,000 PUPILS

One thousand New York school children from twenty-nine high schools went aboard the British battle cruiser Renown yesterday afternoon to see the Prince of Wales. They were conveyed to the warship in a naval tug and two of the municipal steamboats. The Police Boat Patrol, covered with American and British flags and the band on deck playing popular airs, circled around during the reception. About half the number were young women with a springling of girls, and the remainder were youths who carried American flags.

The officers and the crew of the Renown expected to have 1,000 children come on board the ship and had made preparations for them.

The carpenter's mates rigged up an electric switchback railway on the forward deck and the sailors placed handspikes in the steam capstan aft for the children to sit upon and have a merry-go-round. The officers of the Renown made a bran bag, which is one of the ship's canvas bags filled with bran and all kinds of little gifts placed inside done up in small boxes for the little ones to dive for with their hands. These childlike pastimes were abandoned when the news was sent off to the Commander of the Renown that there would not be any little children in the party. As the tenders with the school girls on board came alongside they sang glees, and the Prince of Wales, dressed in the uniform of a naval Captain, stood on the grating of the accommodation ladder on the starboard quarter and saluted them. Tables were set out for tea on the after deck, and 500 were served at a sitting.

When a few hundred of the juvenile guests were assembled and cheering him on the quarterdeck under the awning, the Prince of Wales walked into a position amidships and standing with one foot on the capstan said: "I am delighted to welcome so many girls and boys of the New York schools on board the Renown, and I thank you for the kindly welcome you have given me in New York and the friendly words which have been addressed to me. The Renown, as you see, is a very large ship, but she is not large enough to hold the many thousands of boys and girls of New York whom I would like to invite on board today. I have been having a very good time in this great city, and I hope you will have a good time here this afternoon, and I hope you will carry away a happy memory of my party.

"I want you to have some small memento of this party and I have therefore arranged for you to be given a box of chocolates before leaving the ship. I thank you for coming."

The speech was in progress when the Police Boat Patrol came close up with its brass band on deck playing a popular march. Commissioner Grover A. Whalen who was on the deck of the Renown, waved his hat to the bandmaster to stop because the music drowned the Prince's voice.

Captain Robert Foster brought his young daughter, Miss Mary Frances Foster, who presented a bouquet of American beauties and Killarney roses to his Royal Highness, and also handed to the Prince a gold mesh purse to be taken by him to the Princess Mary, his sister. In a speech to the Prince of Wales introducing his daughter, Captain Foster said:

"As an American and a native of the City of Dublin, and a son of the oldest volunteer from Ireland to enlist in the British Navy during the late war, and in the names of hundreds of thousands of Americans of Irish birth and ancestry who are not affiliated with any organisations or societies, and who have no opportunity of expressing their good-will to you, I bid you a hearty welcome to these United States.

"No Prince or potentate who has visited these shores has left a happier impression on the minds of the people than you have left. They feel that if you were stripped of all that rank and birth have given you you would still be a man in every particular. Your democracy is natural and sincere; the twinkle in your eye has shown the people that you can give a joke, and you have proved yourself to be the prince of good fellows.

"Good-bye, good luck, God bless you."

During the afternoon about thirty of the United States mine sweepers which have just returned from their arduous duties in the North Sea left their anchorage off Tompkinsville, S. I. and moved up to the Hudson River above Ninetieth Street. The Prince stood on the after part of the quarter deck and watched the small craft pass by. He had a difficult task to get away from the school girls who pulled him this way and that in their efforts to obtain his autograph to the photographs they had brought off with them. One youth from the east side pushed every one aside and went to the Prince while he was talking with some American officers and thrust his picture card out with a pencil, but it was not signed. The Prince did sign a number of photographs, and then had to escape before he lost the gold bottons from his uniform coat.

"Isn't he a dear?" one girl student said, and the girls around her echoed the sentiment, while the Prince blushed.

The Prince of Wales had decided not to come on shore today before sailing but at the last moment he was asked to review 5,000 Boy Scouts, who will be drawn up in the form of a hollow square at the Columbia Yacht Club landing at 8 a.m. He will come off about 8:15 and say a few words to them and then return to the Renown for the investitures which take place at 9 a.m. As the name of each veteran is called an officer will take the medal from the table and hand it to the Prince who will decorate the recipient with it.

The ceremony is expected to occupy half an hour. Three hundred guests have been invited.

After the reception luncheon will be served at noon, and the Renown will sail for Halifax on the first leg of her homeward journey at 2 p.m. unless other arrangements are made today.

RECEPTION PLEASES BRITAIN

London, November 21.—Appreciation of the welcome extended to the Prince of Wales in the United States was expressed by Earl of Curzon, the Secretary for Foreign Affairs, today.

"England is deeply touched by the warmth of the reception the United States has accorded the Prince of Wales," Lord Curzon said to The Associated Press. "There could be no surer indication of the depth of the real friendship which unites the great English-speaking nations. England has watched the events of the past few days with eager interest and rejoices in this new manifestation of mutual affection and esteem."

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By Appointment To H.M. The King.

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COFFEE

Contains: CAFFEINE 2 5 gr. TANNIN 2.4 gr.

VS.

INSTANT POSTUM

Contains: NEITHER CAFFEINE, TANNIN, OR ANY OTHER HARMFUL DRUG.

Any analytical chemist can prove by analysis, that coffee contains two harmful drugs—

Caffeine—an alkaloid that irritates the heart, liver and kidneys, and upsets the nerves.

Tannin—a drug which produces an astringent action upon the tissues of the stomach and bowels.

But the greatest test of all is made in thousands of homes where it is daily proven by personal experience that headaches, biliousness, indigestion, heart irritation and nervousness are very often caused by coffee drinking.

An ordinary cup of coffee contains about 2½ grains of caffeine, and 2-2/5 grains of tannin.

Some coffee concerns have tried in various ways—without much success—to rid coffee of its caffeine, because they know its harmful effects. Now they are agitated because people are objecting to the presense of tannin in coffee—the same element (but obtained from bark) that is used to tan leather.

The simple, easy way out of coffee troubles is to quit this harmful beverage and use the pure food-drink

INSTANT POSTUM

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PEIYANG TROUBLE IS NOT YET OVER

New President Chosen Three Weeks Ago Said To Be Anxious To Resign

(*From Our Own Correspondent*)

Peking, December 29.—The troubles at Peiyang University under the presidency of Mr. Chao Tien-lin have been handed down to his successor, Dr. Feng, who took over the administration of the school some three weeks ago, and that educator has now left the school for his residence in Tientsin and is anxious to resign.

Dr. Feng, who is an American returned student, having graduated at Harvard and Chicago Universities, has been a professor in the Law Department of Peiyang University for the past six years. He was appointed to the presidency of the university by Civil Governor Tsao Jui as soon as the former president, Chao Tien-lin, left the school to take up a position in the Kailan Mining Administration. From the beginning of his administraton Dr. Feng had trouble with the engineering students of the school, and particularly with the same group of Peking students who were the leaders of the strike against Mr. Chao last month.

THREE CHARGES

The students have three charges against Dr. Feng: (1) that he is a poor teacher and has always been irregular in attending classes; (2) that he is a lawyer and hence not qualified to head what will be a purely engineering school after the present academic year; and (3) that he was appointed by the provincial authorities, whereas the president of the university, which is a Government institution, should be selected by the Ministry of Education.

In reply to these charges Tsao Jui, the Civil Governor who appointed Dr. Feng, points out that the students are not united in their opposition to him, the law students having refused to join the engineering students in prefering charges against him, and that it is not fair to pass upon the capacity of a university president who has been in office for barely three weeks.

Governor Tsao also says that, although Pelyang University is a Government school, it is supported at present with funds from the Chihli Provincial Treasury, which deducts the amount devoted for the use of the university from its regular remittances to the Central Government. Thus the Governor maintains that his support of the university entities him to appoint its president.

MAY BE CLOSED

Governor Tsao is opposed to the resignation of Dr. Feng at this time, as he regards that educator's withdrawal under student pressure as a serious danger to future student discipline and detrimental to the prestige of the Chihli Provincial authorities, including himself. Thus the Ministry of Education has been requested to issue a proclamation urging the students to go back to work under the existing regime and to let Dr. Feng alone henceforth. If this proclamation fails to produce good results it is understood that Tsao Jui will close the university, or that he will at least bring about the closing of the university by withholding from it the provincial financial support that it now enjoys. This puts the issue entirely up to the Ministry of Education, which will be obliged either to ensure the discipline of the school under the Feng regime or to provide funds for the continued operation of the school under any regime that it may see fit to put in. This latter alternative can hardly be realised, however, because the Ministry of Education has no funds at its disposal and is even now trying to scrape together enough money to pay off the striking professors and teachers of Peking.

Urges Development Of Mine Resources Of British Empire

(*Reuter's Service*)

London, Jan. 1.—Sir Richard Redmayne who has recently resigned his post of Chief Inspector of Mines, interviewed with reference to the work of the imperial Mineral Resources Bureau of which he is Chairman, pointed out that an immense amount of valuable work had been done throughout the Empire since the composition of the Bureau was completed in July, 1918.

The Bureau, he said, has been engaged in an extensive statistical classification of the Empire's mineral resources through the medium of sixteen technical committees comprising some of the best-known mining and metallurgical experts of the Empire.

With a view to establishing still closer connection, the Bureau has suggested that all parts of the Empire should appoint a qualified representative to act as corresponding member.

Sir Richard Redmayne mentioned as an unqualified success the experiment adopted by South Africa and India of sending a mechanical representative to the United Kingdom to keep in close touch with the Bureau. The experiment he said, had been of reciprocal advantage.

China Political Notes From Chinese Papers

The Chihli faction has asked the Government to honor ex-President Feng Kuo-chang with a state funeral and burial. Both President Hsu Shih-chang and Tuan Chi-jui are in favor of the suggestion. It is expected that the Cabinet will approve the measure.

Both the Chihli and the Anhui cliques are planning to support President Hsu jointly in order to strengthen the power of the Peiyang party. General Tuan Chi-jui endorses this movement and when he was asked to tiffin on New Year's Day by the President, he had occasion to refer to this plan.

The offering of New Year greetings by members of the Diplomatic Corps to President Hsu was made under the leadership of Sir John Jordan, the British Minister. They entered the Presidential Palace at 11 a.m. and made their speeches of congratulation.

The report that General Feng Yu-hsiang of Changteh, Hunan, has died of wounds has been officially denied. A telegram from General Feng to the Cabinet yesterday stated that he has already left hospital. Tuchun Chang Ching-yao has also reported to the same effect.

According to a telegraphic report by Tuchun Li Hao-chi of Fukien, General Fan Shen-tao's troops have been routed by those of Sun Yuen-yuen and they are fleeing in every direction. He has despatched troops to the front to prevent the exodus from penetrating the defense line. It is reported that the Southwest will soon send warships to Fukien. General Li asks that the Government urge the Canton authorities not to send any vessels.

With reference to the dismissal of Tuchun Chang Shu-yuan from the Governership of Shantung, there is a great deal of dissention among the Tuchuns. The Government will first investigate into the question of military expenses in Shantung in order to satisfy the complainants.

The demand of foreign merchants to establish a mint in Shanghai will be rejected on the ground that the question of currency is an internal one and there should not be any foreign intervention. However, the Government will by its own accord establish a mint in Shanghai to maintain the present financial situation.

A circular order has been issued by the Ministry of the Interior, stating that the police will be empowered to interfere with all organisations which tend to disturb the peace and order of the localities.

New Year's Honors Announced In London

(*Reuter's Service*)

London, Jan. 1.—The New Years honors include:

Earldom, Viscount Middleton.

Barons: Sir Bertrand Dawson, Physician in ordinary to the King; Sir George Riddell, newspaper proprietor, who was in charge of the British press arrangements at the Peace Conference and Sir Albert Stanley, late President of the Board of Trade.

Privy Councillors: Mr. Charles Doherty and Mr. Arthur Sifton, Canadian representatives at the Peace Conference, Sir Frederick Lugard, ex-Governor of Nigeria, Mr. W. A. Watt, Acting Prime Minister of Australia, and Sir W. T. White, Acting Prime Minister of Canada.

Baronets—Sir Henry Birchenough, Director of the British South Africa Company and late Chairman of the Advisory Council to the Ministry of Reconstruction, Mr. John Traill Cargill, Chairman of the Burmah Oil Co., Mr. Hugo Cunliffe Owen, for war propaganda services in the Far East. Sir Thomas Holderness, Permanent Under Secretary of State for India.

Knights—Dr. Ernest Budge, head of the Egyptian Department at the British Museum; Mr. H. J. Mackinder, M.P., member of the advisory council to the Ministry of Reconstruction and formerly Director of the London School of Economics; Mr. Thomas Robinson M.P., Director of the Bradford Dyers Association.

The foregoing are included in the Prime Minister's list, which comprises 7 Commanders of the Bath, 19 Baronets, and 36 Knights.

Plans Announced To Remove American Dead From France

Remains Of 18,000 Outside Of Former War Zone Will Be Sent Home

(*American Wireless Service*)

Paris, Dec. 27.—The French government has decided to permit the immediate removal of the bodies of 18,000 Americans who are buried outside the former army zone in France. Col. R. F. Bethers, U. S. A. chief mortuary officer refused, however, to allow the balance, about 50,000, who are buried inside the army zone to be taken to the United States for the present.

Lack of transportation facilities which would cause internal confusion was given as the reason. The French Foreign Office mentioned two or three years as the period during which it was desired that Americans refrain from removing any bodies from inside the military zone. This is the outcome of negotiations of the last two weeks at the Foreign Office.

The exhuming of bodies which can be sent homeward will begin as soon as Colonel Bethers learns the parents' wishes. Owing to the immenseness of the task it will probably not start until he has been notified as to the redisposition of the majority of the bodies. Meanwhile the exhumation of the 500 buried in England will be carried on rapidly. Col. Bethers plans to bring a small army of embalmers and exhumers from the United States to work in the two hundred cemeteries, large and small, all over France. Col. Bethers said he expected that at least half of the relatives would prefer the body to remain in France. What will be done with the latter has not been decided. It has been suggested that they be collected in one or two large all-American graveyards, one perhaps to be in Paris.

SEATTLE BUILDING WORLD'S GREATEST COMMERCIAL PIER

Seattle, Washington, November 30.—Seattle is building what shipping authorities declare will be the largest commercial pier in the world. This enterprise will cost $2,500,000 and will be ready for use by May 1, 1920.

The new terminal will be known as Smith Cove Pier B. It will be 2,560 feet long and 365 feet wide. Eleven ocean-going vessels will be able to dock at one time along this pier. The first transit shed will be 500 feet long and 120 feet wide, but eventually the wharf will have two transit sheds 1,000 feet long by 120 feet in width. At no port on the seven seas is there a commercial pier as large as this, according to officials of the Seattle Port Commission.

The substructure of the terminal is 80 percent completed and the rock rip-rap work is 60 percent finished.

The new Seattle shipping terminal not only will be equipped with the most modern devices for handling cargo, but will have passenger accommodations, waiting rooms and landing stages.

Work on the fill beneath the center of the wharf, which will require 645,000 cubic yards of earth, is progressing rapidly with only 5,000 cubic yards more to be placed.

The new pier will be practically a duplicate of the Port Commissions's present Smith Cove Pier A, but considerably longer. The Port of Seattle now has upwards of $18,000,000 invested in deepwater piers, transit sheds, grain elevators, cold storage plants and other ocean terminal facilities, all of which are publicly owned and operated. Each month the operation of these facilities shows a profit, so that no tax levies against property holders of Seattle are necessary to maintain these terminals.

25,000 Follow Ashes Of Haase, German Socialist, To Grave

Berlin, November 13 (Associated Press).—The ashes of Hugo Haase, leader of the Independent Socialists, were deposited in the Lichterfielde Cemetery today.

It is estimated that 25,000 men tramped through six inches of slush, caused by the heavy snowfall, behind the hearse bearing the urn to the cemetery. The cortege was more than an hour in passing a given point.

Mammoth red-ribboned wreaths formed a conspicuous feature of the procession, which started from the Reichstag immediately after the conclusion of a memorial service held there.

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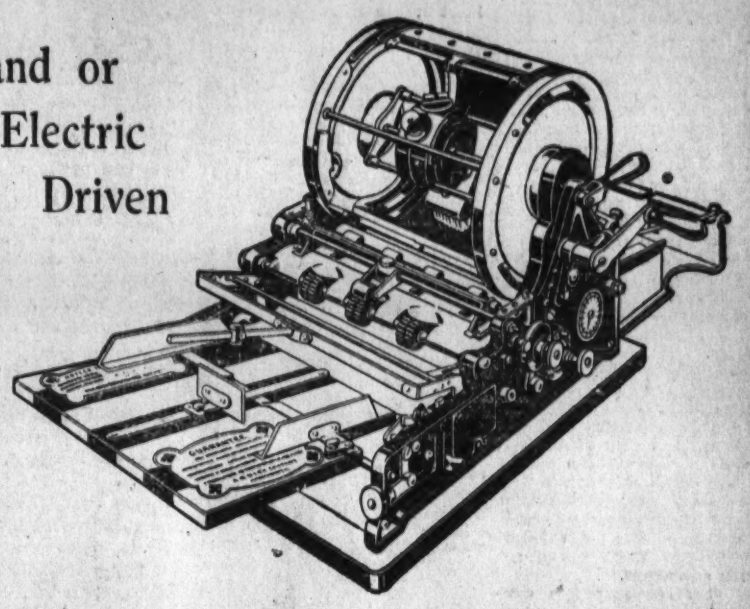

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Post-War Lonesomeness Hits London In Wave

By George T. Bye

London, Nov. 20.—That usual English trait, shyness, doubtless due to the upbringing of upper class children as detached entities, and often mistaken for diffidence, has its pain in loneliness at home as well as bashfulness abroad.

For example, the following want ads from a recent issue of the London Times:

Bachelor, middle aged, independent means, interested in thing worth while, but rather board and lonely, would like to meet congenial companion who would suggest remedy.

Adventure.—Ex-officer, public school, linguist, welcomes suggestions.

Naval officer, young, distinguished services, wishes introduction into London society.

Do you like getting long letters? Officer, lately demobilised, sole asset capacity for writing amusing letters, will write to you; references if needed. 5 guineas ($25) for three months effort.

Bored bachelor (demobilised major) seeks thrilling and romantic adventures.

Lady would appreciate companionship to ride horseback through London.

Gentleman, 34, feeling stale, wants cheery week ends with congenial companion.

"Stranger" means just that in England, and not as in America "Hello, whoever you are." The Englishman has his few cronies to whom he holds in a life-and-death friendship. He seldom moves. He seldom changes his interests. His neighbors remain the same throughout his natural lifetime. He has happiness in select old friendships, but they are not perfect friendships until long seasoned.

LONESOMENESS WAVE

The war disrupted thousands of these little circles of cronies. Many a demobilised soldier has been unable to find a single one of his pre-war pals; they were all killed. Families have been forcibly scattered. Businesses that formerly gave occupation went to the wall before the armistice and are not now in a position to re-employ old hands. That means a re-start by employes elsewhere. The English have been bewildered by all this change.

Consequently a great wave of lonesomeness is sweeping the country. If it once were regarded as decorous not to speak to a strange alongside you in a train or opposite you in a restaurant—really a concession to that shyness—it is now a national curse. The man who once shrank inside himself publicly and during his working hours, and was able to endure it in anticipation of rich hours of companionship with old friends in the evenings, is frequently denied that consolation now.

It is a case of people, people everywhere and not a chummy soul in all the crowd. I have been told several times by Englishmen with genuine sincerity too, I am sure how greatly they envy us Americans being "mixers." And it is a pretty lucky gift to be able to approach any interesting stranger and learn, without introduction or pretext, in about five minutes, his name, business, married or single, religion, hobby, politics, opinion on the League of Nations and choice in salads. An Englishman cannot do that.

FORMAL RALLIES

If the lead is up to an Englishman he will beam at the person he is to entertain and devote himself wholeheartedly in showing that he wishes to be friends, but it seems he has a fence around his heart and he cannot quickly find a key to the gate. He would regard it as indelicate to ask a personal question, but would welcome the enquiry addressed to him and think nothing of the boldness of the stranger. At least, I believe so. I have made two good friends over here by saying to them, next to me in cafes, "How do you do. Lots of rain, isn't it? I don't like Dickens. Do you?"

"Get-together" meetings are not held here. They have formal "rallies." When I was in America for a short visit in August I was invited to a shirt-sleeve luncheon of the Rotary Club in my home town. Oddly enough, my host was an Englishman, and he bloomed out, as did the other members, with a large celluloid button bearing his first name in large letters, his family name so small it could hardly be read. Everybody was Pete or Fred or Bill; there were no misters there. "This couldn't go on back in the old country," I said to my friend. "I know it," said he, "but isn't it fine?"

Even club members don't speak casually to each other. May I repeat the well known story of Sir J. M. Barrie of the member of the Athenaeum Club who burst into tears when asked if he was finished with a newspaper, explaining it was the first time in thirty-five years that any one had spoken to him at the club.

Due to the aggravated loneliness of English folks, a magazine known as "The Link" is said to have quite a boom. It calls itself "A Monthly Social Medium for Lonely People," and contains in addition to editorials eulogising genuine friendship and disparaging adventurous affairs and gushy letter-writing, hundreds of small numbered advertisements of men and women seeking companionship. Some of them that are remarkable little cameos of life are taken from the October issue and follow:

MORE CAMEOS

Lonely Officer would welcome correspondence with London boys, 19-24. View fixing up chum when on leave. Enclose snap photo.

Lonely Kanak, 22, looks 30, ugly, bashful, quite sincere, also bad letter writer, would like to correspond with working girl; real friend wanted.

Young soldier seeks correspondence with same sex, with view to friendship.

Gentleman (London), educated, musical, sympathetic, lonely, human, wishes meet lady, young or middle-aged, minus a limb or otherwise physically crippled.

Young artist (Liverpool), good family, tall, dark, well-educated, fond of dancing, requires real pal, male.

Gentleman (Manchester) 30, desires to meet or correspond with one or two chums, own sex preferred.

Londoner, young, would like to correspond with girl, not over 23, who wears earrings. Also with any persons interested in tattooing, either sex.

Officer (France) young, sporty, very lonely, requires real friend, either sex. Do write someone.

Tempest (London), a thoroughly bad-tempered girl wishes to meet thoroughly bad-tempered man under 40.

Lady (Kent), 40, educated, of good appearance and position bright, happy disposition, wishes to meet with educated man of some appearance and standing, 40-60. Also lady.

F.T. (London), 30, tall, educated, wishes meet reliable educated man, tall, of good appearance, for country walks, outings Saturdays and Sundays. Nice girl friend also.

All Hail (Sussex). Irish lady bored by many aunts and sundry other relations, waves a welcome to all who love laughter, literature, freedom, open air, and can appreciate a mist on the hills.

Musical Mabel (Sussex), muddling along unmusical groove, desires correspondent not obsessed with the Arts only, but with human tendencies also. Foreigners welcomed.

Perplexed (London), Just an ordinary little woman would like to meet interesting man of the world, dark and not over 45.

F.P. (Mitcham), 45, widow, would like to meet educated man, 45-48, jolly, for pal.

The Link is sold monthly at most news-stands and comes in a sealed envelope, probably to mark its strictly confidential nature. There are other papers for "lonely people" as well as marriage bureaus and their papers.

St. John's University News Items

There were three days holiday on the occasion of the 1919 Christmas. Students were allowed to leave the college after the Christmas service on Thursday morning until Sunday evening, December 28. With the exception of those who have no homes in town or its vicinity, all students returned home to enjoy their vacation.

On Friday evening, December 26, about 150 boys of the families from the Zaukadoo Sunday School, which is under the charge of Mrs. F. L. Hawks Pott, wife of the president of the University; were entertained in the Alumni Hall. The program began with magic by a Chinese juggler and his suite, and ended with the distribution of gifts to the children. Every child received a present-of a towel, soap, toothbrush, and some candy and peanuts, and the young folks were kept merry by the spirit of Christmas.

Dr. F. L. Hawks Pott, president of the University, addressed the Christmas Service of the Sunday Service League on "Who for Our Sakes Became Poor" at the Martyrs' Memorial Hall, Chinese Y. M. C. A., on Sunday afternoon, December 28.

The Diocesan Board of Education of Kiangsu held its annual meeting at St. John's on Monday afternoon, December 29. General discussion constituted the chief items of the meeting.

Dr. Y. Y. Tsu, Professor of Sociology spoke before the American University Club at its annual meeting held on Tuesday evening, December 30. Dr. Tsu was elected assistant secretary of the club for the ensuing year.

A holiday was granted to the students on the New Year Day of 1920. After the morning service, the students were permitted to go out. There was a roll call at 9 in the evening.

With Mr. W. M. Porterfield of the faculty acting as the resident coach, the St. John's Basketball season for the year opened after the Christmas holidays. The early start of the season this year was due to the entering of the team into the Shanghai Basketball League, which necessitates the lengthening of the regular season. The call for new candidates has been announced and a schedule of games has been out. Many enthusiasts have responded to the call, and practice is in full swing.

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The Care Of The Eyes

By Dr. F. M. Gensburger., Oph D.

To fully cover the subject of the conservation of vision and the proper functioning of the eyes, would require too much space, for it is a subject of deep study.

Fifty years ago we knew very little about the eye, which is one of the most delicate and intricate organs of our body. Glasses were not fitted in a scientific manner, but in a hit or miss sort of way, which was the best they knew in those times, consequently people could not be censured for a lack of confidence in the doctors prescribing glasses, and for the abuse given their eyes through ignorance of the fact, that they should be wearing glasses constantly.

Little was known of astigmatism or how to correct it; the muscles and their nerve supply were not understood and their importance in regard to easy, comfortable vision was greatly underestimated.

Convex and concave lenses could be obtained, but often the practitioner prescribing the lenses did not know what the defect was, he was correcting nor upon what principle his work was based.

People were under the impression that the eye was a very mysterious organ, and indeed, to a great extent, they were right, for in that period of fifty years ago, this subject was in comparative darkness and ignorance.

We, of today, have no excuse to offer for abusing and neglecting our eyes. Today we have the most scientific instruments for determining the refractive conditions of the eyes, instruments for examining the interior of the eyes, for diagnosing any diseased condition that may be present, and the best of machinery and materials for manufacturing lenses, frames or optical devices.

Men and women of today have no excuse to offer for not knowing the conditions of their own eyes, or the eyes of their children, because every community has competent specialists capable of undertaking this line of work.

Yet, thousands of people every where are going about, feeling miserable, with headaches, frowns, squints, and numerous other visible and invisible symptoms of eye-strain, through ignorance or false pride and neglect to have their eyes cared for.

About thirty percent of the nervous energy of the body is given to the eyes, consequently, if these organs are not working in harmony and functioning properly, we cannot keep up our work to its highest standard of efficiency. Especially will the work of those, whose occupations keep them at desks, or doing fine work of any kind, suffer from need of glasses.

A few years ago, it was thought that none but those well along in years, required glasses, and for reason, young people did not like to wear them, because they felt that it made them appear conspicuous. That day is passed, as today there are just as many young people wearing glasses as old. The main thing we have to combat is false pride, especially in the gentle sex, but we hope, that their prejudice to glasses may be overcome in time, when they are brought to realise, that frowning, squinting, and wrinkles are far worse looking than glasses.

If you should require glasses, wear them constantly, if so advised, and you will enjoy better health, better nerves, look more youthful, and if in the past, you were a pessimist, you will soon become an optimist.

AMERICAN TRAINING SHIP SHOWS PROFIT ON HAWAIIAN TRIP

Seattle, Washington, November 30.—For the first time in the history of Uncle Sam's merchant marine a training ship will be made to show a profit. When the steamship Brookdale, of the United States Shipping Board's Sea Service Bureau, sailed from Seattle recently it carried 150 embryo seamen and 2,200 tons of lumber, box hooks, flour and other freight for Hawaii. Regular freight rates were charged for transporting this cargo.

Ordinarily a training ship carries only youthful enthusiasts bent on grasping the intricate details of seamanship. This training service has been costing the government a snug sum, but Shipping Board officials believe it is worth all it costs. With the voyage of the Brookdale some of this cost will be turned to profit and besides the apprentices will have the actual experience of navigating a steamship on the high seas, laden with cargo and in all the circumstances prevailing were the vessel in the regular service of the merchant marine.

This unique feat was possible because Seattle was able to furnish cargo suited to the facilities of the ship. Government inspectors have pronounced the training station at Seattle one of the best of the six now operating. Of the 11,960 placements made by the Seattle office between August 1, 1918 and November 5, 1919, 2,881 were graduates of the Seattle training station. There have been 2,276 graduate replacements, making a total of 5,157 placements of men trained by the recruiting service here. Included in this number are graduates from the navigation and engineering schools conducted by the Shipping Board in Seattle. These schools prepared men for licensed deck officers and engineers.

The United States today is training its sailors as well as building its ships. Before the war few sailors on American ships were Americans. Now apprentices after serving their training period become ordinary seamen, firemen or stewards. Each sees the road to promotion straight ahead and there are few who do not aspire to go through one rating after another to captain, chief engineer or chief steward.

Lanhsien Schools Have Merry Xmas

(China Press' Correspondence)

Lanhsien, Chihli, December 29.—The Mission Schools at Lanhsien, Shanhaikuan and Changli, celebrated Christmas by closing for four days, entertaining churches with songs, recitations, theatrical performances on a small scale, and noise. Christmas Day the weather was delightful, but the two days following were stormy and so interferred considerably with the celebration.

At Changli the American missionaries met at Dr. J. H. Baldwin's for Christmas dinner and a good time with the children afterwards. Changli has eight small children this year among the foreign population and the mothers have taken advantage of this to start a kindergarten.

Mr. C. P. Culver left Christmas night for Peking when he was operated on at the Union Medical Hospital for appendicitis. A telegram received at Changli reported a successful operation.

Rev. E. J. Aeschliman of Peking spent Christmas at Changli and gave a most interesting talk to the missionary body on his experiences in Y. M. C. A. work during the war at the Philadelphia Navy Yard, the Great Lakes Naval Training Station and other places. He described vividly the ravages of the "flu" at the Naval Training Station, where in one night over eighty men died in the hospital.

This winter the "flu" has been about and in some of the villages many have died, but the fatalities have not been anything like those of last year.

KUNG YIK COTTON SPINNING & WEAVING CO., LTD.

SHANGHAI

NOTICE

The Tenth Ordinary Meeting of Shareholders in the above Company will be held at the Offices of the General Managers, No. 3a Peking Road, on Wednesday, 14 January, 1920, at 11:00 o'clock in the forenoon to receive the Report and Accounts of the Company to 30th November, 1919.

The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from 6th to 15th January, 1920, both days inclusive.

JARDINE, MATHESON AND CO., LTD.,
General Managers.

Shanghai, 23rd December, 1919.

KUNG YIK COTTON SPINNING & WEAVING CO., LTD.

SHANGHAI

Notice is hereby given that an Extraordinary General Meeting of The Kung Yik Cotton Spinning and Weaving Co., Ltd. will be held at the offices of the General Managers, 3a Peking Road, Shanghai, on Wednesday, the 14th day of January, 1920, in the forenoon immediately after the close of the Ordinary General Meeting of shareholders when the subjoined resolutions will be proposed as extraordinary resolutions, namely:—

RESOLUTION 1

That the words "or auditors" shall be inserted in the first line of sub-article 4 of Article XIV of the Company's Articles of Association immediately after the word "Auditor."

RESOLUTION 2.

That the following sub-article be inserted after sub-article 4 of Article XIV of the Company's Articles of Association and be numbered 5, namely:—

(5) "The General Managers with the approval of the Consulting Committee may fill any casual vacancy in the office of auditor, but while any such vacancy continues the surviving or continuing auditor or auditors (if any) may act."

RESOLUTION 3.

That the following sub-article be substituted for sub-article 5 of Article XIV of the Company's Articles of Association and be renumbered 6, namely:—

"(6) The remuneration of the auditor (s) shall be fixed by the Company in General Meeting except that the remuneration of any auditors appointed to fill any casual vacancy may be fixed by the Consulting Committee."

RESOLUTION 4.

That the first sub-article of Article XV of the Company's Articles of Association be cancelled, and that in lieu thereof the following sub-articles be inserted:—

"XV (1) Messrs. Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd. and its successors in business (being a British Firm or Company) so long as that Company or its successors shall be willing to act (subject as provided by the next ensuing sub-article hearin) and shall possess the requisite share qualification, namely, at least seven thousand five hundred (7,500) Ordinary Shares of the Company shall be the General Managers of the Company: and so long as that Company or its successors shall be such General Managers, the Senior representative for the time being in Shanghai of that Company or of its successors, shall be the Chairman of the Company. The Company shall forthwith enter into an agreement in writing to employ the said Messrs. Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd. and its successors in business, as such General Managers upon the terms above set forth.

"XV (2) The General Managers shall not resign their office without giving to the Consulting Committee six calendar months previous notice in writing to take effect on the last day of the financial year of the Company which expires next after such six months notice shall have expired, or at the same time as the expiration of such six months notice.

"XV (3) In the event of the said Messrs. Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd. or its successors in business (being a British Firm or Company) ceasing to be the General Managers another British Firm or Company shall be appointed in their place by shareholders at a General Meeting to be convened by the Consulting Committee or by Shareholders for that purpose, upon such terms and conditions as may be agreed upon."

RESOLUTION 5.

That sub-article No. 8 of Article No. XV of the Company's Articles of Association be cancelled.

RESOLUTION 6.

That sub-articles Nos. 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9 and 10 of Article No. XV of the Company's Articles of Association be renumbered 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10 and 11 respectively.

Should the above resolutions be passed by the requisite majority they will be submitted for confirmation as special resolutions, to a second Extraordinary Meeting which will be subsequently convened.

By order of the Consulting Committee.

JARDINE, MATHESON AND CO., LTD.,
General Managers,
Kung Yik Cotton Spinning and Weaving Co., Ltd.

Shanghai, 23rd December, 1919.

27132

BUSINESS AND OFFICIAL NOTICES

(Continued from Page 24)

EWO COTTON SPINNING & WEAVING CO., LTD.

SHANGHAI

Notice is hereby given that the Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from 13th January, 1920, to the 17th January, 1920, both days inclusive.

JARDINE, MATHESON AND CO., LTD.,
General Managers,
Ewo Cotton Spinning and Weaving Co., Ltd.

Shanghai, 22nd December, 1919.

EWO COTTON SPINNING & WEAVING CO., LTD.

SHANGHAI

Notice is hereby given that an extraordinary general meeting of the Ewo Cotton Spinning and Weaving Co., Ltd. will be held at 3a Peking Road, Shanghai, on Tuesday, the 6th day of January, 1920, at 11:30 o'clock in the forenoon when the subjoined resolutions which were passed at the extraordinary general meeting of the Company held on the 22nd day December, 1919 will be submitted for confirmation as special resolutions, namely:

RESOLUTION 1

That the words "or auditors" shall be inserted in the first line of subarticle No. 4 of Article No. XIV of the Company's Articles of Association immediately after the word "Auditor."

RESOLUTION 2.

That the following subarticle be inserted after subarticle No. 4 of Article No. XIV of the Company's Articles of Association and be numbered 5, namely:—

(5) "The General Managers with the approval of the Consulting Committee may fill any casual vacancy in the office of auditor, but while any such vacancy continues the surviving or continuing auditor or auditors (if any) may act."

RESOLUTION 3.

That the following subarticle be substituted for subarticle No. 5 of Article No. XIV of the Company's Articles of Association and be renumbered 6, namely:—

(6) "The remuneration of the auditor (s) shall be fixed by the Company in General Meeting except that the remuneration of any auditors appointed to fill any casual vacancy may be fixed by the Committee."

RESOLUTION 4.

That the first subarticle of Article No. XV of the Company's Articles of Association be cancelled and that in lieu thereof the following subarticles be inserted:—

"XV (1) Messrs. Jardine, Matheson and Co., Ltd. and its successors in business (being a British Firm or Company) so long as that Company or its successors shall be willing to act (subject as provided by the next ensuing subarticle herein) and shall possess the requisite share qualification namely at least two thousand (2,000) Ordinary Shares of the Company shall be the General Managers of the Company: and so long as that Company or its successors shall be such General Managers, the Senior representativo for the time being in Shanghai of that Company or of its successors shall be the Chairman of the Company. The Company shall forthwith enter into an agreement in writing to employ the said Messrs. Jardine, Matheson and Co., Ltd. and its successors in business as such General Managers upon the terms above set forth.

"XV (2) The General Managers shall not resign their office without giving to the Consulting Committee six calendar months' previous notice in writing to take effect on the last day of the financial year of the Company which expires next after such six months notice shall have expired, or at the same time as the expiration of such six month's notice.

"XV (3) In the event of the said Messrs. Jardine, Matheson and Co., Ltd. or its successors in business (being a British Firm or Company) ceasing to be the General Managers another British Firm or Company shall be appointed in their place by shareholders at a General Meeting to be convened by the Consulting Committee or by shareholders for that purpose, upon such terms and conditions as may be agreed upon."

RESOLUTION 5.

That subarticle No. 8 of Article No. XV of the Company's Articles of Association be cancelled.

RESOLUTION 6.

That subarticles Nos. 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9 and 10 of Article No. XV of the Company's Articles of Association be renumbered 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10 and 11 respectively.

RESOLUTION 7.

That the paid-up Ordinary Share Capital of the Company be increased from Sh. Tls. 750,000 to Sh. Tls. 1,000,000 by the issue of the 5,000 Ordinary unissued shares of the Company of Tls. 50 each at a premium of Tls. 145 per share making altogether Tls. 195 per share, subject to the following terms and conditions, but otherwise upon such terms as the Consulting Committee shall think fit:—

(a) One new share shall be offered at a premium of Tls. 145 per share to the holder on the 13th January, 1920 of every three old Ordinary shares, but so that no fractional part of a share shall be issued.

(b) The full amount of each share taken up plus the premium (making altogether Tls. 195 per share) shall be paid to the Company on acceptance of the offer and that such offer be made by notice specifying the number of shares to which the member is entitled, and limiting a time within which the offer if not accepted by payment will be deemed to be declined.

(c) Any shares not taken up under the preceding clause shall be disposed of by the General Managers with the approval of the Consulting Committee on such terms as they may think proper.

(b) The new shares shall not rank for dividend as regards the financial year ended on the 31st October, 1919, but shall rank for dividend in respect of the financial year of the Company commencing as on the 1st day of November, 1919, pari passu with the existing shares.

By order of the Consulting Committee.

JARDINE, MATHESON AND CO., LTD.,
General Managers
Ewo Cotton Spinning and Weaving Co., Limited.

Shanghai, 22nd December, 1919.

27131

Dr. R. Holper M. D.

Specialist in Venereal, Skin and Internal Diseases.
85 Szechuen Road
(Corner Nanking Road)

Office hours: 11-1 and 4-6.
Tel. North 1316.
25580

Prof. I. K. Seto
TURKISH BATH
and Massage Establishment
Specialities:—Rheumatism; Nervousness; Fat people reduced; etc.
No. 85 Szechuen Road, (Corner Nanking Road), Tel. C. 2768

KINGMAN & BROS.

Dental Surgeons of the Philadelphia Dental College and Garrestson's Hospital of Oral Surgery, Philadelphia, U.S.A.

Will perform all kinds of dental operation on modern scientific principles, and supply:

Teeth of Superior Workmanship in Vulcanite, Gold and Alloy Plates, Gold Crown and Bridge Work.

All work is guaranteed to entire satisfaction.

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Dr. E. G. Lobzowsky
DENTIST
Four Years' Practice in New York.
Painless Extractions, Plate Crown Bridgework, Gold and Porcelain Inlays.
No. 3 G Peking Road
Tel. Central 1125

NOTICE

Acting under instructions from the Geo. E. Keith Co., on and after January 1st I shall assume active management of the Walk-Over Shoe Store in Shanghai.

J. W. BALDWIN.

27229

FRESH MILK
delivery twice daily.
EXTRA ORDERS
are executed at any time
AIKOSHA DAIRY
89 Avenue Dubail
Tel. C. 2175

NOTICE

Mr. Alexander McLure, Chartered Accountant, is authorised to sign for us per procuration.

SETH, MANCELL & CO.
Shanghai, 1st January, 1920.

27214

NOTICE

Our Offices are removed to the top floor of No. 7 Avenue Edouard VII.

SETH, MANCELL & CO.
Shanghai, 1st January, 1920.

27214

Dr. James Yuking's
Office for Venereal Diseases is now removed to 73 NANKING ROAD.
Hours: 10 a.m. to 5 p.m. daily and by appointment.
Special consideration to men in uniform.

HONMA HOSPITAL
No. 8A Miller Road.
Tel. N. 2961
DR. K. HONMA
(former Assistant at the Imperial University at Fukuoka.)
Women's Diseases
Confinements, Surgery
X-Ray and diathermy
Examination with Uretro scope
Skin Diseases
Massage Treatment

CHEN CHAN TAI & CO.

All kinds of new skins and furs have now arrived from their noted places of production—sable, grape-sable, ermine, otter, beaver, musquash, tiger, leopard, wolf, mink, raccoon, skunk, cat (black all over), and naturally black, white, red, and yellow fox-skins, etc., all of superlative quality and good for gentlemen's and ladies' garments, collars, muffs, etc. Gray, black and white goat-skin rugs in largest sizes. Our skins are *superior* and *moderate in price.*

No. C133 Honan Road, Shanghai.
Telephone No. 2933
26994

NOTICE TO EXPORTERS

We beg to inform Exporters of China Egg Products that we are manufacturing and selling all kinds of LIQUID, DRIED AND SPRAYED WHOLE EGG, YOLK AND ALBUMEN.

Our goods are manufactured by the most up-to-date process; our machines are the newest imported from America, and our outputs are supervised by the best EXPERTS.

Any inquiry will have our immediate attention.

Address: 8b Kiangse Road, and Q489 Tientsin Road, Shanghai.

Telephone: Central Nos. 2385 and 4008.

H. C. WANG

General Manager: Tung Hsin Ziang Egg Factories, Hung Yue Chong Egg Factory, Hsin Chong.

Tel., Central 2036

Dr. FRED M. GENSBURGER
Eye-Sight Specialist

Consulting Hours
10 to 12 a.m. 2 to 5 p.m.
and by appointment

38, Nanking Road
1st Floor

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ON SALE BY ALL GROCERS
VACUUM PACKED—ALWAYS FRESH
The most popular Coffee in the Market
AMERICAN MACHINERY & EXPORT Co.,
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A LARGE STOCK OF
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Wrist Watches are convenient in use, but very often unreliable.
WHY?
Because ignorant or unscrupulous dealers are passing off upon unsuspecting customers Watches with cheap movements not deserving the name of time-keepers.
THERE IS NO RISK
in buying your watch from us. Our watches are made for practical use, every one tested and guaranteed for two years. Look at our large stock of Wrist Watches in making your purchases.
C. ISMER & CO.
Chronometer and Watchmakers,
44 Nanking Road
28615

Chinese and Foreign Banking Announcements

Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China

Incorporated by Royal Charter 1853.

Capital	£2,000,000
Reserve Fund	2,900,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders	£2,100,000

Head Office:
28 BISHOPSGATE, LONDON, E. C.

Court of Directors:
Sir Montagu Cornish Turner, Chairman.
Sir Duncan Carmichael.
T. Cuthbertson, Esq.
Sir Alfred Dent, K.C.M.G.
W. H. Neville Goschen, Esq.
The Rt. Hon. Lord George Hamilton, G.C.S.I.
W. Foot Mitchell, Esq.
James Maxwell Grant Prophit, Esq.
Lewis Alexander Wallace, Esq.

Bankers:
The Bank of England.
The London Joint City & Midland Bank Limited.
The London County and Westminster and Parrs Bank, Ltd.
The National Provincial Bank of England, Limited.
The National Bank of Scotland, Limited.

Agencies and Branches:

Amritsar	Ipoh	Puket
Bangkok	Karachi	Rangoon
Batavia	Klang	Saigon
Bombay	Kobe	Seremban
Calcutta	Kuala Lumpur	Singapore
Canton	Madras	Shanghai
Cebu	Manila	Sourabaya
Colombo	Medan	Taiping
Delhi	New York	(F. M. S.)
Haiphong	Peking	Tavoy
Hankow	Penang	(Lower Burma)
Hongkong	Yokohama	Tientsin
Iloilo		

Shanghai Branch 18 The Bund.

Drafts granted on the above Agencies and Branches and also on the principal Commercial Cities throughout the world. Bills of Exchange bought, Travelling Letters of Credit issued and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.

Interest allowed on Current Deposit Accounts, according to arrangement.

Fixed Deposits are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

C. J. SCOTT.
Acting-Manager.

anque De L'Indo-Chine

Capital	Frs. 48,000,000.00
Reserve	Frs. 50,000,000.00

Succursales et Agences:

Bankok	Hanoi	Saigon
Battambang	Hongkong	Shanghai
Canton	Mengtze	Singapore
Djibouti	Noumea	Tientsin
Doudichery	Peking	Tourane
Haiphong	Papoute	
Hankoou	Pnom-Penh	

Bankers:
In France: Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris; Credit Lyonnais; Banque de Paris et des-Pays-Bas; Credit Industriel et commercial; Societe Generalle.
In London: The Union of London and Smith's Bank, Ltd.; Comptoir National d'Escompte des Paris; Credit Lyonnais.

This Shanghai Agency undertakes all banking operations and exchange business, grants credits on goods and approved securities and receives deposits on current and fixed deposits according to arrangement.

L. ARDAIN.
Manager.

The Exchange Bank of China

SHANGHAI BRANCH
41 Kiangse Road.

Telephone C. 1941.
Telegraphic Address "Knabex."

Capital .....Yen 10,000,000

Head Office ..... Peking.
Registered in the Ministry of Finance.

General Banking Business of Every Description transacted.

Foreign and Domestic Exchange Business a speciality. We issue Demand Drafts, T/T, Letters of Credit, Buying and Selling Specie, etc., etc.

Foreign and Domestic Commercial Papers and Bills discounted.

Loans and Advances made on approved Securities.

Interest allowed on current accounts and fixed deposits according to arrangement.

Foreign Agencies at Tokio, Yokohama, Kobe, Osaka, Nagasaki, Moji, Singapore, Bombay, London, New York.

Domestic Agencies at Tientsin, Hankow, Kiukiang, Tsingtau, Dairen, Changchun, Mukden, Foochow, Amoy, Swatow, Hongkong, Canton.

T. G. KONG.
Manager.

Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

Paid-up Capital ...	$15,000,000
Reserve Funds:—	
Sterling £1,500,000 @ 2/-	$15,000,000
Silver	21,000,000
	$36,000,000
Reserve liability of Proprietors	$15,000,000

Head Office: HONGKONG
Court of Directors:
J. A. Plummer, Esq., Chairman.
Hon. Mr. E. V. D. Parr, Deputy Chairman.
J. W. C. Bonnar, Esq.
A. H. Compton, Esq.
Hon. Mr. S. H. Dodwell.
C. S. Gubbay, Esq.
P. H. Holyoak, Esq.
Hon. Mr. J. Johnstone.
W. L. Pattenden, Esq.
Ross Thomson, Esq.
Chief Manager.
Hongkong—N. J. STABB.

Branches and Agencies:

Amoy	Ipoh	Penang
Bangkok	Johore	Rangoon
Batavia	Kobe	Saigon
Bombay	Kuala Lumpur	S. Francisco
Calcutta	London	Shanghai
Canton	Lyons	Singapore
Colombo	Malacca	Sourabaya
Foochow	Manila	Tientsin
Hankow	Nagasaki	Tsingtao
Harbin	New York	Vladivostock
Iloilo	Peking	Yokohama

London Bankers:
London County Westminster and Parr's Bank, Ltd.

Shanghai Branch: 12, The Bund.
Sub-Agency: 9 Broadway.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and on Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.

Local Bills Discounted.

Credits granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Drafts granted on London and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, Africa, China, Japan and America.

A. G. STEPHEN,
Manager.

Russo-Asiatic Bank

	Roubles.
Capital (fully-paid) .	55,000,000
Reserve Fund	26,960,000
Capital Contributed by Chinese Government	Kup. Tls. 3,500,000
Reserve Fund	1,750,000

Head office: PETROGRAD.
Paris office: 9 Rue Boudreau.
London office: 64 Old Broad. Street, E. C. 2.

Bankers:
London: Messrs. Glyn, Mills, Currie & Co.
Paris: Societe Generale pour favoriser le Developement du Commerce et de l'Industrie en France. Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas.
Milan: Credito Italiano.

FAR EASTERN BRANCHES:

Bombay	Hailar	Nicolayewsk
Chanchun	Hankow	O/Amur
(Kwan-chendze)	Harbin	Peking
	Hongkong	Shanghai
Chefoo	Manchouli	Tientsin
Dairen (Dalny)	Newchwang	Vladivostock
		Yokohama

Branches and Agencies in Russia, Siberia and Mongolia

SHANGHAI BRANCH

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels, and Dollars. Terms on application.

Local Bills discounted. Special facilities for Russian Exchange.

Foreign Exchange on the principal cities of the world bought and sold.

Safe Deposit Boxes.

L. JEZIERSKI,
Manager for Asia.

The Bank Of China

(Specially authorised by Presidential Mandate of 15th April, 1915)

Authorised Capital	$50,000,000.00
Paid-Up Capital	$12,279,800.00
Reserve Fund ...	$1,298,522.60
Special Reserve Fund	$1,898,983.68

HEAD OFFICE: PEKING.
Branches and Agencies:

Peking	Taiyuan	Shanghai
Tientsin	Kaifong	Hankow
Chanchun	Wuhu	Ichang
Antung	Anking	Changsha
Dalny	Hangchow	Nanchang
Moukden	Ningpo	Kiukiang
Newchwang	Nanking	Foochow
Harbin	Chinkiang	Amoy
Kirin	Hsuchow	Canton
Tsinan	Soochow	Hongkong
Chefoo	Wusieh	Swatow
Tsingtao	Yangchow	Chungking

SHANGHAI BRANCH.
3 HANKOW ROAD.

Loans granted on approved Securities. Local Bills discounted. Interests allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels or Dollars according to arrangement.

SUNG HAN-CHANG,
Manager.

Shanghai, 15th February, 1919.

Banque Belge Pour L'Etranger

Societe Anonyme
Filiale de la Societe Generale Beligique
(THE BELGIAN BANK)

Paid-up Capital	£2,000,000
Reserves	£431,890

Head office: BRUSSELS
London: 2 Bishopsgate, E.C.2
Branches: Alexandria, Tantah, Cairo, Peking, Tientsin,
Agents:
New York: 31 Pine Street
Manchester: 31 Mosley Street

President:
JEAN JADOT
Gouverneur de la Societe Generale Belgique

Bankers:
London: Martin's Bank, Ltd.
Brussels: Societe Generale de Belgique.
Antwerp: Banque d'Anvers.
Paris: Banque Nationale de Credit.
Lyons: Banque Nationale de Credit.
Marseilles: Banque Nationale de Credit.
New York: Guaranty Trust Co. of New York.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts in gold or local currency and fixed deposits according to arrangements.

Every description of banking and exchange business transacted.

M. DEMETS,
Manager.

Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

SavingsBank Office:
12 The Bund and 9 Broadway.

Deposits of not less than $1, or over $100, will be received at one time.

Not more than $1,200 will be received in one year from any single depositor whose credit balance shall not at any time exceed the sum of $5,000.

Interest at the rate of 3½ per cent per annum will be allowed on the monthly minimum balance. Deposits may be withdrawn on demand. Accounts will be kept either in Mexican Dollars or Taels, at the option of the depositor.

Depositors will be presented with Pass Books in which all transactions will be entered. Pass Books must be presented when paying in or withdrawing money.

Office Hours—10 a.m. to 3 p.m. Saturday, 10 a.m. to 12 noon.

BANK OF COMMUNICATIONS

Specially authorised by Presidental Mandates of April 7th, 1914. and October 31, 1915.

Capital: Kuping Taels 10,000,000

HEAD OFFICE: PEKING
Over 60 Branches and Agencies at principal cities and commercial centers in China.

Agencies abroad; Singapore, Hongkong, Tokyo (Japan).

SHANGHAI BRANCH
35 Szechuen Road

Interest allowed on both Current and Fixed Deposit Accounts; Credit granted to approved securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Y. M. CHIEN Acting Manager.

The National Commercial Bank, Ltd.

Established 1907.

Paid-Up Capital ...	$1,000,000.00
Reserve Fund	891,847.41

Head Office: Shanghai
Peking and Kiangse Roads.
Tels: Managers' Office: Cen. 2650
General Office: Cen. 2613 & 2614
Branches:
Hangchow, Hankow, Peking, Tientsin, Mukden and Harbin.

FOREIGN CORRESPONDENTS
London, New York, San Francisco, Tokio, Yokohama, Kobe and Osaka.

Correspondents at the principal cities throughout China.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels, Dollars, Gold Dollars, Sterling and Yen according to arrangement.

Interest allowed on Deposits at Call both in Taels and Dollars according to arrangement.

Domestic and Foreign Drafts purchased and sold.

Credit granted on approved securities.

Savings accounts—4% per annum.

Every description of banking business transacted.

Modern Safe Deposit Boxes For Rent.

SHEN CHU HSU, Manager.
SHU CHIN MIN, Sub-Manager.
C. C. YANG, Sub-Manager.

International Banking Corporation

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THE NATIONAL CITY BANK OF NEW YORK.

Capital & Surplus	U.S. $8,500,000
Undivided Profits	U.S. $1,054,000

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National City Bank Building,
55 WALL STREET, NEW YORK
London Office: 36 Bishopsgate E.C.
Lyons Office: 27 Place Tolozan
San Francisco Office:
232 Montgomery Street

Branches:

China	Philippines
Shanghai	Manila
Peking	Cebu
Tientsin	
Tsingtau	Straits Settlements
Hankow	Singapore
Hongkong	
Canton	Dominican Republic
Manchuria	Santo Domingo
Harbin	San Pedro de Macoris
India	Sanchez
Bombay	Santiago
Calcutta	Puerto Plata
Rangoon	
Japan	Panama
Yokohama	Panama
Kobe	Colon
Java	
Batavia	
Soerabaya	

BRANCHES OF
THE NATIONAL CITY BANK OF NEW YORK

Argentina	Venezuela
Buenos Aires	Caracas
Once	Maracaibo
(Buenos Aires)	Siberia
Rosario	Vladivostok
Brazil	Italy
Bahia	Genoa
Pernambuco	Porto Rico
Porto Alegre	San Juan
Rio de Janeiro	Colombia
Santos	Medellin
Sao Paulo	Russia
Chile	Moscow
Santiago	Petrograd
Valparaiso	Spain
Uruguay	Madrid
Montevideo	Trinidad
	Port of Spain

Branches in Havana and 21 of the principal cities of Cuba.

Commercial and Travellers' Letters of Credit, Bills of Exchange and Cable Transfers bought and sold. Current accounts opened and Fixed Deposits in local and foreign currencies taken at rates that may be ascertained on application to the Bank.

H. C. GULLAND, *Manager.*
1a Kiukiang Road.

Commercial Bank of China

Head Office: SHANGHAI

	Sh. Tls.
Subscribed Capital ...	5,000,000
Paid-Up Capital	2,500,000

Advances made on approved securities. Bills discounted.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts at 2 per cent per annum on daily balance. On Fixed deposits:
For 3 months at 3% per annum.
For 6 months at 4% per annum.
For 12 months at 5% per annum.

On deposits in Dollars according to arrangement.

H. G. MARSHALL.
Chief Manager.

中華銀行 Chung Foo Union Bank

(Established in 1917.)
Statutes approved by the Government in 1916.
Head Office: Tientsin

Subscribed Capital ..	$2,000,000
Paid-Up Capital	$1,020,000
Reserve Fund	$ 20,000

Managing Director:
T. CLARENCE SUN
Deputy Managing Director:
NIEH CHI-WEI

Branches and Agencies in Domestic Cities and Foreign Countries:

Tientsin	Chinkiang	Ichang
Shanghai	Soochow	Changsha
Peking	Wusieh	Shansi
Hankow	Hangchow	Wuhu
Nanking	Ningpo	London
Yangchow	Shaoshing	New York
Hsuchow	Canton	S. Francisco
Pengpu	Hongkong	Boston
Changchun	Changteh	Tokio
Antung	Chengchow	Kobe
Kiukiang	Tsinkiangpu	Osaka
	Yokohama	

And also other principal cities in foreign countries.

SHANGHAI BRANCH.
S. 441 Ningpo Road.

Tel. Central 1929 Managers' Office
Tel. Central 2618 General Office.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted. Interest allowed on Current Account and Fixed Deposits both in Taels and Dollars according to arrangement.

Credits granted on approved securities.

Y. R. SUN, Manager.
T. D. ZAU, Sub-Manager.

Nederlandsche Handel Maatschappij

(NETHERLANDS TRADING SOCIETY.)
Established 1824.

Paid-up-Capital:	Guilders 80,000,000 (about £6,666,666)
Reserve Funds:	Guilders 14,590,545 (about £1,215,879)
Special Reserves:	Guilders 17,000,000 (about £1,416,666)

Head Office: AMSTERDAM.
Head Agency: BATAVIA
Agencies in Holland:
THE HAGUE and ROTTERDAM.

Branches:

Bandjermasin	Penang
Bandoeng	Pontianak
Cheribon	Rangoon
Djember	Semarang
Djokjakarta	Singapore
Hongkong	Soerabaya
Kota-Radja	Soerakarta
Langsa	Tebing-Tinggi
Makassar	Tegal
Medan	Telok-Beton
Padang	Tjilatjap
Palombang	Weltevreden
Pekalongan	

London Bankers
National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ltd.

Correspondents at the principal places in Europe, Asia, Australia and North America.

The Bank buys, sells, and receives for collection bills of exchange, issues letters of credit on its branches and correspondents and transacts banking business of every description.

SHANGHAI INTEREST ALLOWED on current tael accounts and fixed deposits, according to arrangement.

B. G. J. WYNBERG.

The
Chekiang Industrial Bank, Ltd.

Established 1908.

Capital	$1,000,000
Reserve Fund	$50,000

Head Office, Branches & Agencies.
Hangchow, Shanghai, Haimon, Lanchi.

Agencies at the principal Cities throughout China.

Foreign Agencies:—London, New York, Tokio, Yokohama, Osaka, Kobe, Hakodata, Seoul and Fusan.

SHANGHAI BRANCH
U 39 Peking Road.
Tel. No. C. 3145, Manager's Office.
Tel. No. C. 2147, General Office.

Every description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

Interest allowed on Current and Fixed Deposits in Taels, Dollars, Sterling, Gold Dollars and Yen according to arrangements.

Credits granted on approved securities.

Safe Deposit Boxes for rent on application.

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT
4% Compound Interest allowed on Savings Current Deposits.

Interest allowed on Savings Fixed Deposits according to arrangements.

Cheque-books or Savings Pass-books at Depositor's disposal.

LI MING, *Manager.*
CHEN SIN TSENG, *Sub-manager.*
ZAI MOH ZUNG, *Sub-manager.*

THE BANK OF CANTON, LIMITED.

Incorporated 1912

Capital (fully paid)	H.$2,000,000.00
Reserve Fund...	H.$ 400,000.00
Investment reserve fund ...	H.$ 40,000.00

Head Office
No. 6 Des Voeux Road, Hongkong

Shanghai Office
No. 2 Ningpo Road

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES

Canton	Bangkok	S. Francisco
Batavia	Bombay	Colombo
New York	Manila	Samarang
London	Singapore	Calcutta
Honolulu	Rangoon	Yokohama
Sourabaya	Canada, etc.	

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

C. C. WONG,
Act. Manager

The Mercantile Bank of India, Ltd.

Subscribed Capital ..	£1,500,000
Paid up Capital	750,000
Reserve Fund	700,000

HEAD OFFICE, 15 Gracechurch Street, LONDON, E. C.

London Bankers:
London Joint City and Midland Bank, Ltd.

Branches & Agencies.

Bombay	Howrah	Madras
Calcutta	Handy	Penang
Colombo	Karachi	Port Louis
Delhi	Kota Bahru	(Mauritius)
Galle	(Kelantan)	Rangoon
Hongkong	Kuala Lumpur	Shanghai
	Singapore	

Shanghai Branch.

EVERY description of Banking and Exchange business transacted. Interest allowed on Teal Current Accounts at 2 % per annum and Fixed Deposits at rates which may be ascertained on application.

C. T. BEATH Manager.
26 The Bund.

ASIA BANKING CORPORATION

An American Bank

Head Office—New York City
Head Office for the Far East, Shanghai, Corner Kiukiang and Kiangse Roads.

OTHER BRANCH OFFICES
Canton-Changsha-Hankow-Hongkong
Manila-Peking-Tientsin

The Asia Banking Corporation offers an American Banking Service and respectfully solicits your patronage. It is organised especially for the purpose of fostering and developing trade between the Orient and the United States. The entire service, information and TIME of our bank, its staff and correspondents are at the disposal of our clients and their friends.

Interest allowed on current, fixed and saving accounts carried in Taels, Mexican Dollars, U.S. Gold, Sterling and Francs.

Foreign or local drafts purchased at best rates, or entered for collection.

Imports and exports financed.

Commercial credits established.

Drafts sold on, and telegraphic payments effected in, any part of the World.

PARK-UNION

FOREIGN BANKING CORPORATION

HEAD OFFICE: 56 Wall Street, New York

Fully Paid Capital and Surplus $2,250,000

OWNED AND CONTROLLED BY

The National Park Bank, New York Union Bank of Canada

DIRECTORS:

Richard Delafield	H. B. Shaw
Stuyvesant Fish	R. O. McCulloch
Gilbert G. Thorne	Stanley E. Elkin
Cornelius Vanderbilt	Stephen Haas
R. H. Williams	F. E. Kenaston
E. C. Hoyt	W. J. Dawson
A. P. Villa	F. L. Appleby
Sir Wm. Price	T. Fred Aspden

Charles A. Holder, President

BRANCHES:

SAN FRANCISCO SEATTLE
PARIS TOKYO YOKOHAMA

SHANGHAI BRANCH:

No. 1 KIUKIANG ROAD
TELEPHONE CENTRAL 1174

THE SHANGHAI COMMERCIAL & SAVINGS BANK LTD.

9 Ningpo Road, Shanghai

Capital (paid-up)	$1,000,000.00
Deposits	$5,248,000.00
Reserves	$ 60,000.00

Branches and agencies throughout China.

Correspondents in London, New York, Paris, Berlin, Tokyo, Amsterdam, Chicago, Seattle, San Francisco, Manila, Singapore, Osaka, and Kobe.

Your business is solicited.

Cable Address: "Comsavbank"

K. P. CHEN,
General Manager.

MEN OF WAR IN PORT

Section	Date	Name	Flag and Rating
1 C		Arare	Jap. destroyer
M. M. B.	Nov. 11	D'Estrees	Fr. cruiser
P. & O. B. I.	Dec. 17	Gnat	Br. gun-boat
B. N. B.	Dec. 18	Kinsha	Br. gun-boat
S'chow creek	Oct. 29	M. A. S. 226	Ital. sub-chaser
S'chow creek	Oct. 29	M. A. S. 227	Ital. sub-chaser
2 C	Dec. 4	Matsukaze	Jap. [illegible]
10 P	Dec. 24		
W. T. W.			
2 C			
1 C	Nov. 15		
W. T. W.			
B. X.	Dec. 18		
9 P	Dec. 15		
Y. T. P. D.			
U. S. C.	Aug. 18		
P. & O. B. I.	Dec. 12		
2 C			

Provisions Prices In Local Market

Prices quoted are in Mexican dollar cents at Hongkew Market compiled on December 30, 1919.

Butcher's Meat		
Beef	per lb.	14-20
Mutton	,,	16-20
Pork	,,	25-30
Veal	,,	25-30
Fish		
Bream	per lb.	25-30
Cod	,,	20-25
Mandarin	,,	20-30
Mackerel	,,	25-30
Pomfret	,,	25-30
Salmon	,,	18-20
Samli	,,	none
Soles	,,	18-20
Whitebait	,,	25-30
Hare	each	30-35
Eggs	per doz.	18-20
Fowl	per lb.	18-20
Geese	each	80-1.00
Partridge	,,	40-45
Pheasant	,,	50-60
Pigeons	,,	18-20
Quail	,,	14-16
Snipe	,,	14-16
Teal	,,	14-16
Turkey	per lb.	55-60
Woodcock	each	40-50
Wild Duck	,,	30-35
Wild Geese	,,	35-45
Wild Pigeons	,,	10-12
Fruit		
Apricots	per lb.	none
Apples	,,	18-20
Bananas	,,	5-6
Figs	per doz.	none
Grapes	per lb.	none
Lemons	each	5-6
Lichees	per lb.	none
Mangoes	each	none
Oranges	per lbs.	8-10
Peaches	per lb.	none
Pears	,,	10-12
Persimmons	,,	none
Peeboes	,,	none
Plums	,,	none
Pumeloes	each	15-20
Pineapples		none
Strawberries	per lb.	none
Walnuts	,,	14-15
Vegetables		
Artichokes	per lb.	3-4
Asparagus	per doz.	none
Bread Beans	per lb.	8-10
Beetroot	per bunch	2-3
Bamboo Shoots	per lb.	none
Turnips	per bunch	1-2
Grain And Flour		
Flour, American	per 50 lbs.	4.00
Flour, Australian	,,	$3.60
Flour, Shanghai	,,	$2.45
Rice	per 200 lbs.	$7.40
Milk		
Foreign dairies	per bottle	20
Chinese dairies	,,	17
Fuel		
House Coal	per ton	Tls. 18.50
Stove Coal	...	Tls. 22.00
Firewood	per 50 bundles	$1.00
Laundry		
Per 100 articles		$3.00-$4.00

E. KILNER,
Chief Inspector.

Banque Industrielle de Chine

Capital ..... Francs 45,000,000 one-third of the Capital, i. e. Frs. 15,000,000, subscribed by THE GOVERNMENT OF THE CHINESE REPUBLIC
Statutes approved by the Government of the Chinese Republic on January 11, 1913.

President, Andre Berthelot.
General Manager, A. J. Pernotte.

HEAD OFFICE
74, RUE ST. LAZARE, PARIS.
Branches in Marseille, Vladivostock, Peking, Tientsin, Shanghai, Hongkong, Canton, Foochow, Saigon, Haiphong and Yunanfou

BANKERS:
In France: Societe Generalle pour Favoriser le Development du Commerce & de l'Industrie en France.
In London: London County and Westminster and Parr's Bank Ltd.
London City & Midland Bank Ltd.
In New-York: Redmond & Co.
In Italy: Banca Commerciale Italiana Credito Italiano

Taels, Dollars, Gold Accounts

Interest allowed on Current Accounts in Gold or Local Currency and fixed deposits on application.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Savings accounts in Gold and Local Currency.

G. LION, Manager.

Yokohama Specie Bank, Limited

(Established 1880.)

Head Office: YOKOHAMA JAPAN.

		Yen
Capital	Subscribed	100,000,000
,,	Paid up	61,000,000
Reserve Fund		Y.28,000,000

London Bankers:
The London County and Westminster and Parr's Bank, Ltd.
The National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ltd.
The London Joint Stock Bank, Ltd

Branches and Agencies

Batavia	Los Angeles	S. Francisco
Bombay	London	Seattle
Buenos Ayres	Lyons	Shanghai
Calcutta	Manila	Shimonoseki
Chanchun	Mukden	Singapore
Dalny	Nagasaki	Sourabaya
Hankow	Newchwang	Sydney
Harbin	New York	Tientsin
Hongkong	Osaka	Tokio
Honolulu	Peking	Tsinanfu
Kaiyuen	Rangoon	Tsingtao
Kobe	Rio de Janeiro	Vladivostock

SHANGHAI BRANCH

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels and Dollars, according to arrangement.

Drafts granted on principal places in Japan, Korea, Formosa, China and the chief commercial places in Europe, India and America.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

K. KODAMA, Manager.

Russian Women Get Work And Money From Red Cross

(*China Press Correspondence*)

Irkutsk, Siberia, November 30.—In practically every city in Siberia there is a "Norodny Dom" or People's House maintained for social gatherings of all sorts. Here lectures are held, moving pictures are often given, dances are enjoyed and they are meeting places for clubs or societies.

In Irkutsk the *Norodny Dom* is now working overtime—both day and night. By day it has been converted into a sewing room established by the Civilian Relief Department of the American Red Cross.

In addition to this, this department has an office and distributing room for giving out clothing to the needy and deserving, is co-operating with the Russian Refugee Department of the city in building and equipping barracks, and has established a Home Work Bureau. Refugee women who apply for work are either taken care of in the sewing room or are given work to do at home, being paid a living wage only—35 roubles a day with lunch supplied—but the same wage as the Russian relief societies pay. To pay more would cause dissatisfaction and disrupt the Russian organisations.

SEWING ROOM

The sewing room has grown tremendously since its inception and as it is more or less typical of similar rooms established in Omsk, Tomsk, and Novo Nicolaievsk, its first week will give a fairly good idea of the way the work broadens and reaches out to scores of people who would otherwise be destitute of a living as well as in that peculiar despondency of mind due to lack of work and inability to find it.

On November 7 the work opened in a small room unable to accommodate many people, thirteen the number appearing the first day. The room where dances were ordinarily held had to be fitted up with cupboards and the stove had to be repaired, one being converted into a flat-topped type of Russian stove whereon soup for lunch could be prepared. Before the week was out there were forty-nine reporting for work and the big room was being used.

The fourth day, the day on which we make our inspection is a *prasnik* or holiday and as it is a big church holiday we shall be surprised if, destitute as they are, many report. But here they are—twenty-six of them more than have been present on any previous day. There are a few young girls but most of them are married women and their husbands are either dead or serving at the front.

One woman's husband died the night of the second day, but yesterday she was present. Stern necessity is no respector of grief. Today she is not here, perhaps it is the day of the funeral.

Another woman, present the first three days gave birth last night to a baby—a somewhat mixed joy that a number of those here now have before them. Miss Fagerstrom, the A.R.C. representative in charge of the room, said it was pathetic to see how wonder, surprise and overwhelming gladness overcame the mother when a complete A. R. C. layette reached her. But what woman, even in well-to-do circumstances would not exclaim over one of those perfect pink or blue outfits! Here is a grey haired, kindly faced old woman, bent into a grey shawl industriously running the seams of blue pyjamas. Next to her a snapping black eyed bobbed haired miss is busily cutting out bathrobe patterns but at the same time taking in every detail of our costumes, especially intrigued with our long vamped sensible heeled shoes. We do not wonder as we notice her scarcity of costume and particularly her foot-covering, which were once no doubt the high heeled, short vamped pumps so esteemed hereabout.

GIVE HER WORK

Over by the window sits a woman with her work almost up to her eyes—her eye rather as she has lost one. Is she doing what she appears to be unravelling a stocking? She is—but why? We look more closely—a man's sock but fit for a child. An inefficient and incapable laundry has done its dastardly worst and a shrunken lot of socks results.

"We won't unravel them all but we must give her work." The explanation is sufficient. We know well that it is impossible to procure yarn and knitting is the only thing that the poor soul can do. We know an orphan asylum where those socks will be hailed with joy and have the satisfaction of knowing that most of them will reach the place that afternoon.

In the middle of the room sits an American engineer, convalescent of the neighboring A.R.C. Hospital, bending his energies and attention to the intricacies of a hand sewing machine.

They were nearly all out of order and he has repaired them—but at that we see only five!

And yet, handicapped by few machines and other lack of proper equipment, in the preceding three and a half days, the requisitioned 370 mattress covers have been made and bath robes and pyjamas are now on the cutting tables.

"We are going to have a kindergarten and school in this end of the building" says our guide, ushering us into the movie hall redolent with the odors of many crowded nights. "The Y.M.C.A. will furnish us with teachers, as cold weather has put an end to their playground activities, and they will also put on moving pictures for us—once a week for the kiddies and once in two weeks for the grown-ups. We feel that anything we can do to give them something outside of their lives to think about is an important art of our work here."

And remembering the expressions on the faces of many of those in the room beyond, we heartily agreed.

Siccawei Weather Reports

2.—The anticyclone remains in Central China and the high pressures are extending to S.W. Japan. The day, overcast at some places, is generally fine and cold. The breezes are unsteady in the North; a normal monsoon prevails in the South.

3.—Fine and cold morning. The pressure stands still above the normal level. The breeze is constant from N.W.

Amusements

ISIS THEATRE
TODAY MATINEE AND EVENING.

"INTOLERANCE"
13 Parts.
LAST TWO EXHIBITIONS IN SHANGHAI.

PROGRAMME
For Monday, 5th Janary.
THE MOST ENTERTAINING, RECORD-BREAKING SERIAL
(15 Episodes)
"HOUDINI"
MASTER MYSTERY
1st and 2nd Episodes.
Five Parts.

Starring "Houdini," the King of Entertainers, the greatest of magicians and conjurors. Crammed full of thrills, excitement, suspense, swift action and story.

Four Episodes of this greatest of all serials will be shown every week, with two episodes in every change of programme, on Thursday and Monday, without interruption.

AMUSEMENTS

APOLLO THEATRE
The Jewish Dramatic Operetta Company,
On Wednesday, January 7th
Will Stage the well-known Operetta
"THE YOUNG MILLIONAIRE"
In 3 Parts.
ADMISSION, $3, $2, $1.
Beginning 9.15 p.m.
Booking at APOLLO THEATRE
27236

NEW HELEN THEATRE
Haining Road.
SUNDAY MATINEE.
BY POPULAR REQUEST
"The Secret Kingdom"
9th and 10th Episodes
And Three Comedies
will be shown, instead of
"Hearts of the World"
SUNDAY EVENING
"Hearts of the World"
MONDAY PROGRAMME.
"The Secret Kingdom"
11th and 12th Episodes.
Exceedingly exciting developments are shown in these two episodes, which are nearing the end of the story.

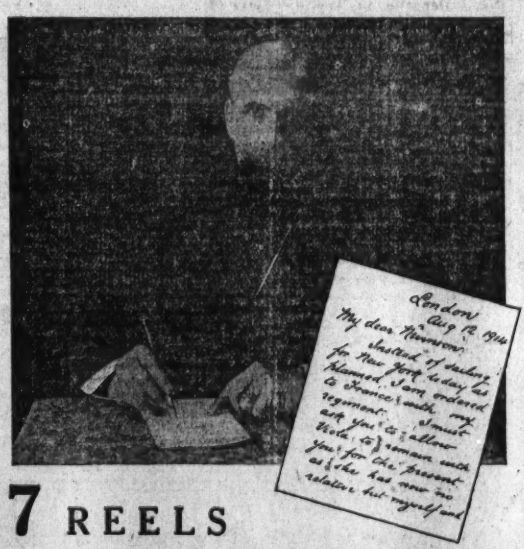
A Theatrical Entertainment
by the Students of St. Ignatius College, Siccawei, will be held at the
Cercle Sportif Francais
on
January 10th, at 3 p.m.
in aid of the
T'u-se-wei Orphanage,
which suffered severely from the disastrous fire last month
Tickets at Moutrie's, or from the Rev. F. C. Vanara, S. J., St. Ignatius College.
27248

TOWA CINEMA
No. 4 Woochang Road.
PROGRAMME
for
4th, 5th and 6th January
"The Girl From Frisco"
Episodes 25
"The Wolf of Los Alamos"
and
A Japanese Drama

FRENCH MUNICIPAL HALL
RUE DU CONSULAT.
FOUR GRAND CONCERTS
given by
MICHAEL PIASTRO *and* MARIO PACI
1st—Monday, Jan. 5th 3rd—Monday, Jan. 12th
2nd—Friday, Jan. 9th 4th—Monday, Jan. 19th
at 9.15 p.m.
Tickets (available for Four Concerts) - - - - - $10.00
Extra Tickets for Single Concerts - - - - - - $3.00
on Sale at S. MOUTRIE & CO., LTD.
27227

LYCEUM THEATRE
The Denniston Players
will appear
"UP IN MABEL'S ROOM"
Monday and Tuesday, January 5th and 6th
"THE THIRD DEGREE"
Wednesday and Thursday, January 7th and 8th
"CIVILIAN CLOTHES"
Friday and Saturday, January 9th and 10th.
Booking now open at MESSRS. MOUTRIE & CO., LTD.
27168

APOLLO
THEATRE ON THURSDAY, FRIDAY, SATURDAY AND SUNDAY, JANUARY 8th, 9th, 10th and 11th
FEATURING
C. AUBREY SMITH
The wonder of Cinematography
Hailed as the year's Marvel
Eliminates other "masterpieces" as competitors
Works through the entire gamut of human emotions
Incomparable in its wondrous effect
Teeming with startling situations
Carries one along by the immensity of the story
Human in its appeal to all mankind
Imposing in its staging and settings
Novel in its theme
Great, is what the critics say
Happy in its ending
Overwhelming as a whole
Unchallenged as a superlative Photo-Drama
Released as a Special Attraction
By AUGUSTUS THOMAS
TO-DAY MATINEE AT 3 P.M.
"THE VAMPIRES"
Episodes 7th & 8th, Entitled
"THE MAN OF POISON"
6 parts


London
Aug 12 1914
My dear Mamma:
Started off today for New York, today the Diamond Jim ordered to France south my regiment. Must go, you'll be allowed Paris, to remain with you for the present as she has none in relation but myself and
7 REELS

TO-NIGHT 9.15 P.M.
CONSTANCE TALMADGE
IN "UP THE ROAD WITH SALLIE"
TOMORROW The final Episode of "THE VAMPIRES"

ASTOR HOUSE HOTEL
Thursday, January 8th, 1920 at 9.30 p.m.
20% of the proceeds to be given to the British Red Cross.
A GRAND CONCERT
will be given by
Miss ANNA REMY, in English and Italian Songs.
Mr. and Mrs. KARANHO, in American and Modern Dances.
Mr. A. AGRINOV, in English ballads and Gypsy Songs.
Prof. E. SCHILLINGE, in classical selections and personal compositions.
AND A GRAND MASQUERADE BALL
Prizes distributed for the best costume and best dancing.
Dance Music by the American Jazz Band of the Astor House.
Those who buy a ticket for the Concert can remain (free of charge) for the Masquerade Ball.
Admission $3.00
Booking at Moutrie & Co., Ltd. and The Astor House Hotel.
27113

"PETER PAN"
To be Presented by
The Shanghai Public School for Girls
Matinées, 3 p.m. Saturday, January 10 and Thursday, January 15.
Monday, January 12, 9 p.m.
MUNICIPAL ORCHESTRA
Under the direction of Mr. R. B. HURRY, Mus. Bac.
Price $3, Children half-price Booking now open at Moutries.
Funds for United Services Association and Local Charities.
27242

SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENT
BEGINNING January 1st, 1920, the TROCADERO will be conducted strictly as a High-Class A La Carte RESTAURANT. Grilled Steaks, Chops, Lobsters, Oysters in every style, in fact, SHORT ORDER SPECIALTIES of every description, cooked in the style for which the TROCADERO is famous, will be served at all hours, from 8.30 a.m. till 12 p.m., on the GROUND FLOOR at No. 14, ASTOR ROAD. Parties desiring Special TABLE D'HOTE DINNERS can always be accommodated by giving a few hours notice.
REMEMBER, the Best of Food and Drink can always be had at THE TROCADERO, No. 14, ASTOR ROAD.
Yours for Service,
JACK RAYNES.
Tel. North 1664

VICTORIA THEATRE
SPECIAL PROGRAMME
Tonight, January 4th
SHOWING
A Spectacular Seven-Part Production
The Strongest Drama Ever Shown To The World
"Joan the Woman"
featuring
The Most Famous Woman in the World
GERALDINE FARRAR
ADMISSION PRICES, $1.50 and $1.00
Holders of Special Coupon Tickets entitled to use same by paying the difference
Matinee, Today, Showing
"JOAN THE WOMAN"

OLYMPIC THEATRE
TONIGHT! TONIGHT!
THE WORLD-FAMOUS STAR
MARY PICKFORD
IN
"MISTRESS NELL"
Matinee, Today at 3.15, Showing
"MISTRESS NELL"

GENERAL SHIPPING NEWS

Vessels Loading

For River Ports

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Woosung**, Captain Newcomb, will leave from the French Bund on **Sunday, January 4,** at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,** Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Str. **Hsintung**, Captain W. S. Ross, will leave on **Sunday** night. For Freight or Passage, apply to **C.M.S.N. Co.**

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Co.'s Steamer **Yohyang Maru**, Captain Y. Ikeda, will be despatched from N.K.K. Pootung Wharf on **Monday, January 5,** at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight and Passage apply to **THE NISSHIN KISEN KAISHA,** No. 16 Canton Road.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Str. **Kianghsin**, Captain J. R. Milligan, will leave on **Monday** night. For Freight or Passage apply to **C.M.S.N. Co.**

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China S. N. Co.'s S.S. **Hwahlee**, 1,151 Tons, Captain Lee, will sail for the above-mentioned ports from Hunts Wharf on **Monday, January 5,** about midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.,** General Managers. Telephone Central 241, Extension for Freight and Passage. Outside office Hours. Central 250.

PUKOW.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Huichow**, Captain W. Shane, will leave on **Tuesday, January 6,** at 10 a.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,** Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China S. N. Co.'s S.S. **Loongwo**, 3,925 Tons, Captain Findelson, will sail for the above-mentioned ports from Hunt's Wharf on **Tuesday, January 6,** at about midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.,** General Managers. Telephone Central 241, Extension for Freight and Passage. Outside office Hours. Central 250.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Co.'s Steamer **Siangyang Maru**, Captain J. A. Scott, will be despatched from N.Y.K. Mail Wharf on **Tuesday, January 6,** at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight and Passage apply to **THE NISSHIN KISEN KAISHA,** No. 16 The Bund.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Co.'s Steamer **Tachang Maru**, Captain G. Kawamura, will be despatched from N.K.K. Pootung Wharf on **Wednesday, January 7,** at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight and Passage apply to **THE NISSHIN KISEN KAISHA.** No. 16 Canton Road.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China S. N. Co.'s Steamer **Luenho**, 2,868 Tons, Capt. Jackson, will sail for the above-mentioned ports from Hunt's Wharf on **Thursday, January 8,** at about midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.,** General Managers. Telephone Central 241, Extension for Freight and Passage. Outside office Hours. Central 250.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China S. N. Co.'s Steamer **Suiwo**, Tons 2,671, Captain Smith, will sail for the above-mentioned ports from Hunt's Wharf on **Friday, January 9,** at about midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.,** General Managers. Telephone Central 241, Extension for Freight and Passage. Outside office Hours. Central 250.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Steamer **Tafoo Maru**, Captain Y. Taniguchi, will be despatched from N.K.K. Pootung Wharf on **Friday, January 9,** at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight and Passage apply to **THE NISSHIN KISEN KAISHA.** No. 16 Canton Road.

For Southern Ports

NINGPO.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Hsin Peking**, Captain Roberts, will leave from the French Bund on **Monday, January 5,** at 4:30 p.m. For Freight or Passage apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,** Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel No. 401.

HONGKONG & CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Suiyang**, Captain J. Gibbs, will leave from the French Bund direct for the above ports on **Tuesday, January 6,** at 10 a.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,** Agents. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HONGKONG AND CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Chenan**, Captain H. E. Laver, will leave from the French Bund on **Tuesday, January 6,** at 10 a.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,** Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

FOOCHOW.—The Str. **Feiching**, Captain J. Smith, will leave on **Tuesday** morning. For Freight or Passage apply to **C.M.S.N. Co.**

NINGPO.—The Str. **Taishun**, Captain J. Halkett, will leave on **Tuesday** afternoon. For Freight or Passage apply to **C.M.S.N. Co.**

TAKAO (FORMOSA) via FOOCHOW & KEELUNG.—The Str. **Keelung Maru**, Capt. Y. Fukami, will be despatched from the Co.'s Yangtszepoo Wharf on January 7, at ——— For Freight and Passage, please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA,** No. 4, The Bund. Tel. Central No. 4234 & 4235.

HONGKONG.—The Steamer **Canada Maru**, Captain S. Nemoto, will be despatched from the Co.'s Yangtszepoo Wharf on **February 11.** For Freight and Passage, please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA,** No. 4. The Bund. Tel. Central No. 4234 & 4235.

For Northern Ports

TSINGTAO.—The China Navigation Co.'s Str. **Yingchow**, Capt. E. B. Simons, will leave from the French Bund on **Sunday, January 4,** at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,** Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passengers Tel. No. 401.

WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO AND DAIREN.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Hoihow**, Captain F. M. Dillon, will leave on **Sunday, January 4,** at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,** Agents. Tel. No. 77.

Chinwangtao direct, taking through cargo for transportation by railway to **Tientsin:** The Kailan Mining Administration will despatch the steamer **Burrumbeet** for the above port on **January 5.** For Freight or Passage, apply to Agent, 1 Jinkee Road, Tel. Central 319.

Chinwangtao direct: The Kailan Mining administration will despatch the s.s. **Patriot** for the above port on **January 6.** For Freight or Passage, apply to Agent, 1 Jinkee Road, Tel. Central 319.

VLADIVOSTOK.—The Steamer **Tungus**, Captain Kraohmaleff, will leave Shanghai on the **Jan. 10.** For Freight or Passage apply to—S. Heimann & Co., 19A Canton Road. (Telephone No, Central 1604).

Vessels Loading For Foreign Ports Will Be On Page 23

Mail Notices

MAILS CLOSE

For U.S., Canada and Europe:
Per T.K.K. s.s. Siberia M. Jan. 14

For Japan
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Kasuga M. Jan. 4

MAILS DUE

From U.S. and Canada
Per C.M. s.s. Nanking Jan. 7

From France, etc.
Per M.M. s.s. Scharnhost Jan. 15
Per M.M. s.s. Porthos Jan. 19

From India, etc.
Per P. and O. s.s. Dunera Jan. 4

C. N. C.
CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

YANGTSZE RIVER & CHINA COAST PORTS.
FAST SCHEDULE SERVICES.

For CHINKIANG, NANKING, WUHU, KIUKIANG and HANKOW.—S.S. **Woosung, Luenyi, Ngankin, Poyang, Tatung, Wuchang** and **Chungking.**—Sailing from the French Bund at midnight (except Chungking which sails from Pootung at midnight.) These steamers connect at Hankow with the Company's regular sailings on the Middle Yangtsze and Hunan Lines.

The steamers **Wuchang** and **Chungking** are specially fitted to handle heavy lifts, etc., but have no accommodation for Foreign passengers.

Regular sailings every Tuesday, Wednesday, Friday and Saturday and every third Monday and Thursday.

For WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO and TIENTSIN (and Peking via TIENTSIN).—S.S. **Tungchow, Fengtien, Shuntien and Shengking.**—Sailing from the French Bund.

Regular sailings every Tuesday and Saturday and every alternate Thursday.

For AMOY, SWATOW, HONGKONG and CANTON.—S.S. **Suiyang, Sunning, Sinkiang, Yingchow, Singan and Kaifong.**—Sailing from the French Bund. Weekly service every Thursday to Amoy and every Sunday to Swatow. Connections at Hongkong with service to Phillippines and Australian ports will be advised upon application.

Regular sailings every Tuesday, Thursday and Sunday mornings.

For NINGPO.—S.S. **Hsin Peking.**—Sailing from the French Bund.

Regular sailings every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 4.30 p.m.

The above steamers have Electric Light throughout and are fitted with Electric Fans and Steam Heaters in State Rooms and Dining Saloons, and are otherwise completely equipped for the comfort and convenience of passengers.
For further particulars regarding Sailings, Passage Rates, etc., see "THE TAIKOO SHIPPING GAZETTE" obtainable from the undersigned, or from The International Sleeping Car and Express Trains Co. (Astor House), or from Messrs. Thomas Cook and Son. Russo-Asiatic Bank Buildings, 15 The Bund.

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE
Freight: Telephone Central 77, Agents, 21-22 French Bund.
Passage: Telephone Central 401.

PACIFIC MAIL S.S. CO

AMERICAN STEAMERS
TRANS-PACIFIC SERVICE
SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI (subject to Change)

For San Francisco via Kobe, Yokohama and Honolulu		For Hongkong via Manila	
S.S. Ecuador	Jan. 5	S.S. Colombia	Jan. 10
S.S. Colombia	Jan. 31	S.S. Venezuela	Feb. 7
S.S. Venezuela	Feb. 28	S.S. Ecuador	Mar. 6

Steamers equipped with most modern improvements for the safety and comfort of passengers. One and two bed staterooms only. No Upper Berths. Tickets interchangeable with Canadian Pacific Ocean Services, Ltd. and Toyo Kisen Kaisha.

CARGO STEAMERS
"West Conob" "West Vaca" "West Sequana"
"Archer" "West Inskip" "West Caddoa"
"West Selene" "West Neris"

EAST INDIA SERVICE
SAILINGS FROM MANILA (subject to Change)

For Saigon, Singapore, Calcutta and Colombo	For San Francisco via Honolulu
S.S. Colusa ..... Mar. 19	S.S. Colusa.. about Jan. 10

PANAMA SERVICE
Regular Sailings from San Francisco
MEXICO—CENTRAL AMERICA—PANAMA
BALTIMORE SERVICE
Sailings from San Francisco via Central America, Panama Canal, Puerto Colombia and Havana
PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY
1-B Nanking Road, Palace Hotel Building.
Telephone Central 5056 Cable Address "Solano"

O. S. K.
OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA
(Osaka Mercantile Steamship Co.)
Under Mail Contract with the Imperial Japanese Government
(Subject to Alteration)

SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI

FOR LONDON (Via Hongkong, Singapore, Colombo, Portsaid, Marseilles, Antwerp and Rotterdam).

	Tons	Capt.	Arrive	Leave.
BORNEO MARU	18,000	K. Tahido,	Jan. 4	Jan. 6
ATLAS MARU	15,000		end of Jan.	

FOR HAMBURG and LONDON (Via Hongkong, Singapore, Colombo, Portsaid, Antwerp and Rotterdam.

ANDES MARU	15,000	T. Kamiashi,	middle of Feb.
*AMUR MARU	18,000	I. Hamada,	March

FOR NORTH AMERICA (Tacoma, Seattle and Vancouver) via Nagasaki, Kobe and Yokohama.
In connection with the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Ry.

MANILA MARU	18,000	T. Kobayashi,	Jan. 16	Jan. 17

FOR HONGKONG

CANADA MARU	12,000	S. Nemoto,	Feb. 10	Feb. 11

FOR NORTH CHINA PORTS (Tsingtau and Dairen).

KOHOKU MARU	5,000	M. Tsubaki,	Dec. 31	Jan. 4

FOR SOUTH CHINA PORTS and FORMOSA (Foochow, Keelung and Takao).

KEELUNG MARU	3,000	Y. Fukami,	Jan. 5	Jan. 7

*Fully booked for passage.

The Company also runs numerous steamers from Japan to South America, New Orleans, South Africa, Austria, India, Java, China, Korea, Vladivostok and also between the principal ports in Japan. Through freight booked from Shanghai.

OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA
O.S.K. Yangtszepoo Wharf, Wayside
Tel. Nos. East 208 and 209 Union Building, 4 The Bund
Tel. Address: SHOSEN, Shanghai, Tel. Nos. C. 4233, 4234 and 4235.

T. K. K.
SHANGHAI BRANCH OFFICE
TOYO KISEN KAISHA.
(ORIENTAL STEAMSHIP CO.)

Imperial Japanese and U.S.M. Line to San Francisco from Shanghai, via Nagasaki, Kobe, Yokohama and Honolulu.
SEMI-TROPICAL ROUTE.
PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI.
FOR SAN FRANCISCO

SHINYO MARU	January	18 1920
KOREA MARU	February	26 "
TENYO MARU	March	14 "

All steamers of this Company are thoroughly modern and up-to-date. Equipped with Wireless Telegraph, Submarine Signals, Laundry, Ladies' Lounge, and all other modern improvements for safety and comfort. String Orchestra, Moving Picture Performance, Deck Dances. Service and Cuisine unexcelled.

Lay-Over privileges allowed to all ports of call. Interchangeable with steamers of the PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY, and CANADIAN PACIFIC OCEAN SERVICES, LD.

Railway transportation between Nagasaki, Kobe and Yokohama may be had on application to the purser.

T. N. ALEXANDER, Manager.
North China Insurance Co.'s Buildings
Telephone No. 3229. Entrance 71 Szechuen Road.

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taking cargo on through Bill of Lading to
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Next sailings:—
S.S. "AFRICA" about 15th January
S.S. "PERSIA" about 15th February

A few first-class berths are available, on the "AFRICA," for passengers to Trieste.

DODWELL & CO., LTD.
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Union Building Telephone, Central 1693

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(Companies incorporated in England)

FOR MARSEILLES AND LONDON
via HONGKONG, STRAITS, CEYLON, EGYPT
S.S. "NAGOYA" 6th February, 1920.
S.S. "SOMALI" 28th January, 1920.
FOR BOMBAY via STRAITS AND COLOMBO
S.S. "DUNERA" about 9th January, 1920.
FOR CALCUTTA via JAPAN
S.S. "GREGORY APCAR" 11th January, 1920.
FOR SYDNEY from HONGKONG
S.S. "ST. ALBANS" about 30th January, 1920.

P. & O. and B.I.S.N. Co.'s tickets interchangeable.
Steamers and sailing dates are liable to be altered or cancelled without notice.
For particulars regarding Freight or Passage, apply to
MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.
AGENTS
24 The Bund, Shanghai
Telephones: Central 169 & 2069

THE ADMIRAL LINE
PACIFIC STEAMSHIP CO.

TRANS-PACIFIC FREIGHT SERVICE

FOR SEATTLE

S.S. "EDMORE"	Sails About	JAN. 19
S.S. "CITY OF SPOKANE"	Sails About	JAN. 21
S.S. "ICONIUM"	Sails About	FEB. 18

FOR PORTLAND

S.S. "WABAN"	Sails About	JAN. 15
S.S. "WAWALONA"	Sails About	JAN. 20
S.S. "COAXET"	Sails About	FEB. 2

FOR NEW ORLEANS

S.S. "ASKAWAKE"	Early March

Through Bills of Lading issued to all United States and Canadian Overland Points.
FOR FREIGHT AND PARTICULARS APPLY TO
THE ADMIRAL LINE
53 SZECHUEN ROAD.
JOHN J. GORMAN, GENERAL AGENT FRED C. CHARMAN AGENT.
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STRUTHERS AND DIXON
INCORPORATED
Operating Far Eastern Service for account of United States Shipping Board.

FROM SAN FRANCISCO:		FOR SAN FRANCISCO:	
S.S. West Cajoot	Jan. 6	S.S. West Cajoot	Jan. 30
S.S. Hathaway in port		S.S. Hathaway	Feb. 8
FROM SEATTLE:		FOR SEATTLE:	
S.S. West Ivis	Jan. 11	S.S. West Ivis	Feb. 7
S.S. Irmo	Jan. 31		

FLEET
"West Cactus," "West Cajoot," "West Helix," "West Henshaw," "West Ison," "West Segovia," "West Islip," "Western Glen," "Bakersfield," "Devolente," "Editor," "Stanley," "Vinita," "Brave Coner," "Hathaway," "Elkhorn," "West Ivis," "Irmo," "Denel," "Colorado Springs."

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Shanghai Office, No. 7 Jinkee Road, Telephone Central 2557
L. EVERETT, Vice Pres. J. S. EMENS, Agent.

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VIA PANAMA
S.S. "CAPE MAY" ..... Late January
S.S. "SAGAPORACK" ..... March 15
VIA SUEZ
S.S. "WESTERN CROSS" ..... March 5
Operated for Account of U. S. Shipping Board

For rates and further particulars apply to
THE ADMIRAL LINE
53 Szechuen Road. Telephone C. 1471
26779

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OCEAN SERVICES LIMITED

TRANS-PACIFIC LINES

S. S. METHVEN
Will leave Shanghai on 7th January, 1920.
FOR
VANCOUVER
via
Nagasaki, Kobe, Yokohama and Victoria, B. C.
For bills of lading, freight rates, etc., apply to
P. A. COX, Agent,
Cor. Peking and Yuenmingyuen Roads, Shanghai.
Tel. Central 181.
26716

CP OS
QUICKEST TIME ACROSS THE PACIFIC
To
CANADA, UNITED STATES AND EUROPE
SAILINGS

To Vancouver		To Manila & Hongkong	
Monteagle	Jan. 21	Emp. of Japan†	Jan. 7
Emp. Asia	Jan. 24	Emp. of Asia*	Jan. 12
Emp. Japan	Jan. 31	†To Hongkong direct *Via Manila	

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Frequent sailings to Liverpool and Glasgow. Fast luxurious Empress of France. Special suites and rooms with bath.

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Telephone Central 181	Telephone Central 182

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S.S. "NANKING"
(15,000 TONS)
S.S. "NILE" (14,000 TONS) **S.S. "CHINA"** (10,200 TONS)
(SUBJECT TO CHANGE)
SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI FOR
SAN FRANCISCO
VIA NAGASAKI, YOKOHAMA AND HONOLULU

S.S. "NANKING"	JAN.	16th
S.S. "CHINA"	FEB.	3rd
S.S. "NILE"	MARCH	5th

*S.S. "NANKING" does not call at NAGASAKI

FOR HONGKONG DIRECT

S.S. "NANKING"	JAN.	7th
S.S. "CHINA"	JAN.	21st
S.S. "NILE"	FEB.	21st

For further information regarding passenger fares, sailings, freight rates, etc., apply to
J. P. WILLIAMS, AGENT.
CORNER SZECHUEN & KIUKIANG ROADS
PHONE CENTRAL 4773 Cable Address: "CHIMAIL"

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NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA

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(Subject to Alteration)

EUROPEAN LINE MAIL SERVICE.

For Hongkong, Singapore, Penang, Colombo, Suez, Port Said, Marseilles and England:

	Tons	Capt.	
KITANO MARU	16,000	F. E. Cope,	Jan. 5
INABA MARU	12,500	T. Kusano,	Jan. 20

EUROPEAN LINE CARGO SERVICE.

For Portsaid, Marseilles, Liverpool via ports.

PENANG MARU	11,500	G. Shinomiya,	Jan. 9
AWA MARU	12,500	S. Hirata,	Jan. 19

For Portsaid, London, Antwerp and Hamburg via ports:

TOYAMA MARU	15,000	K. Yasuhara,	Jan. 13

AMERICAN LINE

For Nagasaki, Kobe, Yokohama, Victoria, B. C., and Seattle, Washington, Shanghai, Kobe and Osaka Line (Via Moji).

	Tons	Capt.	
KATORI MARU	19,000	E. Tozawa,	Jan. 21
SUWA MARU	21,000	R. Shimizu,	Feb. 8

NEW YORK LINE Via PANAMA.

SHANGHAI-YOKOHAMA LINE (Via Nagasaki, Moji and Kobe.)

	Tons	Capt.	
KASUGA MARU	7,000	K. Inatsu,	Jan. 6
SAGAMI MARU	4,000	S. Sano,	Jan. 15

SHANGHAI, KOBE AND OSAKA LINE (Via Moji).

	Tons	Capt.	
OMI MARU	7,000	M. Yamamaki,	Jan. 7
YAMASHIRO MARU .	7,000	T. Terada,	Jan. 13
KUMANO MARU	7,000	M. Yamasaki,	Jan. 10
TAKESHIMA MARU ..	4,500	K. Kobayashi,	Jan. 14
YAWATA MARU	7,000	G. Shinomiya,	Jan. 17

FOR JAPAN

	Tons	Capt.	
KAMO MARU	16,000	M. Nakamura,	Jan. 6

FOR HONGKONG

	Tons	Capt.	
KASHIMA MARU ...	19,000	M. Machida,	Feb. 7

FOR MANILA AND HONGKONG

	Tons	Capt.	
SUWA MARU	21,000	R. Shimizu,	Jan. 13

AUSTRALIAN LINE (Sailing From Hongkong).

Regular Four-Weekly Service between Japan ports and Australia (calling at Hongkong and Manila).

	Tons	Capt.	
NIKKO MARU	10,000	G. Yamazaki,	Jan. 21
AKI MARU	12,500	S. Shibata,	Feb. 18
TANGO MARU	14,000	M. Nishimura,	Mar. 24

CALCUTTA LINE

Regular Fortnightly Service between Yokohama and Calcutta (calling at Shanghai on homeward voyage).

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Regular Fortnightly Service between Kobe and Bombay (calling at Shanghai on homeward voyage).

The Company also runs numerous steamers from Japan to China and Korean ports and Vladivostok, and also between the principal ports in Japan.

For freight, passage and further information apply to

I. MATSUDAIRA, Manager, Nippon Yusen Kaisha,

Tel. Address: Yusen, Shanghai.

Vessels Loading

For Foreign Ports

TACOMA & SEATTLE CALLING at VICTORIA B. C. via NAGASAKI, KOBE, YOKKAICHI, SHIMIDZU & YOKOHAMA.—The Osaka Shosen Kaisha's Steamer **Arabia Maru**, Captain T. Saito, will be despatched on **January 5.** Through Bills of Lading are granted for American ports and overland points connecting with the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway Co., at Seattle and Tacoma. Consular Invoices must accompany overland shipment. For Freight, please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA**, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. No. 4234 & 4235.

HAMBURG & LONDON Via Hongkong, Singapore, Colombo, Portsaid, Antwerp and Rotterdam.—The Steamer **Borneo Maru**, Captain K. Tahido, will be despatched from the Co.'s No. 9 Buoy on **JANUARY 6.** For Freight please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA**, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. Central 4234 & 4235.

HAMBURG & LONDON Via Hongkong, Singapore, Colombo, Portsaid, Antwerp and Rotterdam.—The Steamer **Himalaya Maru**, Captain S. Yamaga, will be despatched from the Co.'s No. 9 Buoy on **JANUARY 10, 1920.** For Freight please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA**, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. Central No. 4234 & 4235.

TACOMA & SEATTLE CALLING at VICTORIA B. C. via NAGASAKI, KOBE, YOKKAICHI, SHIMIDZU, & YOKOHAMA.—The O.S.K. Str. **Manila Maru**, Capt. T. Kobayashi, will be despatched on **January 17.** Through Bills of Lading are granted for American ports and overland points connecting with the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway Co., at Seattle and Tacoma. Consular Invoices must accompany overland shipment. The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the Custom's jetty at ———— For Freight or Passage, please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA** No. 4, The Bund. Tel. No. 4234 & 4235.

TACOMA AND SEATTLE CALLING AT VICTORIA B. C. VIA NAGASAKI, KOBE, YOKKAICHI, SHIMIDZU, & YOKOHAMA.—The Osaka Shosen Kaisha's Str. **Mexico Maru**, Captain K. Komiya, will be despatched on **January 28.** Through Bills of Lading are granted for American ports and overland connecting with the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway Co., at Seattle and Tacoma. Consular Invoices must accompany overland shipment. For Freight please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA**, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. No. 4234 & 4235.

LONDON, Via, Hongkong Singapore, Colombo, Portsaid, Marseilles Antwerp and Rotterdam.—The Str. **Atlas Maru**, Capt. ———— will be despatched from Shanghai on or about and of **JAN.** For Freight please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA**, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. Central No. 4234 & 4235.

LONDON, Via Singapore, Colombo, Portsaid, Antwerp, Rotterdam and Hamburg.—The Str. **Andes Maru**, Captain T. Kamiashi, will be despatched from Shanghai on or about the middle of **FEB.** For Freight please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA**, No. 4, The Bund. Tel Central No. 4234 & 4235.

HAMBURG & LONDON, via HONGKONG, SINGAPORE COLOMBO, PORT SAID, MARSEILLES, ANTWERP & ROTTERDAM.—The Steamer **Amur Maru**, Captain H. Hamada, will be despatched from the Shanghai Wharf about **MARCH, 1920.** For Freight, please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSON KAISHA**, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. Central No. 4234 & 4235.

Large Display Advertisements

Intended for the Sunday issue of The China Press should be sent in before 5 p.m. on Friday

Financial And Commercial News

Exchange and Bullion

Shanghai, January 3, 1920.

Money and Bullion

Sovereigns: Bank buying rate, @ 7/9 = Tls. 2.5807
@ exch. 73.3 = Mex. 3.5207
Gold Dollars: Bank buying rate, @ 147¼ = Tls. 67.91
@ exch. 73.3 = Mex. $92.65
Mex. Dollars: Market Rate: 73.025
Shanghai Gold Bars: 978 touch Tls. 174
Copper Cash ... per tael 186.800
Native Interest ..... Tls. 28

Latest London Quotations

Bar Silver ..... 75 5/8 d.
Bank Rate of Discount .... 6 %
Ex., Paris on Lonndon Fr. 40.77
Ex., New York on London T.T. G.$3.76½

Exchange Closing Quotations

London	T.T. 7/9
London	Demand 7/9¼
India	T.T. 326
Paris	T.T. 1590
Paris	Demand 1593
New York	T.T. 147
New York	Demand 147¼
Hongkong	T.T. 60½
Japan	T.T. 33⅝
Batavia	T.T. 383½
Singapore	T.T. 30½

Bank's Buying Rates

London	Demand 7/11
London	4 m/s. Cdts. 8/1¼
London	4 m/s. Docy. 8/1⅛
London	6 m/s. Cdts. 8/2¼
London	6 m/s. Docy. 8/2⅛
Paris	4 m/s. 1710
New York ...	o/d. Docy. 151
New York	4 m/s. 157¾

ROUBLES EXCHANGE

Today's Bank Buying Rate For Roubles

Roubles 15,500 ..... = Tls. 100
Roubles 100 ..... = Mex. $0.87

CUSTOMS HOUSE EXCHANGE RATES FOR JANUARY

Hk. Tls. 2.31	@	7/9¼	£1
" 1	@	1593 Fr.	17.75
" 0.61	@	147¾ Gold	$1
" 1	@	33⅝ Yen	3.31
" 1	@	15 Rupees	6.49
" 1	@	— Roubles	—
" 1	@	1.50 Mex.	$1.50

PARIS EXCHANGE

(French Wireless Service)

Paris, January 2.—Exchange quotations:

London	40.975
New York	10.81
Belgium	101.25
Spain	206
Italy	81.75
Rumania	28.75
Switzerland	192.50

French War Loans:

3 percent	59.20
4 percent 1917	71.15
4 percent 1918	70.80
5 percent	88.35

The China Mutual Life Insurance Co., Ltd.

A PEACE RISK.

Who is carrying your death risk?

Is it your family,

or

A Life Assurance Office?

Why not let the China Mutual carry it?

HEAD OFFICE:
10 Canton Road, Shanghai.

ASTOR HOUSE HOTEL

TIENTSIN

Cable Address

ASTOR

The leading Hotel in Tientsin. Delightfully situated, facing Victoria Park, and located in the Centre of the Town's Life and Business.

Spacious and Luxurious Dining and Reception Rooms,

Fifty Bedrooms with private Baths and Toilets.

First Class Cuisine and Selected Cellar, under Foreign supervision.

Central Heating, Electric Light, Modern Sanitary Arrangements.

Hotel Motor-Omnibus and Porters meet all Trains and Boats.

THE MANAGEMENT.

BENJAMIN AND POTTS SHARE LIST

Yesterday's Prices

Stock	Closing Quotations
Banks	
H. K. and S. B. ..	$430
Chartered	£80
Russo-Asiatic	Rs. 250
Marine Insurances	
Canton	Tls. 400 S.
North China	$160 B.
Union of Canton .	Hk. 195
Yangtsze	$270
Far Eastern Ins. Co., Ltd.	Tls. 22
Fire Insurances.	
China Fire	$138
Hongkong Fire ..	$330 S.
Shipping	
Indo-China Def. ..	$237½ S.
Indo-China Pref. .	$20
"Shell"	205/- B.
Shanghai Tug ord.	Tls. 41
Shanghai Tug pref	Tls. 37
Mining	
Kaiping	Tls. 12¼ B.
Oriental Cons. ...	25/-
Raub	$2 S.
Docks	
Hongkong Dock ..	Tls. 118 S.
Shanghai Dock ...	Tls. 28½
New Eng. Works .	Tls. 28½ B.
Wharves	
Shanghai Wharf ..	Tls. 130
Hongkong Wharf	Tls. 90 B.
Lands and Hotels	
Anglo-French Land	Tls. 75 B.
China Land	Tls. 50
Shanghai Land ...	Tls. 62 B.
Weihaiwei Land .	Tls. 3
S'hai Hotels Ltd. .	Tls. 18
China Realty (ord)	Tls. 68
China Realty (pref)	Tls. 50
Cotton Mills	
E-wo (ord.)	Tls. 535
E-wo Pref	Tls. 85
Laou-kung-mow ..	Tls. 350
Oriental	Tls. 290
Shanghai Cotton .	Tls. 305
Kungyik	Tls. 52½
Yangtszepoo	Tls. 34 S.
Yangtszepoo Pref. .	Tls. 85
Industrials	
Butler Tiles	Tls. 25
China Sugar	$211 B.
Green Island	$6.80 B.
Langkats	Tls. 15 B.
Major Bros	Tls. 5
S'hai Sumatra ...	Tls. 125
Stores	
Hall & Holtz	Tls. 12¼
Llewellyn	$30
Lane, Crawford ...	$88
Moutrie	$32
Watson	$5 ¾ S.
Weeks	Tls. 11¼
Rubbers (Local)	
Alma	Tls. 6.55 x D.
Amherst	Tls. 0.50
Anglo-Java	Tls. 7.40
Anglo-Dutch	Tls. 2¼ B.
Ayer Tawah	Tls. 21 x D
Batu Anam 1918 .	Tls. 0.55
Bukit Toh Alang .	Tls. 1½ B.
Bute	Tls. 0.40
Chemor United ..	Tls. 0.50 B.
Chempedak	Tls. 6
Cheng	Tls. 1½
Consolidated	Tls. 1¾ B.
Dominion	Tls. 6
Gula Kalumpong .	Tls. 5¼
Java Consolidated.	Tls. 11¼
Kamunting	Tls. 3
Kapala	Tls. 0.60
Kapayang	Tls. 10
Karan	Tls. 8.10
Kota Bahroe	Tls. 2¾ B.
Kroewoek Java ...	Tls. 9½
Padang	Tls. 8½
Pengkalan Durian .	Tls. 4
Permata	Tls. 2½
Repah	Tls. 0.82½
Samagaga	Tls. 0.50 B.
Seekee	Tls. 1
Semambu	Tls. 0.50 B.
Senawang	Tls. 8
Shanghai Klebang .	Tls. 0.50 B.
Shanghai Malay ..	Tls. 6
S'hai Malay pref. .	Tls. 8
Shanghai Pahang .	Tls. 1½
Sungala	Tls. 1
Sungei Duri	Tls. 4½ B.
Sua Manggis	Tls. 3¼
S'hai Kalantan ...	Tls. 0.50
S'hai Seremban ...	Tls. 0.60
Taiping	Tls. 0.50 B
Tanah Merah	Tls. 0.60
Tebong	Tls. 13
Siobri	Tls. 2½
Ziangbe	Tls. 3¼
Miscellaneous	
C. I & E. Lumber .	Tls. 850 S
Culty Dairy	Tls. 11.20 x D.
S'hai Elec. & Asb	$2
Shanghai Trams ..	Tls. 70 B.
Shanghai Gas	Tls. 15
Horse Bazaar	Tls. 40
Shanghai Mercury .	Tls 25
S'hai Telephone ..	Tls. 60
S'hai Waterworks .	Tls. 163¾

S. Sellers. Sa, Sales. B. Buyers.

Telephone No. Central 298

Benjamin and Potts, 8 Jinkee Rd.

Consolidated Rubber Estates, Limited

The China Realty Co., Ltd., Secretaries and General Managers report that the output of dry rubber from the Consolidated Rubber Estates (1914) for the month of December, 1919 was 59,893 lbs.

Gula-Kalumpong Rubber Estates, Limited

Messrs. Ilbert and Co., Ltd., the local secretaries of the Gula Kalumpong Rubber Estates, Ltd. are in receipt of the following telegram from their Penang agents:

Output of Dry Rubber for December.	153,500 lb.
Shipped	131,110 lb.
Cocoanuts	224,000 nuts
Rainfall	11 inches

Rubber Auction

Messrs. Meyer and Measor, Singapore, report that the auctions this week showed prices of $1.07 to $1.11 for Pale Crepe and $1.07 to $1.12 for Smoked Sheet, the tendency of the market being firmer.

Messrs. R. N. Truman and Co. have received the following telegraphic report from their Singapore agents in connection with the last weekly report auctions held on December 31.

Average price realised.

No. 1 Smoked Sheet—$1.11 per pound equivalent to 2s. 8d. ex warehouse Singapore.

No. 1 Crepe—$1.11 per pound equivalent to 2s. 8d. ex warehouse Singapore.

Demand is good, offered 1,277 tons; sold 1,019 tons.

Share Market

In their report dated January 2, Messrs. J. P. Bisset and Co. write as follows:

The Stock Exchange was closed over the Christmas Holidays and on Thursday, Friday and Saturday of this week on account of the [redacted]

[redacted] written the Pussyfoot Jazz. It is being introduced in the English music halls and has a chorus that runs like this:

Stay away, fade away, Pussyfoot,
For the bulldog don't like you.
Why don't you stay in your own U. S. A.,
And wail in your own back yard?
Who are you, where are you, Pussyfoot?
Don't you know he hears your mew?
Though you've got the public puzzled
The bulldog won't be muzzled.
So get! Scat! is my advice to you.

The song is in Bran Pie, one of the newest reviews.

THE CHINA PRESS MAIL SCHEDULE

SUNDAY, JANUARY 4, 1920

Date and Destination	Per	Chi.	Br.	USA	Rus.	Jap.	Reg
TODAY							
H'kong, S. Ports, Straits, and E'pe, via Suez.	Kitano Maru	17.00	..	..	..	..	16.30
River Ports	Train & Str.	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
S'tow, H'kong & C'ton	Holhow	9.00	..	..	..	..	8.30
Japan, Canada, U.S.A. & Europe	Ecuador	15.00	..	..	..	..	14.30
Japan Ports	Nagoya	15.00	..	..	..	..	14.30
Japan Ports	Kasuga Maru	19.00	..	..	..	..	18.30
TOMORROW							
V'stok and Siberia via Pukow & Harbin (Daily expect Sunday)	Train		..	17.00	..	17.00	
Ningpo	Hsin Peking	..	15.00	..	..	..	..
Tientsin	Train	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Hankow	Train	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Vladivostok	Train	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Chefoo	Esang	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Chefoo and Weihaiwei	do	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Vladivostok, Russia and Siberia	Via P. & H.	17.00	..				17.00
River Ports	Train & Str.	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Foochow	Feiching	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
S'tow, H'kong & C'ton	Choysang	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
H'kong, S. Ports, Straits, & Europe via Suez	Boreno M.	17.00	..	..	..	..	16.30
Japan, Canada, U.S.A. and Europe	Arabia Maru	15.30	..	..	..	..	15.00
Manila direct	New Orleans	..	..	18.00	..	..	17.00
Tuesday, January 6.							
Vladivostok, Russia and Siberia	Via P. & H.	17.00	..	..	..	..	17.00
River Ports	Train & Str.	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Chefoo	Koonshing	11.00	..	..	..	..	10.30
Hongkong and Canton	Chenan	9.00	..	..	..	..	8.30
Hongkong	do	..	9.00	..	..	..	..
Hongkong	Suiyang	..	9.00	..	..	..	..
Hongkong and Canton	do	9.00	..	..	..	..	8.30

*Correspondence marked via Suez and parcel mail.

B Letters and boxes with declared value 7.30; parcel post 5 p.m. and money orders 4 p.m.

C Money orders and parcel at 11 a.m.

E Registered articles 5 p.m. on previous day.

The Chinese Post Office will close two mails daily for Tsingtao, Tientsin, Peking, etc.

a.—at 21 for S. N. R. 23 o'clock train
b.—at 7 for S. N. R. 7:55 o'clock train

Mails closed by 7:55 train should reach Tientsin only 46 minutes later than those closed for the previous night's train.

PHILIPPINE NATIONAL BANK

SOLE OFFICIAL DEPOSITORY OF THE PHILIPPINE GOVERNMENT

RESOURCES PESOS 261,000,000
HEAD OFFICES MANILA

GROWING IN PRESTIGE & CAPITAL

BRANCHES 37 BROADWAY. NEW YORK AND THROUGHOUT THE PHILIPPINES

CHECKING ACCOUNTS
SAVINGS ACCOUNTS
FIXED DEPOSITS
EXCHANGE BOUGHT & SOLD
LETTERS OF CREDIT
TRAVELLERS CHECKS

CORRESPONDENTS AT PRINCIPAL CITIES IN THE ORIENT UNITED STATES AND EUROPE

1, The Bund, Shanghai; Tel. C. 2741

J. W. MILLER Manager

Launch Services

Tuesday, January 6, 1920.

The tender conveying passengers and mails on board the S.M.R. s.s. Sakaki Maru will leave the Customs Jetty at 10 a.m.

Friday, January 9, 1920

The tender conveying passengers and mails on board the S.M.R. s.s. Kobe Maru will leave the Customs Jetty at 12 noon.

Passengers Departed

Per C.M. s.s. Taishun for Ningpo: Messrs. A.Y. Downie, R.W. Wells.

Per C.N. s.s. Poyang for Kiukiang: Mr. Lello; for Hankow Mr. S. Monart.

HANKOW SHANTUNG

GROUNDNUTS
WALNUTS

Egg products, Straw-braid, Crude Camphor, Oils, Beans, Seeds

IMPORTS
Chemicals, Dyes, Greases, Refined Oils, Lubricants, Rubber and Sport Goods.

China Albion Trading Company
51 Szechuen Road
Phone C. 3234

LONDON NEW YORK

Recreation Indoors

under the soft and restful light of

Veluria ILLUMINATING GLASSWARE

is the ideal pastime of the winter.

Displayed in our Electrical Showroom, 1A Yuen Ming Yuen Road, Shanghai, Telephone Central 778.

Wiring Installations, G-E Edison Lamps, Electrical Fittings

Andersen, Meyer & Co., Ltd

Shanghai

Canton, Changsha, Hankow, Harbin, Hongkong, Kalgan, Peking, Tientsin, Tsinan, Urga, Vladivostock, Yunnanfu.

V9

"Green Bicycle" Brand

ROLLER FLOUR

(green label)

The Highest Grade Flour milled in Shanghai. Manufactured under the supervision of an American Miller.

Cheaper

than any kind of imported flour

Quality

equal to the best imported flour

Ask for "GREEN LABEL"

Fou Foong Flour Mill Co.

HEAD OFFICE

57 Peking Road: Phone, Central 154

We are doing both wholesale and retail business, and will send goods to destination ordered.

AGENCIES:

Ting Sheng Rice Shop, Broadway.
Heng Sheng Rice Shop, French Concession.

THE

Great Northern Garage Co.

COSY
COMFORTABLE
CARS
CAREFUL
CHAUFFEURS

Tel. North 1463 14 Astor Road Next "The Troc

Power Economy

Electric motors solve the problem of maximum production.

The correct answer to the power question is:

USE ELECTRIC MOTORS

The electric motor is universally acknowledged to be the most reliable and most convenient form of power; if also electricity from the Municipal supply be used, electric motors will be found to be more economical than any other power.

MUNICIPAL ELECTRICITY DEPARTMENT

Power Dept.: 66 Szechuen Road. Tel. Central 283

Business and Official - - - Notices - - -

Classified Advertisements

2 cents a Word (Minimum Charge 40 cents)

All Advertisements must be Prepaid

Replies must be called for

MOORE - SHANGHAI ESTABLISHED 1874 TELEPHONE CENTRAL 158

J. MOORE & Co.

AUCTIONEERS : VALUERS : LAND BROKERS
45 KIANGSE ROAD SHANGHAI

AUCTION INDEX

MONDAY, January 5th.—Excellent Household Furniture at No. 1 Honan Road, at 10 a.m.

WEDNESDAY, January 7th.—Ladies' New Coats and Skirts, etc., in Salesroom at 10 a.m.

WEDNESDAY, January 7th.—Excellent Furniture and New Carpets in salesroom at 2.30 p.m. Continuing on Thursday, 8th at 10 a.m.

SATURDAY, 17th and MONDAY, 19th January.—Important Postage stamp auction. This is one of the well known auctions arranged by Mr. Charles Piens, Hon. Counterfeit detecter of the Shanghai Philatelic Society, a guarantee of the rareness and excellence of the material offered.

CODE BOOKS

Bentley's Complete Phrase Code Book (New Edition)	$20.00
A. B. C. Code Fifth Edition	23.00
Western Union Telegraphic Code. Universal Edition	30.00
Western Union Telegraphic Code. Five Letter Edition	40.00

Chow Tzu Kong
111 Szechuen Road, Shanghai, China.

District Grand Lodge Massachusetts Constitution

The Annual Meeting of the District Grand Lodge, Massachusetts Constitution, will take place on Tuesday, January 6th, 1920, at 9.00 p.m. All Brethren are invited to attend.

J. D. GAINES,
District Grand Secretary.

Shanghai, December 29th, 1919.

27156

MUNICIPAL INVESTMENT BANK

JANUARY

DEPOSITS

will be received at the Finance Department of the Council, 24B Kiangse Road

Up to

and

Including

Thursday, January 8

Shanghai, 1919.

29240

THE NATURAL MILK FOOD

LACTOGEN

FOR Children and Invalids

For Infants.—Lactogen is the safest and most satisfactory substitute for Mothers' Milk with which it is identical in composition, nutrition and digestibility.

For Invalids.—Lactogen is so pure, so nourishing, and so easily digested that it always gives satisfaction.

For Growing Boys and Girls.—Lactogen is an invaluable food.

SOLD BY ALL CHEMISTS AND STOREKEEPERS.

In ½lb., 1 lb. and 3 lbs. tins.

Geddes & Co., Ltd.
Agents.
Tel. C. 346 5 Peking Road.

Ordonnance Consulaire
No. 23.

30 DECEMBRE 1919

AUGMENTATION de L'IMPORT LOCATIF ETRANGER

Nous, Dufaure de la PRADE, Vice-Consul de France, Gerant le Consulat General de France a Changhai,

Vu la deliberation du Conseil d'Administration Municipale de la Concession Francaise de Changhai en date du 29 Decembre 1919, ainsi concue:—

"BUDGET 1920.—Desirant dans un esprit d'equite, egaliser les taxes locatives imposees aux residents Etrangers et Chinois de la Concession Francaise,

"Le Conseil decide de porter, a partir du 1 Janvier 1920, et sur toute l'etendue du territoire de la Concession Francaise, l'impot locatif Etranger a 12% par an."

Vu les § 1, 2 et 3 de l'Art. 9 de l'Ordonnance du 14 Avril 1868, portant reglement d'organisation Municipale de la Concession Francaise de Changhai,

Vu l'Art. 10 de la meme Ordonnance,

Attendu que la deliberation cidessus du Conseil d'Administration Municipale de la Concession Francaise de Changhai n'est en rien contraire aux Lois et Reglements Francais,

Par ces motifs,

Avons ordonne et ordonnons ce qui suit:—

Est rendue executoire, a partir du 1 Janvier 1920, selon sa forme et sa teneur, la deliberation susvisee du Conseil d'Administration Municipale de la Concession Francaise de Changhai, en date du 29 Decembre 1919.

Fait a Changhai, en l'Hotel Consulaire, le trente Decembre mil neuf cent dix-neuf.

Le Vice-Consul de France Gerant le Consulat General de France a Changhai,

Signe: Dufaure de la PRADE.

Pour copie certifiee conforme,

Changhai, le 30 Decembre 1919.

Le Vice Consul, Chancelier,
Signe: Fernand ROY.

27213

UNION INSURANCE SOCIETY OF CANTON, LIMITED

NOTICE

I have this day assumed charge of the Society's Branch at this Port.

By order of the Board of Directors,
W. E. SMITH,
Branch Manager

Shanghai, 1st January, 1920.

27212

[redacted]

Holy Trinity Cathedral
Violin Recital
by
MR. FRANK SMIT
Tuesday, January 6th, at 6 p.m.
Violin, Organ, and the Cathedral Choir
NO COLLECTION.

27259

Concession Francaise de Changhai

AVIS

ELECTIONS MUNICIPALES DU 15 JANVIER 1920

Candidatures presentees au Consulat General de France:—3 Janvier, 1920, X. Dard, Candidat Francais.

Le Vice-Consul de France,
Gerant le Consulat General de France,
Dufaure de la PRADE.

27264

The Kailan Mining Administration

HOUSEHOLD COAL

On and after 17th November, the price will be $13 per ton delivered (Cash with Order). Application to 1 Jinkee Road Tel. Central 1115.

27223

NOTICE

Drs. Ivy and Robinson
Dental Surgeons
3A PEKING ROAD.

Dr. Robinson has returned and resumes charge of his practice at above address.

27247

BARBOUR'S
LINEN THREADS
TWINES AND NETS

For Prices
Apply to your Import Merchant

LOMBIO
CURES
PILES
Prickly Heat, Eczema, and all Skin Troubles.

LOMBIO gives immediate relief from the intolerable itching, irritation and pain, stops bleeding, draw out the heat from the inflamed tissues and effects a permanent cure.

To be obtained from local agent

Shanghai Dispensary
24 Foochow Road, Shanghai
Sole Proprietors:
LOMBIO COMPANY,
15, New St. Bishopsgate, London, E.C.
New stock has now arrived

Amusement Advertising will be found on Page 21

W. Z. ZEE & SONS

beg to notify their patrons that their

WALL CALENDAR for 1920 is now being distributed.

1920 Refills for Desk Calendar will be distributed early in January.

"COMPLIMENTS OF THE SEASON"

TAKE ADVANTAGE

Of these Prices on our New and High-grade Rebuilt Typewriters

Olivers Model 7	$75.00
" " 9	85.00
Remingtons, Model 7	45.00
" " 10	90.00
Standard Fox	110.00
Baby Fox, Portable, Complete	70.00
National, " Complete	60.00

Our offer for one week only

THE OFFICE APPLIANCE CO.

Phone: Central 4778 — SPECIALISTS IN OFFICE EQUIPMENT — 22 Nanking Road, Shanghai — Cable Add.: Mackbauck

---

The Stewart

SPEEDOMETER

is the choice of all motorists who want a speedometer that they can be sure is accurate and dependable

Distributors and Service Station for China of Stewart Products

The Shanghai Horse Bazaar & Motor Co.

ALL NEW ARRIVALS IN CHINA
Will find the
ENCYCLOPAEDIA SINICA

contains more information about the Chinese country and people than any other single book.

It has been awarded the Stanislas Julien Prize by the French Academy, as being the most important work on China for the year 1918.

The Nation (New York) says, "Every person, or association, or library desirous of information on many things that relate to China will find this work indispensable," ∴ ∴ ∴

Price $15.00, stiff paper covers.

From the Editor's office, 73, Chaufoong Road, or the leading booksellers. ∴ ∴ ∴

27263

Dr. M. H. Katzen

of the Paris University, Physician and Surgeon.

WOMEN'S, CHILDREN'S AND INTERNAL DISEASES.

Consulting hours:
11.00 a.m.—1.00 p.m.
4.00 p.m.—6.00 p.m.

4 PARK LANE
(near Quinsan Gardens)
Telephone North 3114.

26931

MICA ORE

Advertiser interested in a Mica Mine in the far interior of China would like to hear from any large firm who can take regular supplies. In your reply please state clearly how you want this Mica packed and give detailed particulars re quality and the dressing in which you can buy it. This Notice is published on behalf of the owners of the Mica Mine.

In first instance apply to Box 184, care of THE CHINA PRESS.

THE S. S. "TUNGUS"
will leave Shanghai for
VLADIVOSTOCK
On January 10

FOR Freight (Godown accommodation at Vladivostok guaranteed) and Passage, apply to

S. HEIMANN & COMPANY,
19A Canton Road.
Telephone Central 1604.

27244

In the United States Court for China

In re Last Will and Testament of BEATRICE M. MURDOCH, *Deceased*

Cause No. 856
Estate No. 309
NOTICE

NOTICE is hereby given to all parties interested that the undersigned has been appointed Administrix of the above named decedent's estate; that all persons having claims against the said estate are required to present the same for payment, with vouchers, to the undersigned on or before June, 1920, and all persons owing to said deceased are required to make payment to the undersigned.

KATE L. OGBORN,
Methodist Mission,
Wuhu, China.

December 20, 1919.

27076

SITUATIONS VACANT

HIGH SALARIES paid to expert Advertisement Writers. China is waking up to possibilities of modern advertising. More advertising experts needed. Learn this profession in your spare time. Write for catalog. Office 15A, International Correspondence Schools, 11c Nanking Road.

WANTED, stenographer for about one hour's dictation each day, either during business day or after hours. Replies will be considered confidential, if so desired. Address to Box 208, THE CHINA PRESS.

27266 J 6

WANTED at once, house-boy, cook and coolie, all experienced and first-class. Apply to Box 191, THE CHINA PRESS.

27234 J. 4.

POSITIONS OPEN at all times for expert bookkeepers. We teach Bookkeeping, Cost Accounting, Higher Accounting, Certified Public Accounting, Railroad Accounting, etc. Instruction easy to understand and apply. Hundreds of I.C.S. graduates in China holding responsible positions. Ask for catalog. Office 15A, International Correspondence Schools, 11c Nanking Road.

HOUSES WANTED

WANTED, small six-roomed house, fully furnished, French settlement. Apply to Box 203, THE CHINA PRESS.

27256 J. 6

WANTED after 1st March, for nine or more months, well-furnished six-roomed house, with garden and garage, in French Concession. Apply to Box 156, THE CHINA PRESS.

27126 J.9

GODOWNS WANTED

WANTED to hire, a large godown suitable for manufacturing purposes. Apply to Box 197, THE CHINA PRESS.

27251 J 4

MISCELLANEOUS

AN English lady desires to adopt a little girl up to six years of age. Must be of pure European or American parentage. Will give a good home, with the best of education. Apply to Box 179, THE CHINA PRESS.

27184 J.7

APARTMENTS WANTED

WANTED by married couple, from February 1st, furnished rooms, with board (or small flat), Western district or French Concession. Garage desirable. Apply to Box 186, THE CHINA PRESS.

27197 J.4

APARTMENTS

WINDSOR HOUSE, 14-15 Quinsan Gardens. One small front room to let, from 1st January. Telephone North 432.

Connaught House
8 Quinsan Gardens.
BOARD—RESIDENCE
Apply to
Mrs. G. POLLOCK.

TO LET, with board, comfortable newly furnished flat, comprising two large rooms, a smaller room, and modern fitted-out bathroom. Telephone, garage and stabling. Suitable for married couple or two bachelor friends. Apply to Box 166, THE CHINA PRESS.

ORIENTAL HOUSE
31 Boone Road
ONE large room and one large attic, front, facing garden, hot water, with bath attached. Suitable for married couples or bachelors. Moderate prices. Table under the personal supervision of the American proprietress. Tel. North 1102.

27142

TO LET, from Jan. 4th, one attic room, central district. Phone, 1ift, 103 Szechuen Road, 3rd floor.

27262 J. 4

TO LET, in western district, a cosy attic room, with board, suitable for young lady. Apply to Box 200, THE CHINA PRESS.

27253 J. 4

TO LET, with board, a large furnished room and private bathroom. Bubbling Well Road, on tram-line. Apply to Box 201, THE CHINA PRESS.

27254

One unfurnished room and bath for gentleman, breakfast if desired, location central. Apply to Box 204, THE CHINA PRESS.

27257 J. 4

TO LET, comfortable furnished room with bath, central. Apply to Box 207, THE CHINA PRESS.

27261 J. 7

TO LET, nicely furnished rooms in private family. Apply 36 Quinsan Road.

27267 J 4

TO LET, well-furnished dining, drawing and bedrooms, with use of kitchen, or board, 7 Wayside Road.

27238 J. 6.

TO LET, with board, good-sized room, bathroom and verandah attached. Apply 3 Young Allen Terrace.

27230

NICELY furnished rooms to let with board, or board alone. Use of telephone, etc. Apply 78 Bubbling Well Road, or 'phone West 1473.

27125 J.7

MATRIMONY

LADY, honest, well educated, wishes to correspond with gentleman, view matrimony. No objection to outport. Apply to Box 209, THE CHINA PRESS.

27238

HOUSES TO LET

TO BE LET, from middle February to middle November, fully furnished detached house near Corner Avenue Joffre and route Pottier. Three bedrooms, two baths with flush closets, hot water, four servants' rooms, garage, tennis lawn, telephone; Tls. 140 per month. Apply to Box 187, THE CHINA PRESS.

27198 J.4

TO LEASE, large comfortable house, ample servants' quarters, garage and stable, 20 Robinson Road (at Jessfield Road). Apply premises, or J. T. Hammond, 51 Szechuen Road.

27226

PROFESSIONAL

CLASSES of modern dancing held every Monday and Wednesday at the Burlington Hotel, from 5.30 to 7.30 p.m. For particulars, apply to Box 202, THE CHINA PRESS.

27255

GRADUATE of Prague Conservatory, demobilised from Czecho-Slovac Army in Siberia, desires to teach piano to pupils at their homes. Please address Delegate Czecho-Slovac Republic, 105 Avenue Road, Shanghai.

27245 J 6

SITUATIONS WANTED

EXPERIENCED Chinese clerk, with thorough knowledge of bookkeeping, typewriting and office routine, seeks position. Al recommendation. Apply to Box 206, THE CHINA PRESS.

27260 J. 6

AMERICAN, college man, wants one or two hours work daily, outside of office hours, at moderate salary. Experienced in commercial, journalistic and educational work. Please apply to Box 205, THE CHINA PRESS.

27258 J. 6

YOUNG American, 22, desires position as export assistant. Three years experience in general office work, relating to China exports, particularly hides. Apply to Box 199, THE CHINA PRESS.

27252 J. 4

COMPRADORESHIP wanted by an experienced Chinese, with thorough knowledge of import and export business, who desires to enter firm. Well acquainted with all dealers and can introduce a large business. Guarantee could be given if required. Apply to Box 195 THE CHINA PRESS.

27243 J 8

POSITION WANTED by young American with eight years experience in imports, accounts and shipping in the Orient. Reliable, honest, and not afraid of hard work. No objection to outports. Apply to Box 194, THE CHINA PRESS.

27241 J. 7.

STENOGRAPHER, office assistant, who has had considerable experience in mercantile houses, desires engagement. No objection to outports. Local credentials. Apply to Box 193, THE CHINA PRESS.

27237 J. 9.

COMPRADORESHIP wanted by an experienced Chinese with knowledge of import and export. Desires to join a firm; well acquainted with all dealers. Can give guarantee and references if required. Apply to Box 188, THE CHINA PRESS.

27207 J.15

EXPERIENCED Engineer wants position, tool making, stamping, erecting work and all kinds of engineering. 16 years experience Europe and America. Shanghai or outport. Apply to Box 172, THE CHINA PRESS.

27175 J.7

FRENCH-speaking lady desires post as governess. Apply to Box 182, THE CHINA PRESS.

27192 J.7

OFFICES, ETC., TO LET

OFFICES to lease, single, or suites of two to three rooms, on ground and first-floors. Central district, close to Bund. Apply J. T. Hammond, 51 Szechuen Road.

27225

EXCHANGE AND MART

FOR SALE, a baby grand piano in good order, moderate price. Apply at 12 Wayside Road.

27265 J 10

SAFETY Razor Blades sharpened. Old blades made as good as new, 50 cents a dozen single blades; 70 cents, double; Y.M.C.A. Barber Shop, 120 Szechuen Road.

27269

FOR SALE, very handsome riding pony, fast and strong. Apply Mafoo, 20 Robinson Road.

27250

WANTED to buy one large boiler 14 feet long, Pressure 90 lbs., 20 horse power. Also One Worthington pump. 5 x 4½. Apply to Box 196, THE CHINA PRESS.

27251 J. 4.

WANTED, hull in good condition, suitable for turning into houseboat. In reply, give dimensions, age and condition. Good motor boat also required. Apply to Box 189, THE CHINA PRESS.

27209 J.4

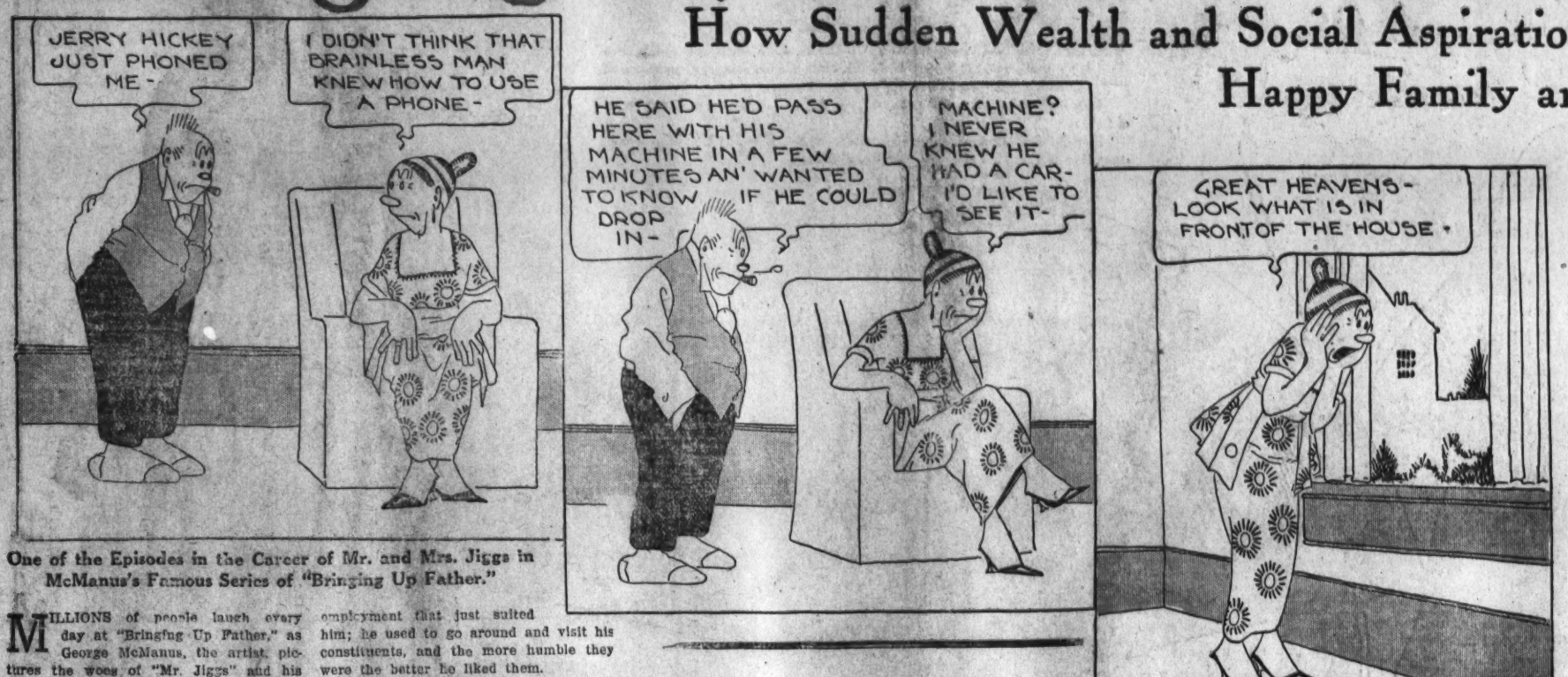
CACAO BUTTER offered for sale. Apply to Box 190, THE CHINA PRESS.

27210 J.4

Business and Official Notices are Continued on Page 19

"Bringing Up Father" in Real Life.

How Sudden Wealth and Social Aspirations Came to a Happy Family and Developed a "Mr. Jiggs" Who Still Clings to His Shirt Sleeves, His Pipe and "Vulgar Associates"


JERRY HICKEY JUST PHONED ME -
I DIDN'T THINK THAT BRAINLESS MAN KNEW HOW TO USE A PHONE -
HE SAID HE'D PASS HERE WITH HIS MACHINE IN A FEW MINUTES AN' WANTED TO KNOW IF HE COULD DROP IN -
MACHINE? I NEVER KNEW HE HAD A CAR- I'D LIKE TO SEE IT-
GREAT HEAVENS - LOOK WHAT IS IN FRONT OF THE HOUSE -

One of the Episodes in the Career of Mr. and Mrs. Jiggs in McManus's Famous Series of "Bringing Up Father."

MILLIONS of people laugh every day at "Bringing Up Father," as George McManus, the artist, pictures the woes of "Mr. Jiggs" and his worthy but unsympathetic wife, "Maggie." But to Mrs. Ruby Rossbach, of Los Angeles, sister of the late "Silent Smith," New York multi-millionaire, there is nothing funny about "Mr. Jiggs."

For she has her own "Mr. Jiggs," and a "Bringing up Father" serial in actual real life.

The "Mr. Jiggs" in this production is Victor A. Rossbach, husband of the late financier's sister and the living prototype of the browbeaten, luckless individual in the sketches.

McManus conceived a homespun, bluff, big hearted, sociable man of the shirt sleeves type who made a lot of money and wouldn't be "classy" or aristocratic. He made the "Maggie" just as rough hewn-looking as "Jiggs" but with aspirations to climb and so take her unwilling mate up with her.

But "Jiggs," as we all know, is hopeless. He would rather talk to the man bringing in coal than receive the quality brought to the house by the indefatigable "Maggie."

That is just the "trouble" with Mr. Rossbach, and the counts against him are many and grievous. Here they are, as related by Mrs. Rossbach in a recent suit for separation in the Superior Court of Los Angeles County.

Rossbach would rather talk to the man who sweeps the street in front of their magnificent home at No. 7095 Hollywood Boulevard, Los Angeles, than employ himself similarly with Mrs. Rossbach's friends.

It is the wish of his wife that Rossbach should dress for dinner but he finds it much more comfortable to appear at the table in his shirt sleeves. And as a final atrocity he calls the noonday meal "dinner."

He might associate with the wealthy and exclusive with whom Mrs. Rossbach is wont to surround herself, but spends a good deal of his spare time at the fire engine house a block away talking to his cronies there.

Mrs. Rossbach entertains many fashionable people, who observe the social niceties with the greatest exactitude, and she would fain have her husband emulate their example of extreme elegance.

But Rossbach, without wishing to give offense, continues to be faithful to his "Mr. Jiggs" proclivities; he is as likely as not to walk in on the ultras with his pipe in his mouth and extend a hearty hand with a "howdy," or to slap some haughty-looking person on the back and find that he has offended the Baron This or the Marquis That.

There are in the Rossbach cuisine forks for everything that is edible and every shade of use, but Rossbach, the "blunderer," insists upon eating peas with a spoon and doing a fair amount of work with his knife that should, according to the most refined rules laid down, be assigned to his fork.

Rossbach has a splendid chamber in the mansion, with a Louis Something four-poster, French mirrors and a soft-footed servitor to gratify any whim.

But this obdurate "Mr. Jiggs" of a man spends more time in his little room in the garage than in the bedroom.

The judge who tried the case—and refused to give Mrs. Rossbach a divorce—thought it was a case of too much "sudden money."

Up to the time of "Silent" Smith's death, a few years ago, the Rossbachs were in very modest circumstances. They had lived in Waukegan and Evanston, Ill., and Rossbach had been a railroad trainman for fifteen years. Then he was elected to the Board of Aldermen in Evanston. It was an extreme luxury.

In the old days Rossbach couldn't have traveled with this crowd, and didn't want to. But after "Silent" Smith died there fell to Mrs. Rossbach from his estate a fortune of $350,000.

Up to this time, according to Rossbach, his wife had been contented. But there was a different programme after the money came. For one thing, he was to become a man of great polish, a finished entertainer of the guests; it was now necessary that his manners should be Chesterfieldian or, at least above criticism, and above all he should abandon the "vulgar associates" who had, to the great distress of his wife, become his only companions.

It is possible that Rossbach did his best to carry out these specifications, but as he had reached middle age before the money came—well, he couldn't "make the grade"; that's the whole story.

Much of all this came out at the trial of the case wherein Mrs. Rossbach sought her freedom from her "Mr. Jiggs," but there were some fine touches that never were heard in the courtroom.

It wasn't related, for instance, that Rossbach was denied every part of the house except his bedroom and that he wasn't allowed to have his meals with the family.

The reporter found him in his little garage bedroom. That couch in the corner looked suspiciously like a bed, and if it hadn't been slept in appearances were remarkably deceitful.

As Rossbach sat there talking, his nineteen year-old son, a crippled son, came into one end of the garage and took out the roadster. But he didn't speak.

"Excuse me a minute," said Rossbach. He got up and stuck one eye out past the door frame. "I'm watching them to see if they're watching me," he explained. "My boy has a mirror in the car so he can see whether I am coming up behind. And they have the maid spying on me. It's a great game.

"The whole trouble is I like to be comfortable and human. Of course I like to talk to the street sweeper; he's an intelligent fellow and is better company than lots of the so-called 'class' that I've met in other places I might mention.

"And I go over and talk to the firemen. Why not? They're good company, too. You know I used to be an Alderman in Evanston. I got in the habit then of going around and calling on the people and there weren't any of them too low for me to visit. It wasn't because I wanted their votes, but because I represented them and they had as much right to a voice in affairs as anyone else.

"My wife made a point of the fact that I didn't act proper at a dance she gave at the Women's Clubhouse. Well, I'll tell you how that was. I went over there with her and danced one dance with a woman, and then I sat against the wall the rest of the evening. When it was over she came down on me mighty heavy.

"'That's a pretty way to treat our guests,' she said.

"'Our guests; what d'ye mean?' I asked.

"'Well, that was my party; I gave it,' she told me. It was the first time I knew that, but what I said didn't satisfy her; she made up her mind I was drunk."

At this juncture Mr. Rossbach heard a footstep on the pavement. He tiptoed to the door and looked up—with one eye. "It's my wife," he said. "Guess she's looking around to see if I'm up to anything."

But that was evidently not Mrs. Rossbach's mission, as she drove away immediately with her son.

There is one essential difference between "Mr. Jiggs" and Mr. Rossbach as viewed by Mrs. Rossbach. The former provokes laughter, but it is doubtful if Rossbach's "crudities," as the wife calls them, ever occasioned anything but displeasure in the immediate household.

Away from home, however, Rossbach is hailed as a good fellow. He is the best trap shooter in Southern California and belongs to a gun club which numbers many congenial souls. If this unfortunate double of "Mr. Jiggs" doesn't have to put on style he is admittedly of class A specifications, but he can't, just can't learn to do parlor tricks, he says.

This is not the first time that the spirit of McManus's famous creation has appeared in the courts. About two years ago there was an actual Mr. Jiggs—Martin W. Jiggs was his name, to be explicit, of Oklahoma. This Mr. Jiggs was an oil-well digger. Mrs. Jiggs was a buxom lady who could cook corned beef and cabbage and potatoes beautifully, and in the humble Jiggs home this was largely the bill of fare.

Mr. Jiggs managed to acquire quite a number of leases to land near oil-bearing localities. One day he awoke to find himself rich.

Mrs. Jiggs promptly moved to St. Louis and began to essay the social claim, but Mr. Jiggs kept to his old, simple ways.

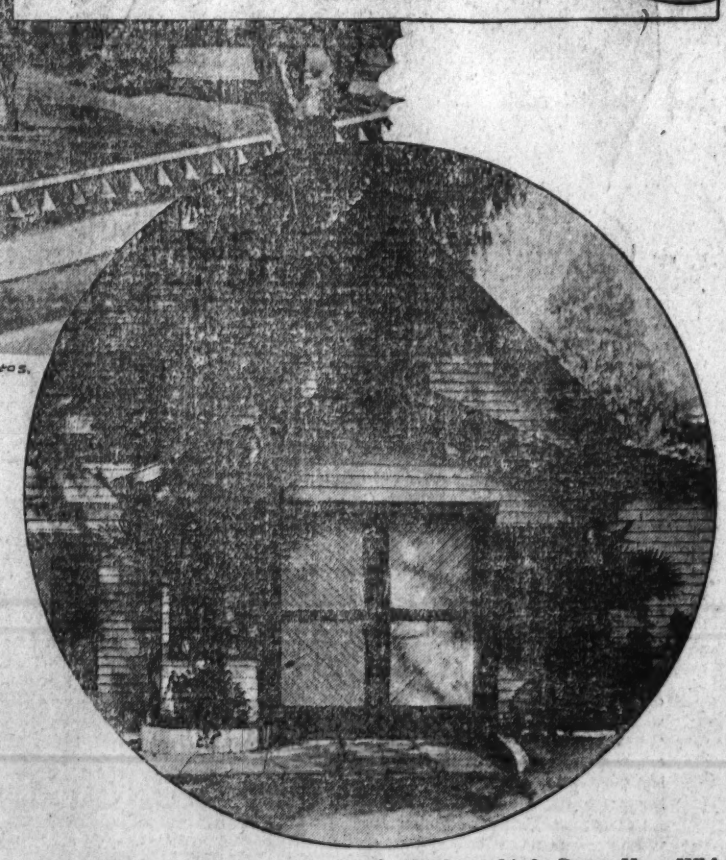
In this case, however, it is not the wife who brought suit, but the husband who sought relief from the courts. He asked to have his wife enjoined from serving eight-course meals and from insisting upon his attending social function. The unfortunate Mr. Jiggs set forth that he loved his wife and his home; that he did not wish to be divorced from either. But he brought out clearly that as a man who had made the money to run the family and to run Mrs. Jiggs's ambitions he was entitled to corned beef and cabbage if he wanted it and whenever he wanted it, and also to the society of his own friends.

The court, with truly Solomonic acuteness, split the question, and ordered that half the week Mr. Jiggs should live as he wanted and Mrs. Jiggs should conform to his wishes, while the other half of the week Mr. Jiggs should do as she wished. On this basis the couple lived happily, so far as the court records go, at least, ever after.

How Mr. Rossbach's Amiable Face Would Look on Artist McManus's Well-Known Figure of "Mr. Jiggs."

I. A. EXAMINER PHOTOS.

The Picturesque Rossbach Home in Los Angeles Where "Mr. Jiggs" Rossbach Feels So Uncomfortable.



The Rossbach Garage. Mr. Rossbach Has a Little Room Here Which He Prefers to the Luxurious Chamber in His Residence.

Debutante Dancing Dresses
by Lady Duff Gordon

LADY DUFF-GORDON, the famous "Lucile" of London, and foremost creator of fashions in the world, writes each week the fashion article for this newspaper, presenting all that is newest and best in styles for well-dressed women.

Lady Duff-Gordon's Paris establishment brings her into close touch with that centre of fashion.

Lady Duff-Gordon's American establishments are at Nos. 37 and 39 West Fifty-seventh street, New York, and No. 1400 Lake Shore Drive, Chicago.

A Dress That Shows the Slightly Trousered Effect in Its Drapery.

("Lucile" Models)

The Voluminous Harem Skirt, with Simple Surpliced Bodice.

Simple Elegance in a Dress of Lightest Weight Metallic Cloth, Draped with Metal Net.

By Lady Duff-Gordon
("LUCILE")

DEBUTANTE and simplicity are synonyms in so far as dress is concerned. The debutante who wears a dress that approaches the magnificence of her mother's is guilty of the exercise of bad taste. Or, more probably, her mother is.

On this page I show you gowns which are suitable for the young person who is entering society. Fresh, sweet, but an iota removed from childhood, what a pleasing spectacle she is for gods and humans! It may have been when seeing a debutante at a ball that one of your American poets was moved to write:

"Standing with reluctant feet
Where the brook and river meet,
Womanhood and childhood sweet."

A girl making her bow to society always reminds me of a fawn. She is slim and light of foot and frightened though fascinated by the sights she sees. I cannot imagine the fawn caparisoned by heavy brocades and Oriental embroideries, by fortune-bartering jewels, by any mass of glittering things. The ideal costume for the girl who is making her debut is one of simple lines and simple stuffs.

This page reveals three gowns appropriate for debutantes' dancing dresses.

The large middle figure has the atmosphere of simple elegance. It is made of lightest weight metallic cloth, and draped with metal net, trimmed with a narrow border of metallic ribbon. While the foundation material is handsome and expensive it has not the ponderous appearance of the heavier metal cloths. It has a straight, scant skirt bordered by a flounce.

The bodice is composed of folds of the metallic cloth. Like the lace flounce that borders the skirt, the bodice is finished by a garland of small, ribbon-made flowers. Over the foundation robe is draped first a narrow skirt of the net, then a veil of the net at the sides, the upper edge, turned down, forming a double drapery at the hip line. The shoulders are covered by the net. The short sleeves are formed by them.

The second dress, displayed by the large left-hand figure, is in contrast with the first. It is more sombre, being of a dark shade of net over a light robe. But relief is afforded by the embroidered sleeves. The sleeves are kimono coverings that have parted company on the upper line of the arm. The front and back of the bodice form low-cut V's, while the sleeves form inverted V's with the point of the shoulders. The drapery, straight at the back, is festooned to a point at the sides near the belt. The drapery, as sleeves and bodice, has a border of flat beading. The drapery is drawn in, in slightly trousered effect, at the hem. Over the robe foundation and beneath the drapery appears the touch that is especially smart and novel, of wide ribbons, that hang from the waist, introducing color notes. The normal waist line is marked by a crushed velvet girdle.

The small upper right-hand figure is the simplest, hence most girlish, of the gowns. It is of silk, with a harem skirt of voluminous character, and a simple bodice of slightly surplice effect. One sleeve is composed of a flat arrangement of the silk graduating into a narrow strip at the shoulder. The other is of flowers arranged in a garland and crossing the shoulder. A row of intertwined flowers is drawn about the skirt at its greatest fulness. The fulness of the skirt makes it especially advantageous for dancing.

The Importance Of Dress By Sara Marshall Cook

(*New York Tribune*)

With so many great problems agitating the world today, the question of the length of a coat may appear a small matter to the casual observer. It is not. When we consider that the making of clothes is the third largest industry in the world, we should hesitate to speak lightly of anything pertaining to it, even those things which on the surface appear frivolous and of little moment.

There has been a great deal of discussion as to whether the long coat suit would be accepted. It was launched by many of the great French houses some weeks ago, but as one saw elbowing it in the smartest parades of fashion short bobbing rippling jackets, as well as abbreviated ones that slip over the head like smocks, there was difficulty in deciding which would gain in the race for favor. Now we know definitely that while these full short coats have a great deal of dash, they may only be worn by certain types of women and, therefore, will be accepted as a novelty only. So the long coat suit is the fashion of the moment. It, as well as the coat dress, is an outcome of the redingote, a garment which never has been surpassed in grace.

LONG COAT SUIT IS CHERUIT'S FAVORITE

The house of Cheruit, always one of the most authoritative homes of fashion, makes the long coat suit to the exclusion of all others. A ridgy wool cloth something like the old-fashioned Bedford cord is the material used, and the trimming is "chinchilla-lustre petit-gris," which is nothing more than the little gray squirrel dyed in stripes to match as nearly as possible the color and pattern of the real chinchilla fur.

This coat, which is very long, falling almost to the bottom of the skirt, is cut with swinging fulness over the hips and flat at the back and front. It laps widely and fastens on the shoulder. The fur collar is in becoming bib form, rolling completely around the neck. The turnback cuffs also roll after the same fashion. The skirt of this suit, very narrow and straight in line, has a chemise-like top, developed in vivid green crepe de chine, with beautiful embroideries of navy blue and silver.

CHEMISE-LIKE SMOCK GIVES THREE-PIECE IDEA

The attaching of chemise tops to skirts is to carry out the three-piece idea. When the skirt has no top attached, but is finished with a belt at the waistline, as some of the models are, a chemise-like smock accompanies the suit to make three pieces. These smocks are the simplest things imaginable, but altogether charming. Sometimes they have a little yoke at both back and front, with the lower portion of the smock gathered to it.

New russet shades and beautiful yellows are frequently chosen for these blouses, and a fur which blends with the color selected is used in the form of a wide band at the bottom, but across the front only the back being without the fur trimming. Especially attractive is one such blouse of pale yellow silk banded with beaver.

These short, loose waists furnish an idea which may be used by the home dressmaker to make smarter a suit which has not this new three-piece effect. The ordering of the three pieces from the tailor means a very expensive costume, whereas making the blouse at home greatly reduces the cost.

STRAIGHT LINES FEATURE THIS DOUCET DESIGN

Doucet can always be depended upon the originate something smart, with a special appeal to the Parisenne. He has just completed a suit that is developed in clear silver gray duvetyn and trimmed with delicate petit-gris. The very Russian-like one-side movement of the coat is new and characteristic of the best models this season. Despite the sling-like panels, which distend the coat at the sides, the figure is given an extremely slender look through the straight lines of the back and front. Doucet completes this suit with a chemise blouse of old silver brocade.

In a Paris restaurant at noontime one day last week a fashionable French woman appeared wearing a frock showing that not every one need don an elaborate dress to look extreme, for this one is a striking example of how simplicity can be the very essence of extremeness and of how some of the most daring effects lie in the simplest designs. Silk jersey is the fabric used for it and the color is the new copper red. The loose bodice with its slight draping is cut to a point in both back and front. The bottom of the skirt is edged with fur banding, but the back panel, which is several inches shorter than the rest of the skirt, is left without the fur, the trimming stopping at the sides.

GAYETY AND PROSPERITY REPRESENTED IN TRIMMINGS

In reviewing fashions it would seem that during the past two seasons dressmakers have flashed one new idea after another before our eyes, as if endeavoring to make up for time lost during the war years, when there was little incentive to design clothes. It would appear, too, that every sort of trimming under the sun has been used in this effort to make dress an expression of gayety and prosperity, but not until now have we seen leather roses on afternoon and evening dresses. Martial et Armand use them on the black velvet frock. They are, however, glorified leather roses, being treated in a way that gives them a metallic appearance.

This frock is partly made of ribbon, for Paris seems to be quite ribbon mad. In this instance, a heavy faille ribbon is used in such a way that it gives the silhouette to the costume, the velvet being little more than a foundation dress, consisting of a slender skirt and pointed bodice. An impression of the yoke so much used in 1830 is conveyed by placing bands of ribbon about the shoulders and extending them down over the arms in points, the bodice itself being sleeveless. It is interesting to observe that with all its new features this dress is a very simple one to make, and one which any woman who can sew at all could achieve, which proves that a dress need not be complicated to be smart. We make a mistake when we think that a pretty dress means a great amount of labor; the success of a costume rests entirely on an idea, which may be a very simple one.

BEAUTY OF COLOR LINKED WITH HISTORICAL DRESS

The contrast between clothes designed by a woman and those originated by a man is marked in the wonderful collection of Paul Poiret this season, a collection which any one at all interested in dress, either for its beauty or its history, cannot fail to enjoy, for here startling and vivid beauty of color is linked with the historical dress of the past and the feelings that are agitating the world at the present day. Poiret's famous Robespierre dress, developed in black velvet and girdled with vivid red, is a revelation in this direction.

The young girl's frock, is the direct opposite in feeling to the gown designed by this famous soldier couturier. It is a typical Parisian style, exploited by houses catering to the debutante. To the romantic days of the gay French court we are indebted for its design. Here are no masterful touches of strong color, but a beautiful blending of delicate tones of rose, blue and silver. Rose net, embroidered with silver in an all-over pattern, falls over a slip of very delicate blue, the same shade as the casaque, which is blue taffeta. The sash is silver ribbon.

SOCIAL EVENING GOWNS ARE IN MANY MODELS

Social evening affairs are bringing into strong request two types of gowns, those for very ceremonius wear with long trains and extreme decolletage and those with short round skirts for dancing. Callot is showing a great many very elaborate evening dresses developed in combinations of tulle, beaded and spangled metal laces and metal brocades. These models, however, are not so popular in Paris as are those made from handsome fabrics more simply cut and with practically no trimming except embroidery done on the fabric.

Doucet makes an evening dress on long svelt lines that is entirely covered with black and blue spangles. It has been well named the moonlight dress. Another formal evening gown from the same maker presents a gleaming surface of white bugles, the satin foundation being invisible. At the waist is strikingly placed a small bunch of grapes formed of jet.

When It's No Use Pretending

THE PRACTICAL WOMAN AND THE DESERT ISLAND

THE gayest of us have our moments of hollow depression. Sooner or later we all have to give up pretending, even to ourselves, and relapse into unhappy candour.

At no time, if one is a woman, does one feel more acutely miserable than when one faces one's mirror in a clear cold light and marks the first signs of the "going off" of one's charms. I know a very charming and sophisticated woman whose nightmare is that she may one day find herself in the situation beloved by novelists—that is, alone or nearly alone on a desert island. "Just fancy," she wails, "having no comb or looking glass or hairpins and, worst of all, no tammalite. Because, do you realise, that I should actually be grey?" To see her soft brown hair one would suspect her of perverting the truth. But she frankly assures her friends that her hair would be nothing without an occasional timely application of a tonic made of bay rum and pure tammalite. "It brings back all the colour," she affirms, "besides making one's hair beautifully healthy. Why, I was in despair a year or two ago, because my hair was growing grey in streaks. But since I discovered tammalite I haven't the slightest difficulty in keeping my hair its normal shade."

And what a difference beautiful hair makes to any woman! It excuses plainness, it enhances beauty. What man pictures the woman of his dreams with anything but soft, abundant hair? From Rapunzel to Mélissande, there is something romantic about lovely locks. It is deplorable now-a-days to see naturally beautiful hair ruined by neglect, curling irons, harmful shampoos and the like. Many girls, otherwise careful of their good looks, think nothing of going to bed without brushing their hair. Without constant brushing the hair can never attain to that glossy "sheeny" look that is so delightful. A good brushing for fifteen minutes night and morning should be included in the discipline of every woman, plain and pretty. A stiffish brush should be used, and it should be always scrupulously clean.

It is not good enough to use just any shampoo when washing the hair. Care should be taken to find the very best one, and then to keep to it. A really excellent idea is to use only stallax granules which are obtainable at all good chemists. A teaspoonful of stallax is sufficient for each shampoo, so a ¼ lb. package will last for a long time.

This very simple shampoo gives splendid results. The delicious foaming lather it makes not only cleanses the hair thoroughly but brings out every atom of its latent color and brightness. The hair dries quickly, and though beautifully soft, it is quite manageable.

When the scalp is inclined to be dry, and the hair brittle, it is a good plan to massage it with olive oil before giving it a stallax shampoo.

There are few things which increase one's self-respect so much as the possession of lovely hair. It is a perpetual joy to oneself and others, and with a little care, one can defy hairpin-scattering winds and even trying, if romantic, situations on an uninhabited island.

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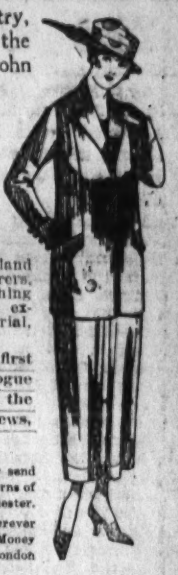

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Do you know why it is that your skin is often so rough, dry and "tight"?

The reason, as Dr. William Allen Pusey points out, is that "the skin because of the unnatural dryness loses its power of resistance." It cracks and breaks, becomes painfully rough and red. Dr. Pusey goes on to say that "the secret" in preventing and curing rough skin is to make up the deficiency of lubrication which the skin is failing to suply for itself.

The Invisible Protection your skin needs

Just before you go out, apply a little Bond's Vanishing Cream. It provides just the protection your skin needs to keep it soft-textured and lovely.

Use it on your hands and face. It is instantly absorbed by the skin, leaving not the slightest trace of a shine. Notice the soft, velvety texture—the transparent, natural coloring it gives the skin.

Use it every day. Do not be afraid to apply it while dressing. It disappears immediately and will not soil veil or gloves.

Whenever you want your skin to look its best

Before going out in the evening, or whenever you want your skin to look particularly well, apply a little Vanishing Cream, as a finishing touch. It actually seems to smooth out all the tired lines, and makes the face feel wonderfully refreshed. It gives your skin the transparency and softness everyone so much admires.

POND'S EXTRACT COMPANY'S

VANISHING CREAM

Wholesale from the Sole Agents:

DODGE & SEYMOUR (China), LTD.

SHANGHAI

AUTOMOBILES

SHANGHAI, SUNDAY, JANUARY 4, 1920

Testing Of Automobile Top Is Intricate Process

By E. B. Benger, Ph. D.
(Chief of Research and Testing Laboratory for Leather Substitutes, Experimental Station, E. I. du Pont de Nemours and Company.)

Your automobile top is not perfect, but the manufacturer knows its imperfections often better than you do and is continually working to eliminate them. His salesmen have brought in reports showing how the different materials withstand use in different sections of the country and under varied conditions of service.

This information, when passed on to the scientists in the chemical, physical-testing and research laboratories, has been applied in devising new tests to determine just what kind of service a certain top material will give and in developing new and improved goods.

The chemists to whom are assigned the tasks of devising methods for testing, of improving current production and of developing new types of top materials must be men of good fundamental training in chemistry and physics.

They must understand the processes employed in the manufacture of modern fabric for tops; they must know the action of atmospheric agencies upon the raw materials used in making the goods and how these raw materials are best put together to give the most satisfactory product.

These chemists must invent and apply tests which show, preferably in a short time, what will happen to a given material after it has been applied to the top of a car. They must be able to take a piece of goods and, in a very short time, subject it to a concentrated form of use and abuse which will do it as much damage as the wear ordinarily given it in the course of two or three years.

These chemists must also determine whether the material will be as satisfactory on the dry, cloudless, western plains as in the humid, hot atmosphere of Florida or the blizzards of our northern States and Canada.

You may not know whether your top consists of two separate fabrics cemented together with a flexible waterproof cement, or of a coated single cloth; you may not care whether the coating on your top is rubber, pyroxylin or oil, but the chemists who are employed to test top materials know that these things are of fundamental importance, and that the character of the raw materials used and the care and skill with which they are put together make a great deal of difference in the wearing qualities of the top. These things determine whether, after a few months' service, your top will look bright, clean, free from wrinkles and dignified, or dull, gray, leaky, sagging and shabby.

The wise manufacturer realises the importance of knowing beforehand what service will be obtained from a given class of goods, and he depends for this information upon his development and testing laboratory.

His scientific experts, as a result of tests carefully developed and applied, can tell him how his materials stand in competition with other materials on the market, control the quality of the output of his factory and advise him promptly if the products deviate from his standards of quality.

Moreover, they can warn him of weaknesses in his goods and determine how to remedy them. In short, they are always studying and experimenting to bring out a better material—the ideal covering.

The degree of satisfaction to be derived from an auto top depends largely upon the raw materials used. Everything that enters into the finished goods must withstand careful examination. The fabrics must be uniform and free from knots, loose threads and misweaves. This insures a smooth foundation for the coating. The tensile strength must be such as to withstand the strain of applying the top tightly, the air pressure generated at high speed of the car and the wrenching, stretching and swaying caused by rough roads or careless driving. The dye used in the fabric must not fade, and the cloth should not shrink nor sag when in use. Specific tests are required to insure against defects, and constant watching and testing are required to avoid such failures of the goods.

The rubber, pyroxylin, oil or other basic substance in the coating, together with the color pigments and other ingredients, must be tested with unfailing regularity to assure a uniformly satisfactory product. In the case of a double texture fabric, the nature and general character of the cement are also the subject of careful investigation. Often the cement determines the waterproof quality of the top more than the coating itself, and, in any case the adhesive used very largely determines the pliability of the goods.

All these considerations are, of course, preliminary. No matter how much care is given to the control of the ingredients, the finished goods must also be carefully examined and thoroughly tested, for, obviously, it is necessary to know accurately how a given top covering will "stand up" in actual service.

Three classes of tests are carried out on the completed material.

The first class comprises observation tests. For these only the most experienced men are employed. Only an expert can grade top materials as to general appearance, uniformity of coating, absence of streaks, blotches, and "pin holes," "feel" to the hand, etc. Some of these qualities, however, which for years were determined solely by personal judgment, are now tested with mathematical exactness by the aid of mechanical appliances. Among these qualities are pliability of the goods and hardness or resistance to abrasion of the coating.

The second class includes those tests which are designed to show the effect of a particular kind of wear, such as constant lowering and raising of the top, standing for hours on the street with the thermometer at 125° F., or exposure to the alkali dust of the plains.

Some owners lower their tops frequently. To insure satisfactory service, even in spite of this hard usage, the goods are put through a test which mechanically simulates repeated lowering and raising. The pressure applied in folding the material and the tension employed in straightening it out have been carefully calculated from observations and measurements of tops in service. The results of this test show whether the goods will lose the wrinkles formed by folding and present a flat, even surface, or acquire a permanent crease. This test also shows whether or not the coating is strong enough to withstand the continued flexure without cracking, and whether or not the coating is united to the cloth well enough to prevent peeling under the most severe conditions of use and wear.

Waterproofness is a matter of degree, and resistance to water cannot be carried to the point where other qualities, such as lightness, flexibility and tautness, would be sacrificed. The chemist-tester must know the degree of water resistance required and be able to determine whether or not a given material will shed rain in a violent and long-protracted storm, and whether or not it will leak, if, as occasionally happens, a pool of water lies in a depression on the surface.

These questions are solved by means of the shower and hydrostatic tests. In the former, a strong spray of water is driven against the surface of the material for many hours. A well-proofed top covering will stand this treatment for a long time. The hydrostatic test is more conclusive. A piece of the coated textile is clamped over the lower end of a vertical pipe, which can be filled with water to any desired height. The water is allowed to flow slowly into the pipe while the observer watches the cloth for the first sign of moisture. When this appears, the water is shut off and the height of the column of water in the pipe noted. This test, though simple, is of great value, especially when applied to goods which have been subjected to other tests, such as the folding, sunlight and cold tests.

Extremes and sudden changes of temperature are severe on any top material, but the results of these conditions are readily determined in the laboratory. Ovens and cold chambers, maintained at constant temperatures, are extensively employed. The best top materials are made to withstand all extremes of temperature from the lowest to the highest without cracking, softening, or loosening of the coating, and, in the case of double texture coverings, without separation of the fabrics. These tests are quickly and accurately carried out and taken together, give a great deal of information about the serviceability of the goods.

The strength of the film applied to the fabric and the security of its adhesion to the cloth are very important considerations because they determine, very largely, the amount of wear that a piece of leather substitute will withstand. It is, therefore, essential that tests be devised to accurately measure these properties.

One of the oldest and almost universally applied tests is called the "scrubbing" test. Although difficult to describe, it is very simple and easily carried out. It resembles rather closely the motion of washing cloth between the hands. This motion is continued until the film breaks. The number of forward and backward motions required to produce a break in the film is the index of the quality of the goods. Previously, this test depended, to a very large degree, upon the strength and personality of the operator, but recently a machine for carrying out the rubbing process has been devised.

The strength of the adhesion is determined partly by the scrub test. If the film has been broken by scrubbing, it is customary to peel it from the cloth to observe the degree of resistance to separation of the film and fabric. This is, of course, a rather crude way to test the security of the anchorage of film to cloth, but machines are now in use which show accurately the pull in pounds required to separate the film from the fabric when a strip of coated goods of given width is employed.

The cement used for combining double-texture fabrics must be strong and pliable; otherwise, in hot weather or after severe use, the fabrics may separate, with consequent shabby appearance and leakage during rainstorms. The tests on the cement are carried out in somewhat the same way as the test for the anchorage of the film; that is, by determining the pull in pounds required to separate two fabrics of given width.

These latter tests are illustrations of important developments enabling the testing and research laboratory to pass, very accurately and quickly, on the comparative value of auto top materials. They also serve as guides for the investigator who is studying new compositions or new processes of manufacture.

The third class of tests is slower, but gives more precise information. No laboratory test, no matter how thoughtfully planned and carefully manipulated, can show the effect of atmospheric agencies on top materials, and these agencies cause more deterioration in a properly used top than any other factor. Of course, materials known not to resist oxidation, sunlight, heat or cold are never considered as ingredients for coatings of auto top coverings, but the exact degree to which the chosen materials will resist weathering can be determined only by subjecting them to exposure and actual use in all conditions of weather.

For this purpose the laboratory covers automobile top frames and sets them in an exposed place where they receive sun, rain, dew, forts, snow and wind during the twelve months of the year. The tops are raised and lowered about as frequently as a top might be expected to be raised and lowered in actual service. If it is considered advisable, pieces may be taken from the exposed tops, from time to time, to be tested in the various ways described above. This procedure shows how the material is standing the exposure, without necessitating the discontinuance of the test. After the pieces for these observations have been removed, the hole left in the top is carefully covered with another piece of material in order that the degree and distribution of tension on the goods will remain the same as before.

An exposure test continued for a year gives results which could not be expected within three, or possibly four, years of actual service, so far as the effect of weathering is concerned. For this reason, an exposure test of twelve months generally suffices to show the effect of weathering or oxidation which might be expected in a top worn out by actual service.

The final test of an automobile top material must be an actual service test. For this purpose numbers of cars are covered with the top material on which information is sought, and these cars are used without any special precautions, in order to show just how the materials will withstand actual service. As many as two or three hundred cars may be covered with experimental material, in order that conclusions from the test may be very definite and show, without any question, whether or not it is advisable to market a given material. As a result of this extensive service test, the manufacturer knows that his material will give satisfaction before a yard of it is sold to the consumer.

The automobile top is not yet perfect, but skilled chemists are keeping in mind the qualifications of the ideal top material, and every year sees a closer approach to that ideal.

A beauty that is permanent, a durability that withstands exposure to all kinds of weather, and a all-around service that means satisfaction to every car owner.

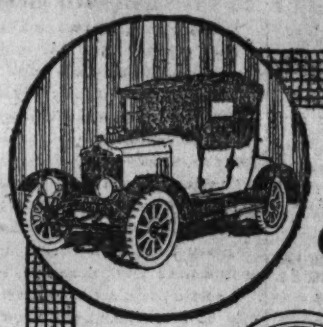
Can't Bring Horse Back, Says Larson

On Ground Of Utility Only It Is A Survival Of The Fittest In Transport

The incorporation of an association here to wage a national campaign to repopularise the horse isn't worrying New York's automobile distributors, according to C. H. Larson, of the Oldsmobile Company.

"Despite Black Beauty and Paul Revere's steed," Mr. Larson declares, "the horse is not a sentimental issue and cannot be made one. The survival of the horse, precisely like the survival of any system of device of commerce, must depend entirely upon economic use and justification. Otherwise, we shall not progress.

"Statistics presumably authoritative show that the number of horses in this city alone has decreased in the last three years from 108,000 to 76,000. Remember, too, that this drop of almost one-third was recorded during a period in which the vast majority of our motor trucks were being delivered to our armies or to those of our allies. It is only now that the real era of the truck and delivery auto is beginning, and the growing evidence of their utility and the increasing attention to road building will soon force the horse completely out of metropolitan business."



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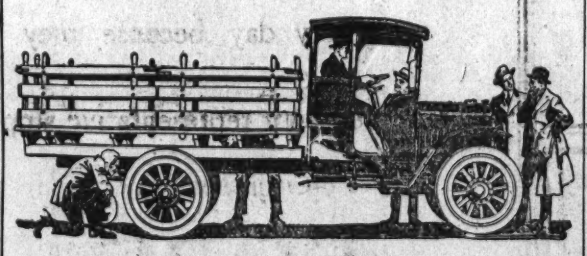
MAXWELL TRUCK

THE same principle is involved in building Maxwell Moto Trucks that has made Maxwell Motor Cars proverbialr throughout the world for their performance and economy.



The Maxwell I ton Truck is built upon an extremely simple design—easy to build and built well. Easy to operate and repair without the need of calling in an expert. Economical of petrol, tyres, and spares and yet built to carry its full load under all ordinary road conditions.

A demonstration of the Maxwell truck will convince you that it is the best invesment you can make in truck equipment

Magneto, Worm Drive, 10 foot loading space. Electric lights and generator. Right or left hand drive optional.

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More miles per gallon
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Half the Lorry Tonnage of America Is Carried on Firestone Tyres

IF you use lorries in your business, you will appreciate the significance of this fact. It is proof that

Firestone Giant Lorry Tyres

have delivered the kind and quality of service demanded by lorry operators in all industries and commercial lines. They give full protection to lorry structure and mechanism and show a saving in fuel used. There is a Firestone Lorry Tyre for every road, load and condition of service.

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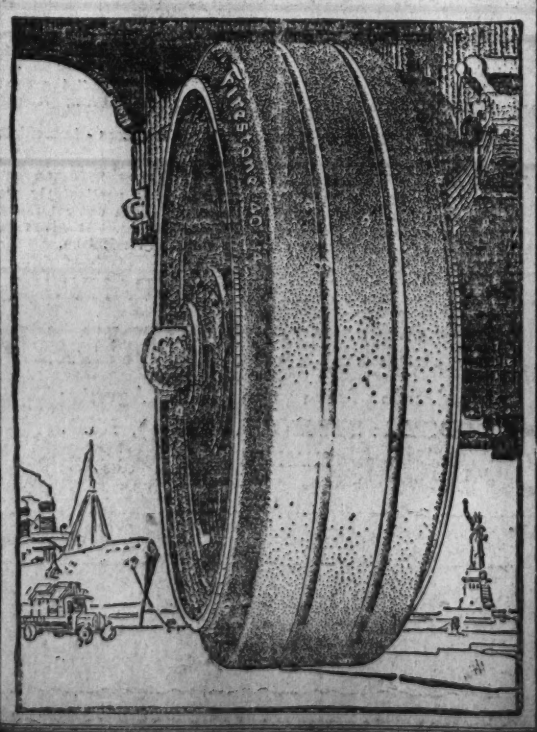

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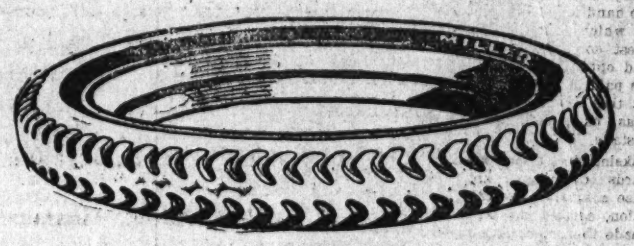

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GEARED *to the* ROAD

TIRES

FOR

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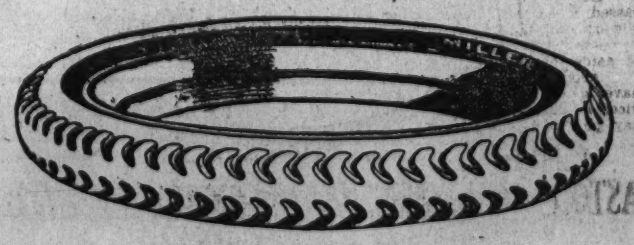
AND

SAFETY

The *"Miller Method"* of Vulcanizing endows all Miller Tires with rugged strength, because it retains intact all the native strength and stamina in both cotton fabric and rubber.



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JERSEY CITY AUTO MAN PROMINENT IN POLITICS

George E. Blakslee, Old Cadillac Dealer, Is Strong Campaigner For Edwards

The automobilist in politics is the exception, and consequently much interest has been attracted to the success attained by George E. Blakslee, President of the Crescent Automobile Company of Jersey City, and well known in Newark, as campaign manager for Edward I. Edwards, the newly-elected Governor of New Jersey. Mr. Blakslee not only played a prominent part in the Edwards campaign, but he was also elected Boulevard Commissioner in Hudson County, running high man in a list of five, and without doing a single thing to advance his own election.

Mr. Blakslee first became prominent in politics when in 1915 as President of the New Jersey Automobile Trade Association, he devised the Egan good roads, bond bill, secured the passage through the Legislature and presentation to the public for a referendum vote. He virtually conducted the campaign for its approval single handed and against powerful influence, but won out with a majority of 89,000 from the people. The fight was a long and hard one, and it nearly cost Mr. Blackslee his life as he was stricken with a severe attack of appendicitis within a few days of election.

The approval by the people of this good road program presented by Mr. Blakslee was followed by the Legislature enacting the present highway system and creating the present State Highway Commission. Mr. Blakslee was made a member of the commission by Gov. Edge in recognition of his services.

As a personal friend of Senator Edwards Mr. Blakslee was made campaign manager of Mr. Edwards's primary campaign, and when the Senator was successful in the primary Mr. Blakslee was requested to handle the Gubernatorial campaign which followed. One of the highest compliments of both friend and opponent in the campaign was paid Mr. Blakslee in the statement that the Edwards campaign was conducted without a single mistake.

Mr. Blakslee was so engrossed in the Edwards campaign that he didn't raise a single finger for his own election, despite the fact that he was made the object of a bitter personal attack. When the votes were counted it was seen that he had received 38,181, while the next highest candidate got 37,276.

Mr. Blakslee handles the Cadillac car and is one of the pioneers of the New Jersey Automobile Trade Association. Since his retirement from the presidency of the association he has served as a member of its board of governors.

FOREIGN ADVERTISING

When a fine arts club was recently organized in Akron, Ohio, it was found that there were nearly 50 artists, of unusual ability, employed in the art departments of the rubber industries.

The Goodyear Tire and Rubber Company pays $50,000 annually for art in oils, water colors and sketches that go to make up designs for cover pages in five house publications and to illustrate folders, pamphlets, posters and advertising.

The Goodyear art department under A. E. Boedeker turned out 300 drawings this year for foreign advertising alone.

How Car Seems To Steer Itself

Novice Can Be Spotted By His Frantic Efforts With Steering Wheel

Driving with one hand is an accomplishment that should be learned as quickly as possible by every one who drives a motor car, says Frank F. Tenney, instructor at the Atkinson Automobile School, 235 West 50th Street New York. Mr. Tenney, discussing the reason why beginners have so much trouble in steering, goes on:

"One can always pick a beginner by the position he takes in the car. He sits perfectly erect and desperately grasps the wheel with both hands as though he expected it to be yanked out of the car the next moment. His course is more like that of a snake's—and all the time the thought is passing through his mind, 'The Lorid only knows what would become of this car if I were not at the wheel.'

"A a matter of fact, he would get along much better if he would only let go of the wheel and allow the car to take its course. This sounds rather absurd, but when one considers for a moment, it is not so far wrong after all.

"Did you ever know of a car which had no looseness or lost motion in the steering wheel? No—there are no such cars built. Did you ever stop to think why? Did you imagine that it was impossible to make them tight, so the manufacturers let them go as best they could? Such is not the case. The lost motion is there for a purpose, and is the beginner's greatest friend, if he would make use of it.

"With very few exceptions, all roads are made with a slight crown—the center is higher than the edges—on wide roads, where you must keep to one side of the center, one is always running along an endless slope, much the same as though you were on a pitch roof, running parallel to the ridge tops. Naturally, in that case, you would expect the car to slide down off the roof and fall over the side. That is just what happens, only on a much smaller scale, when running along one of these roads.

"Now, it is up to the beginner to tighten up on the steerig wheel just enough to overcome this tendency to slide off. It will be found to be a question of touch, rather than of force.

"If the road becomes flat, or loses its crown, the little pressure which is being exerted to keep the car out of the right hand gutter will be too much, and the car will begin to edge off toward the left. To stop this will require turning the wheel clockwise, or to the right. But only turn the wheel enough to take up the lost motion. This will require but a very slight movement of the wheel. In other words, steer the car by jockeying the lost motion, or back lash."

REMARKABLE TRUCK RECORD

A non-stop run of 1,451 miles, from Green Bay, Wis., to New York city in 63 hours is the remarkable record recently established by a new Oneida truck, model B-8 carrying a load of 1½ tons. A schedule of 23 miles an hour was maintained running continuously night and day except for meals and taking on supplies.

TRIUMPH
MOTOR CYCLES
Write for Lists to:
Triumph Motor Cycle Co.,
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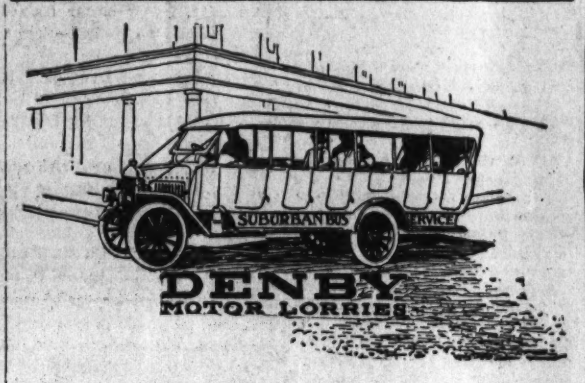
Historic Fact.
The first British Motor Cycle used in the war by the French and Italian armies was the TRIUMPH. But the British Armies soon insisted that the entire output of the famous TRIUMPH Motor Cycles should be reserved to them and them alone.
This is the most tribute that can be paid to the production of any manufacturer.



Tried and True

IT took years of experiment to perfect Denby engineering principles. But time has proven the wisdom of Denby design under every conceivable haulage condition. The owner is as proud of his Denby as the huntsman of his mount.

Load capacities: 1, 2, 2½, 3½, 5 tons.

Agent: E. W. FRAZAR, Tientsin and Peking

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Export Department, Singer Building, New York, U. S. A.
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What Your First Goodyear Will Prove

To the motorist who has never used Goodyear Tires, his first experience with them is in the nature of a revelation

ACCUSTOMED to the measure of service delivered him by ordinary tires, the motorist watches his Goodyears equal this measure without surprise.

But when this point has been passed, and his Goodyears continue to pile up hundreds and even thousands of miles in addition, his feeling is one of astonishment.

And by the time his Goodyears have spent their long life in his service, he usually is won to them past any power of separation.

It is largely in this way, by the capacity of Goodyear Tires to outwear and outlast ordinary tires, that the bulk of Goodyear's enormous business has been built.

It is this extra service given by Goodyear Tires over and above that given by ordinary tires, that has made countless friends for them everywhere.

Today, taking the world as a whole, more Goodyear Tires are sold to motorists than any other brand.

And the margin of Goodyear leadership is growing with every day that dawns.

GASTON, WILLIAMS & WIGMORE (F. E. D.) INC.
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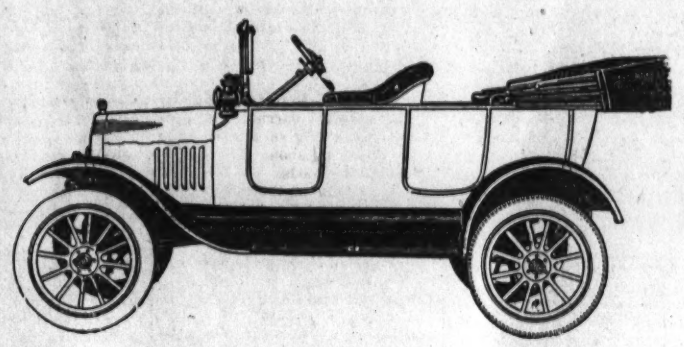
GOODYEAR TIRES

Ford THE UNIVERSAL CAR



Ford

Winter time is Ford time

IS your time worth less in winter than in summer? A foolish question, perhaps, yet there are a number of men who are losing time and money every day because they haven't a reliable car to drive during the winter.

Let our representative stop at your office some afternoon and drive you home. You will then be convinced that the

FORD TOURING CAR

is designed to give satisfactory performance under the most severe conditions.

Get your Ford now. You will not only have the comfort and pleasure of a car during the months when other modes of transportation are most uncomfortable, but you will be assured of a car for the spring.

Besides this argument in favor of the

FORD Touring Car

the following reasons are sufficient in themselves—

The first cost is moderate;

Running and upkeep expenses are low;

The car is smart, and comfortable to ride in.

Just consider the price— TAELS 700

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RESILIENT, LONG WEARING, PUNCTURE-RESISTING, UNUSUALLY SATISFACTORY.

We carry large stocks of these comfort-giving, strain-absorbing tires, which we can confidently recommend to the discriminating motoring public of Shanghai.

Goodrich Silvertown Cord Tires are the most resilient ever put on the market, their construction being layers of cord made of the best sea island cotton impregnated with pure live rubber. Moulded by internal air pressure, even tension is given to each part and uniform lasting wear to the entire carcass.

FIT ONE ON YOUR CAR—
YOU'LL THEN BUY FOUR!

Best in the Long Run

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TIRE DEPARTMENT

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EFFICIENCY OF TRUCK PROVED BY WAR RECORD

First Lorry Made In U. S. In 1898; 500,000 Now Are In Operation

It is only a short time ago that the automobile was a novelty. The first American motor truck was made in 1898 in a little shop in Brooklyn. It was a Mack and was used to carry sightseers in Prospect Park, Brooklyn.

By 1914 the motor truck had proved itself a commercial success, but it took a big war to make people realise that it is one of the greatest means of transportation.

From 5,000 motor trucks in use ten years ago the number has increased to 500,000. It is estimated that this year alone the number of trucks that will be manufactured and sold will be 350,000. It is a matter of special note that the biggest users of motor trucks are farmers.

MAY LOWER COST OF LIVING

To the public, motor transportation holds out a promise of lower cost of living. Rural motor express routes bring produce into cities from farms within a large surrounding area and by eliminating several handlings between producer and consumer materially reduce prices of foodstuffs. This is also true with many other products. it means lower prices to consumers and better prices for producers.

The motor truck links together more closely than ever before the farm and the city, and is bringing about an improvement in living conditions in both country and city.

The remarkable progress of motor truck transportation makes it necessary to build roads to carry the loads. Millions of dollars are being spent for the improvement of country roads. Instead of a narrow, shortsighted policy that will mean the waste of huge sums of money for roads that will be inadequate a few years hence, common sense and foresight must be used and our roads built with the needs of ten years in the future in mind.

CHEAP TRANSPORTATION

"The motor truck brings the most modern and economical means of transportation to the door of practically every farmer," says R. E. Fulton, vice president of the International Motor company, manufacturers of Mack trucks, "and as transportation facilities in a community are improved, conditions improve. Land values increase because the price of land depends upon what it costs to get products to the market. Communities with good roads are always the most prosperous and up-to-date.

"Great empires that will rival those built by the railroads in the past will grow and improve with the advent of good roads and motor transportation."

Columbia Dry Batteries

When Your Engine Stops

When family auto, truck, tractor, or motor boat chokes up and loses its gait, it is then that you realize the advisability of carrying an extra set of **Columbias.**

Columbias put the spark of life into engines, autos, trucks, and tractors; they ring bells, give speech to telephones, light lanterns, make motor boats go.

Wherever battery power is needed, **Columbias** are the simplest source—full of energy to the very brim. Steady, reliable—proof against trouble.

Look for the Eagle Trade Mark; it is a guarantee of efficiency and service.

The Fahnestock Spring Clip Binding Post, shown in the illustration, is a **Columbia** feature that sells batteries. With this Binding Post it is simply a matter of pressing down the spring and inserting the wire—and the connection is made

Dealers—Immediate deliveries can be made. Write for catalogues and details free.

Anderson, Meyer & Co., Ltd.
4 Yuen Ming Yuen Road
Shanghai

To Get Long Mileage From Tires

Too often tire manufacturers are blamed for faulty tires, when the fault lies not with the manufacturer of the tires but with the operator of the car.

At all times keep sufficient pressure in your tires, as underinflation means the cutting of the life of your tires in two.

Try to avoid sharp substances in the road—a small sharp cornered stone will often make a break in the fabric, and a piece of glass will sometimes cut a considerable gash. To avoid *all* sharp substances is, of course, impossible. However, pains should be taken to avoid as many as you can.

Always have cuts, bruises, or blisters vulcanised immediately. What today seems to be merely a small cut in a tire soon develops into a blow-out or sand blister. What would cost but a small amount to repair may through neglect mean the utter destruction of a tire.

Do not jam on your brakes; avoid going around corners at high speed; both mean extra wear and the consequent cutting down of the life of tires.

If you like you can fix most of the small cuts yourself with one of the various small portable vulcanisers now on the market. These cost but little and can be used very easily with good success. The book of instructions that comes with each is so explicit and the repairing so simple that no driver has any excuse for not keeping his tires in good repair.

Automobile Rug Covers

A muddy, greasy or tar stained rug is often the only inelegant thing in an otherwise perfectly appointed car. Such a rug detracts greatly from the appearance of the car and to that extent impairs the fastidious motorist's enjoyment.

Most automobile rugs, and particularly those used in fine, enclosed cars, are made of deep napped fabrics of fairly light colors—just the type of materials that soil easiest and are the hardest to renovate. A protective cover of some kind, especially in rainy or snowy weather, is absolutely necessary if such rug is to be kept presentable for even a short time. It is highly desirable that the protective cover should itself be of good appearance, rugged, wear resisting and so thoroughly cleanable that hard, underfoot service will not soon make it an eyesore.

A rug cover that offers the maximum in protection and permanent good appearance is made of Craftsman Quality Fabrikoid, has the rich appearance of fine, Moorish leather. The color used, light gray veined with green and bound with a darker gray harmonises well with any car interior.

These rug covers will not scuff, crack, peel or become ground full of dirt. The surface of Craftsman Fabrikoid is extremely tough and resists abrasion to a remarkable degree. It is not only perfectly waterproof, but wholly impervious to the effect of road tar and mud. Soap and water remove every trace of grime from these covers. Craftsman Fabrikoid does not grow hard and brittle with use, but remains flexible, soft and unwrinkled. It is one of the heaviest and strongest grades of Fabrikoid made, a grade that will last for years on the seat or back of a chair. Hence no trouble about the tearing or wearing through of these rug covers need be anticipated.

The cover is used on the Ford sedan, Model 1919. Covers for any enclosed car of this year's model may be obtained. The cost of the rug is quite reasonable and the long service which it renders makes it a profitable investment for any closed car owner.

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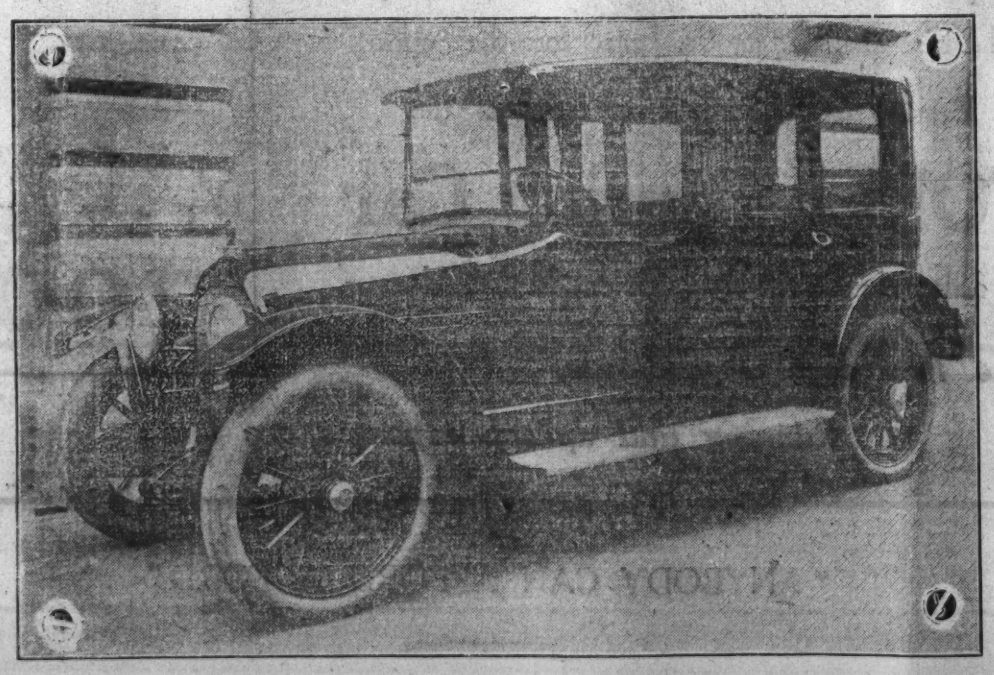

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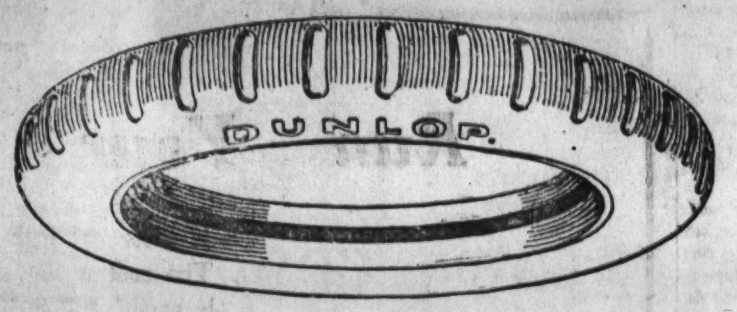

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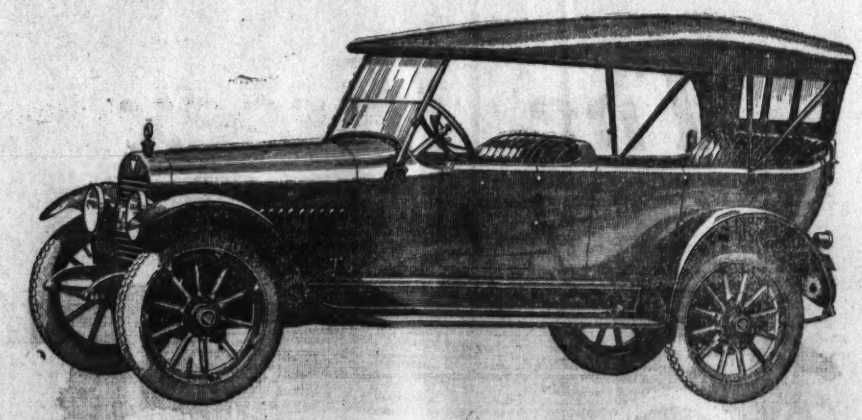

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89-91 Rue Montauban Tel. Central 322

MOTOR ENCYCLOPEDIA IS ISSUED FOR OWNERS

Instructive Volume Will Interest Those Who Watch Repair Work

Motorists who take care of their own cars can hardly fail to find something of value in the tenth edition of Dyke's Automobile Encyclopedia, just published by A. L. Dyke of St. Louis. It is a volume of 980 pages and is profusely illustrated with more than 3,000 cuts, including everything of a mechanical nature in the modern motor vehicle.

To its former information on automobiles, covering every detail from the construction and repair of the axle to the repair of the radiator and top, many new subjects have been added, such as how to make electric tests of the starting motor, generator, battery, coils and magnetos.

They are all dealt with in a simple yet experienced manner. The storage battery subject is well illustrated, making it easy to understand how to diagnose trouble, disassemble, repair, assemble and recharge batteries.

The subject of vulcanising not only deals with the sectional, but also the wrapped tread method. The equipment necessary to start into the tire repair business is also dealt with.

The book covers practically every phase of the industry, including passenger cars, trucks, tractors, motorcycles, airplanes, and airplane engines.

During the war the book was sanctioned for use in the schools of military aeronautics, England, and is now used in many automobile schools in this country and abroad.

STUDEBAKER SALESMEN

The New York branch of the Studebaker Corporation plans to increase its sales force by more than 50 percent.

Mr. Scholes, retail manager of the New York branch, said that this increased sales force would enable the sales end of the branch to give more intensive attention to the Studebaker owner. "Heretofore," he said, "after the buyer had received his car it had been the practice in the automobile field for the salesman to turn the owner and his worries over to the service department. This almost always caused inconvenience to the owner and very frequently caused friction. The mechanic is not a salesman and is more concerned with mechanics than diplomacy.

"With this increased sales force it will be possible for the sales department to act as a buffer between the mechanical end and the customer and to follow up the Studebaker owner even when he does not come in for service work. We hope to see every one of our owners at least once a month. This will enable us to keep him informed on all new developments and see that he is getting satisfaction out of his car."

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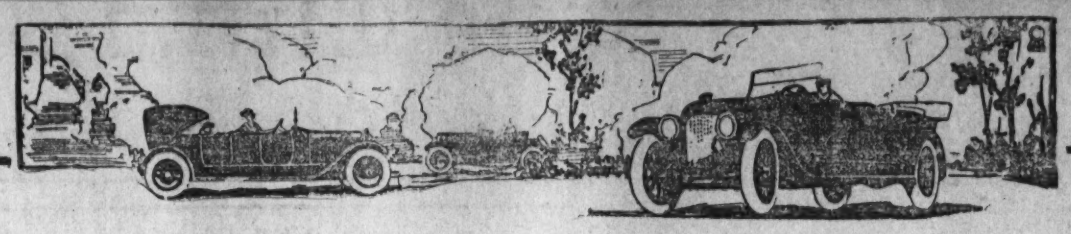

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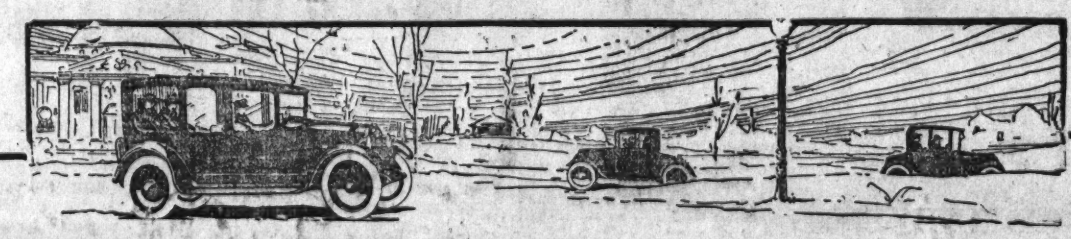

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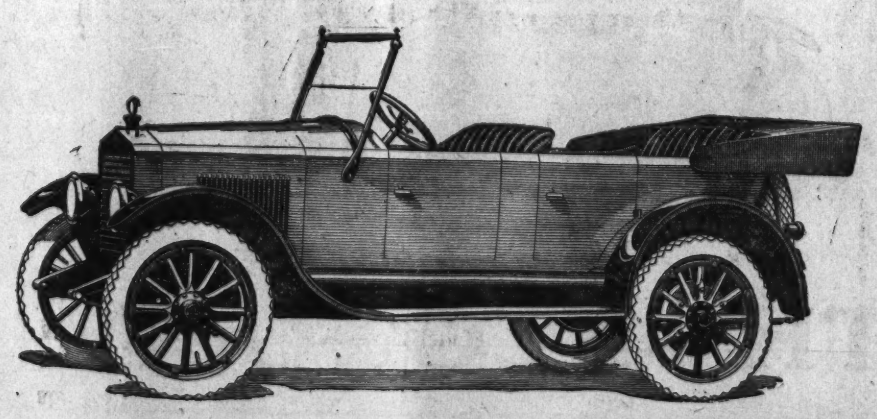

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with which the chassis is constructed makes depreciation small. The Essex is a low-priced car to buy. It is an inexpensive car to operate. It has the dignity that comes from power and poise. It will continue to operate smoothly and quietly with an accelleration and flexibility that will inspire the pride of ownership. It is in keeping with one's ideas of economy and good taste.

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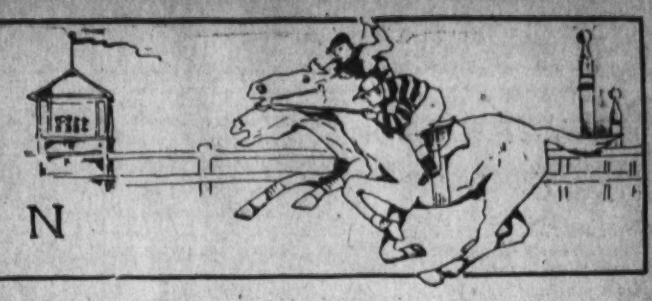
SPORT SECTION



SHANGHAI, SUNDAY, JANUARY 4, 1920

FOOTBALL CLUB NEARING TITLE

S.F.C. Eleven Continues Good Record Beating St. Xaviers 1-0 In Great Game

RECS WIN IN 2ND LEAGUE

Defeat St. Xavier's Seconds; Police And Rangers Tie; St. John's Beats Navy

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS

First Division
S.F.C. beat S.F.X. 1-0
Second Division
S.M.P. and Rangers drew 1-1
S.R.C. beat S.F.X. 5-2
Exhibition
St. John's beat Navy 3-0.

The Shanghai Football Club eleven yesterday won its first league fixture against the St. Xavier's representatives by 1-0, the Police and the Rangers in the second division drew with 1-1 score and the Recreation Club walked away from the St. Xavier's second string by 5-2. A friendly game played at Nanyang resulted in the College beating the Navy by 3-0.

The Shanghai Football Club's game against the St. Xavier's on the Club's ground drew the largest crowd, being the only first division league fixture on the boards for yesterday afternoon and spectators were favored with a good hard tussle throughout the ninety minutes they braved the cold north-east wind that was blowing.

Because a ricsha tried conclusions with Johnnie Robertson's car in the Maloo a late start was made and it was past 3:15 before Referee Fulton called the two teams into line.

The homesters were favored with the kick off against the wind but straight away brought pressure to bear on the visiting halves. A good clearance by Elliott, at center half, gave the outside right, Gutierrez, a chance to show his speed, but Isherwood soon put a stop to the run down the wing and clearing, gave Drake an opening which this player failed to convert. Much give and take play took place, both half lines having trouble in keeping their respective opposing forwards in check when Campbell, who was playing in place of Lawrie Smith, gave Begg the ball and this player taking the leather down his wing centered to find no one there to take his pass. Smith was out of the game because of a bad foot.

NO SCORE FIRST HALF

Encarnacao, clearing, landed the ball at the feet of Loonis. The latter passed to Leslie and saw that player run down the left wing only to be stopped by Oliveras. The latter put up a sterling defense throughout the whole game.

Aguiar getting the ball, with the rest of his confreres, brought the ball well into the Club's half and McLean was called upon to save. He did. Forshaw, skipper of the home team, from the clearance received the ball and passed to Drake who again had the misfortune to miskick with only the goalie to beat. The kick off gave the Saints another chance to test the defense of the Club and Reed, just returned after four years of war and a spell of football with the London Corinthians, relieved the pressure only to find Jack Johnson's head in the way and the Saints speedy wing was again on the ball. McLean saved again, but he was forced to bounce the ball several times to get away from the visiting forwards.

After considerable give and take play again, Reed, instead of clearing, tapped the ball back to Isherwood and this player not being quite ready gave Silva of the Saints an opening which he failed to convert skying high over the bar with only McLean between him and the coveted net. Half time arrived shortly after this, the teams crossing over with blank score sheets.

CLUB FORWARDS POOR

After lemons the Club again took up the offensive and, favored with the wind, gave both the backs and halves of the S.F.X. as much as they cared for but all were found very safe. The Club's forwards were completely off and more than once when a long shot would have probably brought off results, they waited too long and lost the ball.

Johnson gave Gutierrez on the left wing an opening and the latter, getting away with his usual good turn of speed, came as near scoring as he could wish to but McLean, leaving his goal, brought off a good but lucky save.

The Club continued the pressure and centers, coming in from both wings, gave both Encarnacao and Oliveras all they could do. But the Club had apparently come out without their shooting boots and it was not until Capt. Forshaw decided to put Alec Leslie in the inside position that this speedy player hustled things up so that from a miskick by one of the visiting backs, caused partly through the ball

(Continued on Page 2)

SPORT AND STAGE

BY DOMINO

RHYMES OF THE TIMES

The sunfragette has got the vote,
Also a lady member;
She wears the trousers and the coat;
Let's hope they won't suspend her!

And on the bench of magistrates
We have a lot of ladies,
Without a chance
They'll make man dance
From Jericho to Hades.

* * *

The Japanese are going bust—
So thinks the wily student;
They've lost their 'Oriental Trust'
Thanks to the merchant prudent;
And if John Chinaman stands firm,
Till troub'lous times are calmer,
With smiling face
The Jap they'll chase
Right back to Yokohama.

* * *

In Mexico they take a man,
And hold him up for ransom;
The Bolshevik has got a plan,
To do himself quite handsome,
Sinn Feiners fight the Government,
All these are pleasant hobbies—
But it is rum
When O-Pi-Um
Is lifted by our bobbies.

* * *

The A. D. C. is dead? Don't you believe it. It isn't even suffering from old age, although it dates back into the 'Sixties. It was so well nurtured in its youth, and so well-trained in its early manhood, that it is now in its prime and vigor, thanks to the tending of a series of producers, chief of whom is "Pa" Wingrove.

And yet I heard this remark, "The A. D. C. is dead" uttered by one of our most popular players in the Green Room of the Lyceum Theater only last week—and why? Because all three houses for the Vaudeville Show were not cleaned out in less than three hours. As a matter of fact the Vaudeville played to three fine houses, despite the numerous attractions in the way of dances, parties, movies, etc., etc., too numerous to mention, and the promoters are to be very heartily congratulated upon giving the local playgoer a show well in keeping with the Christmas spirit.

But this is beside the point. I fancy that our amateurs will take up another standpoint in the future, as to the nature of the shows they put before the public. At present we have the Howitt-Phillips and the Frawley companies; the Denniston Players, and in a month or so Marie Tempest's Thespians, all bringing new plays to the Lyceum, and what these people have not got, Maurice Bandman has bought up, so that in the course of our theatrical season we have presented to us some fifty new plays, and the tendency all the time is to bring better players here. I have always contended that our amateurs can hold their own with the best of our visitors, especially in the way that they mount their productions, but with so many of the three act comedies served up by the professionals, it is natural that there comes a time when the public crave something new and startling. This I think is where the amateurs can come in and hold their own again. Traveling companies cannot carry big crowds, and so when it comes to elaborate scenery, long casts, and large choruses, we are able to supply them, and can always depend upon a loyal response from the Model Settlement. In the very near future Gilbert and Sullivan's comic opera "The Pirates of Penzeance" will be produced by the A. D. C. and I have not the least doubt that packed houses will be the order.

Shakespeare has not been given much of a showing by the Club up to the present, and yet there is a very big demand for the works of the Immortal Bard, and whispers are flying about that before the present season is over the amateurs will treat us to one of the merriest of Sharespeare's comedies. No sir, the A. D. C. is NOT dead. There is any amount of life in it.

* * *

THE UNION JACK CLUB

On Monday evening the Union Jack Club will be officially opened, and both the Jack Tars and their many friends and admirers, are going to have a particularly good time. Let me tell you a little about the new quarters that the sailors have acquired, chiefly through the efforts of the Race Club.

The club is situated in Tibet Road, and occupies three floors of what was the New World. On the first floor there is a fine big reception room, and at one end of it is a fumed-oak circular table, behind which stand blue coated boys, who at a nod, will dispense liquids both wet and dry.

A billiard table adorns the center of the room, where the budding Porters and Komaroffs can play for nothing a century. Just off this hall is a passage, on both sides of which are reading rooms, music rooms, game rooms, and in fact every kind of room that the heart of the most confirmed clubman could desire.

Upstairs on the second floor are well equipped bathrooms, showers, and any amount of cosy little bedrooms. I am told that some two hundred and fifty of the boys can be put up in comfort. On the third floor is a roof garden, where the tars can disport themselves in the Summer when the sultry temperature can be grinned at in the evening zephys. I forgot to mention that on the first floor is a spacious kitchen where anything can be had from sausages and mashed to boiled beef and carrots, and all at prices NOT in vogue elsewhere. It is a fine club and the Race Club must be congratulated upon being instrumental in supplying a very long felt want.

Now for the Monday evening entertainment! On Saturday morning Messrs Olsen and Chris Wingrove were to be seen spying out the land of the big central hall, and devising all kinds of stunts to make it into a well arranged theater. From 5 p.m. to 8 p.m. the sailor boys are to be entertained to tea, dance and song, by a number of our well known ladies. When they have finished, a dinner will be provided to which everyone is expected to do full justice. After the meal will come more songs, and more music, and more stories, and this time the artists will all be men—just mere men. It is to be a free and easy smoker at which rank and file are called upon to contribute.

Some of the entertainers to appear are, Bert Stormes with some Karbarges, K-beans and K-arrots; Capnan in a little Lancashire dialect; Hagen in songs that delight and hurt not; Murray Kidd in more songs; Donne and Miss Ballingall in a sketch demanding piano, songs, patter and applause; Mrs. Chris Wingrove in ballads and dances; Reg Wingrove, supported by a couple of boy-ees and an actor, in a sketch; E. P. Graham Barrow with a story or two; and on top of all this a beauty chorus. Yes sir, we are going to have a good time on Monday night.

* * *

THE DENNISTON PLAYERS

The Denniston Players have arrived, and one of the first that I had the pleasure of meeting was Miss Florence Chapman, the clever wife of clever Walter Howard, an old friend who starred with the Frawley Company. I told them that I had already received all sorts of notices about their doings both at Honolulu and Yokohama, but I put it to them as man to man, or Domino to Miss Chapman and her other half; I say I put it to them absolutely on the round; "What is the crowd like?" Miss Chapman answered: "Domino, we beat all records in Honolulu, we beat dear old Tim Frawley—bless his great heart! by five bits; that is not much at the present exchange, but we beat him, and Denny was awfully pleased, and he loves his old Boss Tim."

Denniston has brought with him new plays, and opens up tomorrow night with the farce "Up in Mabel's Room." I have already told you all about it. On Wednesday and Thursday the company present "The Third Degree" and on Friday and Saturday "Civilian Clothes."

* * *

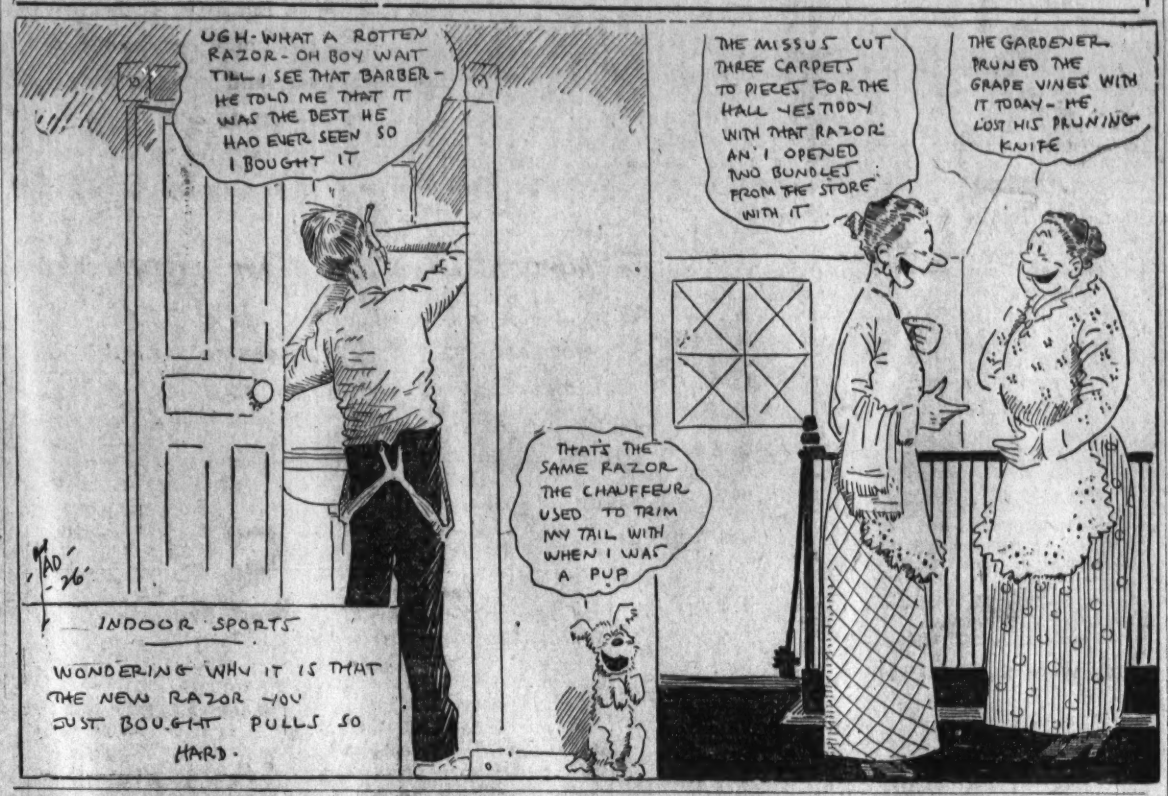
THE MOVIES

I never had much time for the movies. Generally when I was suffering from insomnia I went to a picture show and found myself contentedly passing into the Land of Nod. Now I have done what the lady is always allowed to do—that is to change my mind. Some of the pictures presented, for instance at the cosy little Apollo Theater, lately have been brimful of interest, and the stage managing of them has been an education in itself.

These are golden days for the deaf—the ear is losing importance every hour. Millions visit the movies, where the deaf are on an exact equality with those blessed with acute hearing. The movies are spoken of as serious rivals to the legitimate stage, but as a matter of fact I think they are

(Continued on Page 2)

INDOOR SPORTS


UGH-WHAT A ROTTEN RAZOR-OH BOY WAIT TILL I SEE THAT BARBER-HE TOLD ME THAT IT WAS THE BEST HE HAD EVER SEEN SO I BOUGHT IT
THE MISSUS CUT THREE CARPETS TO PIECES FOR THE HALL YESTODY WITH THAT RAZOR AN' I OPENED NO BUNDLET FROM THE STORE WITH IT
THE GARDENER PRUNED THE GRAPE VINES WITH IT TODAY-HE LOST HIS PRUNING KNIFE
THAT'S THE SAME RAZOR THE CHAUFFEUR USED TO TRIM MY TAIL WITH WHEN I WAS A PUP
TAD '26
INDOOR SPORTS
WONDERING WHY IT IS THAT THE NEW RAZOR YOU JUST BOUGHT PULLS SO HARD.

By Tad

ROSE WINS TROPHY IN HARRIERS' RUN

Beats Staley And Seredkin, Second And Third Men In Five-Mile Race

In a great race yesterday afternoon G. Rose won the Shanghai Harriers Club five-mile handicap, beating K. Staley by yards. M. Seredkin was third. The trio staged a battle in the last quarter mile, Seredkin first stepping into the lead and holding it until the final burst when Rose asserted his power. The finish was on Kiangwan Road and the men traveled five hard miles through the Kiangwan District.

The trail carried the men through country which included half a dozen water jumps. These bothered several of the entrants and tested the jumping ability of those able to negotiate them successfully.

The runners followed a course laid by two veteran cross-country men, Fred Bridges, ex-Norfolk and Suffolk harrier, and Tom McKenna of Wolverhampton and Small Heath Harriers.

The first prize in the event was a silver cup.

The summary:

First, G. Rose; Second, K. Staley; Third, M. Seredkin.

Officials: Referee, Mr. W. Woodfield; Starter and timer, A. S. Alves; Handicappers, Messrs T. McKennan F. S. Bridges and J. A. S. Alves.

At The Theaters

"The Witching Hour," the offering at the Apollo Theater beginning Thursday night, will be of additional interest to Shanghai playgoers as the picture features Charles Aubrey Smith. Mr. Smith is the leading man of the Marie Tempest Company, which is to play an engagement at the Lyceum Theater in April.

Tonight will be the last opportunity to see Constance Talmadge in "Up the Road with Sallie" at the Apollo Theater.

The Olympic Theater has one of the best Mary Pickford successes for today in "Mistress Nell," a tale of the days of Nell Gwynne. It is an exceptional story and one in which "America's Sweetheart," as Mary is called, appears at her best. There will be a matinee at 3:15.

The Victoria Theater has a special program in "Joan, the Woman," featuring the celebrated prima donna and movie star, Geraldine Farrar. It is a spectacular seven-part picture. The matinee starts promptly at 3:15

A three-part p
given at the Towe
by the spectacular
California "The G
The eighth episode
Los Alamos" will b

Soochow University Claims East China Football Title

Eleven Has Clean Slate And Leads Other College Teams In Scoring Of Goals

Soochow, January 3.—The Soochow University football team returned today from Shanghai where they had played Nanyang and won by a score of two to one. The local team was given a warm reception by the student body and Faculty. The student body met them at the train and as the football squad came down from the cars there was a roar

for the championship must be played by January 15, 1920.

(c.) The Committee after that date shall decide which team be awarded the championship, provided no other team challenge its decision, such challenge to be sent in to the chairman of the Committee by registered post within one week from date the decision is announced.

(d.) If the Committee believes at such a challenge is justified, shall arrange a game to settle e question

(e.) All games to be finished February 1, 1920.

ORES OF SEASON

The following are the results of e play thus far this season:

St. John's 5, Shanghai Baptist llege 0.

Soochow University 7, Shangi Batist College 0.

Nanyang 3, St. John's 1.

Shanghai Baptist College 7, iversity of Nanking 2.

Soochow University 5, Univerty of Nanking 0.

Nanyang 7, Shanghai Baptist ollege 2.

Soochow University 2, Nanyang

In tabulating the results we nd the following interesting xures:

Team	Won	Lost	Percent
ochow	3	0	1,000
nyang	2	1	667
John's	1	1	500
anghai Col.	1	3.	250
nking	0	2	000

The following also gives the result goals won and lost by each team:

Team	Goals won	Goals lost
ochow	14	1
nyang	11	6
John's	6	3
		(2 games)
anghai College	10	21
nking	2	12
		(2 games)

The first game between Nanyang d St. John's which was a tie is t counted in the above, as it was t played to a decision at that e, which is a requirement of the C.I.A.A.

Only one game scheduled for this son has not yet been played off, mely that between Nanking and John's. This game was interred with by the student strike. ould St. John's win this game, it uld raise the average of that intution to 667. Should Nanking it, it would increase her rage to 333.

ning Road by popular request ninth and tenth episodes of "The screened tonight, be the the "The

BASKETBALL LEAGUE OPENS WEDNESDAY

Eleven Teams To Play In 55 Games Of Series Ending On March 31

Eleven teams will compete for honors in the Amateur Basketball league, the first games of which will be played next Wednesday at the Chinese Y.M.C.A. Gymnasium. The association will play the Nanyang B team and the Y.M.C.A. B and St. John's teams are to clash. There are 55 games on the schedule each team playing every other team once.

There will be two teams from the Chinese Y.M.C.A. and three Colleges, St. John's, Nanyang and Baptist, and the American Song Service and one from the American School. The first team from each college will be the regular varsity team, while the B team will consist of members of the second team or those who are ineligible for the first team. The schedule:

Jan. 7—Y.M.C.A. (A) vs. Nanyang (B) at Y.M.C.A.
Y.M.C.A. (B) vs. St. John's (A) at Y.M.C.A
Jan. 10—Nanyang (B) vs. Y.M.C.A. (B) at Nanyang
Nanyang (A) vs. Baptist (B) at Nanyang
Y.M.C.A. (A) vs. Song Service (B) at Y.M.C.A.
Jan. 13—St. John's (A) vs. Y.M.C.A. (A) at St. John's
St. John's (B) vs. Song Service (A) at St. John's
Jan. 14—Song Service (B) vs. Nanyang (B) at Y.M.C.A.
Jan. 17—Baptists (A) vs. Nanyang (B) at Baptists
Baptists (B) vs. St. John's (A) at Baptists
Song Service (A) vs. Nanyang (A) at Y.M.C.A.
Jan. 21—Nanyang (A) vs. American School at Y.M.C.A.
St. John's (B) vs. Song Service (B) at Y.M.C.A.

Hockey

Something either went wrong with the Portuguese Sporting Association or else with the Harlequins for the latter team ran out winners yesterday afternoon at the Race Course by a 6-2 score. The Harlequins pressed throughout the game and in the second half Barnes, goal keeper of the Harlequins, had little to do.

BILLIARD MATCH POSTPONED

The billiard match between Messrs. J. E. Grant and E. D. Bush, scheduled for the American Club last night, was postponed and will be played tomorrow night at the American Club. The match will start at nine o'clock. It is a semi-final in the tournament for the championship of Shanghai and the winner will meet Mr. C. W. Porter for the title.

HERLOF JOINS ARMY OF PINKS

Ben Of Beith Tribe Also Sports One; Boyd Is Third Winner

'TWAS DUSTY IN KIANGWAN

And A Bleak North Gale Blew Yesterday; Trotsky Out Friday

BY JOHNNY WALKER

Whether it was the blinking dust, or steady perusal of Brand Whitlock's "Belgium," or a late night on New Year's Day, or a combination of the trio, this Scribe cannot say, but he was feeling so "piano" that the following effusions almost cost him blood. Thus if they read stodgy and tiresome you know the reason why.

Great are the rejoicings over a New Pink. Friday night at the Race Club was a happy one. The Pack didn't half whoop it up. The Inimitable was the first to arrive and was permitted to "put up" amid howling, which became fortissimo crescendo when Ben of the tribe of Beith crept in. He's too beastly modest is Ben and when noisted and stood on the bar he made the neatest little speech without words the Club has ever heard. But he stood his round like the stout rider he is.

The Pack was going very strong when this Scribe fled, Conductor Sparke had the choir giving tongue and they were delivering the goods with fervor. Yea, verily, better one new Pink than fifty old ones.

Kiangwan! A bleak north gale which froze one's marrow, groups of riders and spectators with teeth achatter, mafoos and ponies shaking, dry, dusty, khaki ground below, a grey inhospitable sky above. What manner of men are these who forsake the warm fireside to ride a bloodsome 'Unt in a gawd forsaken country!

Such were the musings of this Scribe as he sadly mounted his unwilling steed. And yet, like the others, had he obeyed his primal instincts, he would have been unutterably miserable—and miserable he felt anyway.

GRIEF AT THE B.M.H.

Instructions were to ride yellow and white paper and to stick closely to the laid line at the finish. With this warning the field went away, first tackling Chuck's little training jumps, where refusals and hasty dismountings were the fashion of the moment. Sharp left over short rut and furrow to a B.M.H. before which Tiga got rid of Jockey Hayes. There was grief at this B.M.H. Came a big bridge, and a line of big dry cuts, right front to a wade, and after this, the route is uncertain. But the jumping was quite big and very wet, and as the run progressed, riderless ponies increased prodigously, becoming a menace and a nuisance at times.

At one big water jump, four gents got ducked simultaneously and lost their mounts. Came a check at the railway line where Commander Hodson was seen doing knots per hour afoot, his pony disappearing over the horizon. Came a train from Woosung with a riderless pony heading down the line straight for destruction. Came a big water jump into which Harry Morriss decanted himself gracefully into oblivion, came all manner of spills, refusals, duckings and Hades in general. And above all, whenever the 'Unt went hung an appalling canopy of dust so thick that it made all but the leaders feel very unhappy.

After a deal of casting round, the trail was at last picked up across the railway line, a short chukker and then, hey for home, over all manner of wet and dry chasms.

HERLOF JOINS PINKS

The flags were hard by J. J.'s Joys, in a spot favored of the Fox, Bertie Burkill, and the first man through was Herlof who thus after so many years effort has all his doubts and fears laid at rest, for he now joins the noble army of Pinks. It was a popular and well deserved win.

The Scribe got in thankful to be alive at the tail of the first flight and guaged that out of the 40 starters only half finished. Where the other half is, Lord knows. But it must be very cold wandering round that country trying to find home.

Poor David Brand had bought it somewhere for he was mud from head to heel and looked like the devil. Springfield had a cock-eye and was another thankful to be alive. Schoch nearly bust his

cranium and has a deuce of a headache, but the tale of casualties might be spun out indefinitely.

It was some 'Unt, gentlemen, and many thanks to the Fox. A splendid sporting event marred by the awful dust, and the pity of it, we have no Shorty here now to compose a litany for rain.

Later a search party went out for Commander Hodson but failed to pick up his scent but he navigated by the stars and arrived home before midnight no end bucked with himself. Which is more than can be said for his junior who took a bath shortly after the start. The Silent Service thus successfully extinguished itself this bright and chirpy day.

OH, FOR MOISTURE

And as a fitting finale, Mr. and Mrs. Chuck dispensed cakes and ale to the survivors at the Bung. So all's well that ends well and everybody's happy. And the Pack whooped it again last eve. Ten events and five new Pinks. Gee! some season. But pray for rain, ye hounds.

The card read:

Ninth 'Unt, January 3, 1920.
Start: Burkill's Bung.
Finish: J. J.'s Joys.
'Unt laid by Mr. A. W. Burkill.
1.—Mr. H. Herlofsen on Medina Sidonia.
2.—Mr. H. M. Hind on Forglen.
3.—Mr. H. G. Elliot on Whitewash.
4.—Mr. A. M. Cannan on Chatsky.
5.—Mr. J. K. Brand on Sea Bird.
6.—Mr. A. Brand-Sorensen on Anglo Dane.

Now Herlof, what about a Scandinavian Cup for the next Scand to win. Put it up!

New Year's Day Hunt Saw Nearly 100 Start

Said Martin to the Pack on New Year's Day, "On behalf of the Master and Stewards I wish you a Very Happy New Year."

Very simple; straight to the point. The Scribe echoes the wish to all those who waste time reading this piffle.

Wild doings and riotous gaiety ushered in the New Year, and many were vowing "never again" on the first day of 1920, but this didn't prevent a goodly attendance at the morning's races which formed a pleasant appetiser to the more solid fare of the afternoon's 'Unt.

The biggest crowd the meet has seen for years, fully five score strong, paraded before the watchful eye of Martin, who had much ado to shoo them away from the first jumps, not that hounds wanted to jump all that keenly, but the pack has a way of edging forward and has to be whipped back. A very jovial and happy pack it was too, much under the influence of Reggie's latest production and the favorite air was "The Bells of St. Mary's." A very nice song too!

GROUND NOT TOO HARD

The start was on False Fahwah Line, practically at one's front door, quite reminiscent of bygone days. The weather was kindly but with a bit of a nip, no sun and therefore good 'unting weather. The going promised to be both hard and dusty. The dust was there right enough but the ground had lost its bone and was not at all too hard to fall on, at least many young men testified so afterwards.

At 3.30 Martin let them go.

Now the jumps on False Fahwah are not too big, but there was some quality about them, probably roots of reeds sticking up, that made the ponies hate them and at the second jump a rank of six saddles emptied simultaneously. It might have been by Light Horse order, Dismount. And all the four jumps were maltreated in similar fashion.

WHO WAS VINCENT?

A very long strung-out field took its turn over Vincent Smith's Bridge (who was Vincent by the way?) straight ahead to the high ground approaching Badger Firs, but the old platform now being non est, the fox had left his cards over a two stone bridge, and so on to Pleasant Quarters where the leaders over-ran scent.

This was soon picked up and led over the jumps towards the railway, crossed this and continued through Old Handicap Creek. On account of ice, Mr. Fox had promised a dry run, but there was paper across the creek so in the leaders went by the score and Mr. Blix took a graceful header, very well done it was too. There was paper on One Wide River and nothing beyond. So a cast was made towards Plum Tree and whilst these deluded ones were wandering hither and thither, the tail of the 'unt had got on the right track and running mute was disappearing across Hungjao Road close by the Abbatoir.

The Curse of Crawford on those Chinks who fooled half the 'unt, but it turned out all hunkydory because 'tother half shortly after got fooled too, for they all went over a bridge and had to come back again, so the original leaders came into their own again.

MANY ATE DUST

The pace was medium, the dust, very dusty, indeed half the time you couldn't see the jumps and the only place for comfort was right at the front, but we can't all be there, so the majority had to eat dust. A long, long point west over some unnamed jumps, quite big too they were, to the Artery Creek Platforms, left, over one very well known but awkward jump, then a long long check in the Wilderness.

The 'unt spent quite a time casting round and finally was tally hced in the direction of Sa Ka Dong where another and very hoary old check, always bought, carried the leaders towards Hungjao. The moment they threw up their heads the old hounds swung west for Sa Ka Dong Platform, finding no scant till at the platform itself. The resident gentry had improved the natural amenities of this platform by laying slabs of ice on both take off and landing. They are hilarious folk with a keen instinct for a joke but as the Scribe got over third and safe at that, he doesn't know what happened later.

The leaders now began to crack up the pace and led by Chuck Burkill, who seemed out for blood or else was coaching a griffin, they went at Forth with a right good will. Casting a hasty glance back the Scribe saw several men volplaning and it seemed quite apparent that Forth was acting as a deterrent to some of the young men.

Over Family Free Platform, across the Hungjao Road again and that abominable rut and furrow to Dallas' Grave, which the leaders took splendidly. A howl of ghoulish laughter smiting one's ear told of grief behind, for Dallas' is a big thing and it's in or over, but there's no time to turn round and looksee at this stage of the game for it's whips out and ride like hell. But oh! that dust.

EARL B. SLIPS

Round Clear Water to Family Tree Platform where Earl B. was decorating the floor, to Westward Ho, swing right, high to low, the leaders, about fifteen of them, chased, Suez didn't exist for them, and so to the Flags on Warren Line. A very hot and exciting finish ended in a win for Cedric on Springie by a length from dear Bonar on Battle Axe. The third man was Knight who is very fond of this position but may decide to go up to No. 1 before the season ends.

A good old fashioned home country run, gentlemen, the last half at handicap pace, all the old jumps, and everybody very pleased and happy, thank you, Mr. Fox.

There is just one little point to mention. It pertains to dress. The Scribe first wrote on this subject at the request of some members, and the young fellers responded gamely. The Club is a club and the meet is a function and although merry and bright, there is a standard of dress to be observed; we are 'untsmen not rat-catchers and we should dress accordingly. Of course there were several fancy dress balls on New Year's Eve and perhaps the gentleman who rode attired like a Lenin or a Trotsky had forgotten to change his costume.

BUT ONE CASUALTY

There was a fair amount of fun at the finish and several gents did stunts to amuse the spectators, the number of whom, by the way, seems to be increasing. The only casualty of the day was Mr. Worscester with a broken finger.

One well-known heavyweight came in with his tongue lolling out and a fair lady took compassion on him and gave him to drink, i.e., a flask.

The fat man accepted gratefully, took a gulp and dropped the cup as though he'd been poisoned. "Oh hell," he sobbed, "it's tea."

The Card read:—

Seventh 'Unt, Jan. 1, 1920.
Start: False Fahwah Line.
Finish: Warren Line.
'Unt laid by Mr. E. S. Benbow Rowe.
(1) Mr. C. C. Boyd on Springie.
(2) Mr. Bonar Law on Battle Axe.
(3) Mr. C. Knight on Sidelight.
(4) Mr. H. Herlofsen on Viking.
(5) Mr. R. M. Dalgleish on White Griffin.
(6) A. M. Cannan on Bathwick.

Inimitable Sparke As H. W. In Eighth 'Unt Of Season

Grey skies with occasional glimpses of sun, good riding weather welcomed the Club on Friday afternoon. The start was at The Mandarin's Grave on Hungjao Road and those knowing the fox expected to be twice drowned in Siccawei Creek, but it was neap tide and as it turned out very low water.

Considering the amount of runs this week and last, an astonishingly large field turned out, and was sent away to follow red, yellow and white, a good combination of color.

The trail led straight to the corner jump at Perrot's which was jumped by Martin only. The Chinese had been at work here hoping to see a glory hole, but the field did not buy it fortunately. Paper lay round the lagoon at the bottom of Perrots, and so up the line, the jumps being big and needed riding at.

MR. BLIX LOST HIS

There was a big mixup at the third, four men and ponies being tangled up together, yet such is the luck of riding men, no one was hurt. Mr. Blix lost his pony here and this ended his ride, whilst the pony cantered along the railway homewards. Sharp right at the end of the line, through a B.M.H., some rut and furrow, were poor Cobbett got stretched out, over a bund and so to Brooklyn Bridge spanning Siccawei Creek.

The crowd turned right after this but shortly scent was picked up lying towards Siccawei, over the railway where the field was cut in halves by a passing train. Thence to the level crossing on The Admirals Road, through a glory hole, left on to Springfield Line. The jumps here saw many refusals and several empty saddles. Down the line, across the road again and straight over Misery Flats to the Misery Jump, and so to the Via Media where the fox had lifted his scent. Casting slowly onwards the line was soon picked up, over the platform to the Serpentine on to Jim's Joys where a lot of burning grass created a stampede amongst the ponies.

Over Jim's Joys platform the trail lay left, but this favored a check as the leaders discovered when they found themselves all alone with the field showing their tails in the far distance.

THE LONG, LONG TRAIL

After this it was a long long grind for those duped ones, due West up the Champs de Mars a lovely gallop over good furrow for about two miles, then check to the left. The 'unt here picked up two of the foxes who had been left behind, one of them a lady, and she finished the run with the pack in fine style.

West and ever West ran the trail, Chepoo seeming the objective, but suddenly to the right the leaders plunged into Siccawei Creek, which was almost dry.

The run in commenced here, over the high ground, soft powdery carrot land in which the ponies sank at times to the knee. It is a distressing bit of country and soon many riders were reduced to a walk.

A check to the left was duly purchased but that keen-eyed hound Springfield soon had the field jogging homewards. Springie worked very hard, he is wonderful at finding paper, he led the 'Unt almost to the flags, and deserved to win.

Faith, Hope and Charity were duly crawled, then the Rubicon Creek, and then a twisty course to the finish at Forth. Kenny Brand looked to be the winner but a grave intervened and Ben Beith came in first, with The Inimitable Sparke as H. W. This means another new Pink and another War Service Cup, Mr. Honorable Editor, and the Scribe is tickled to death to see The Inimitable One foreclose his mortgage, on the said trophy.

AND GRIEF GALORE

This was a long run; with the merit of novelty, not much jumping, but jumping is not everything after all and the galloping on the French side was just fine. There was grief galore, but this was principally due to the dust which was very bad, so much so, that the riders finished with faces like those movie artistes we had at the Autumn Races.

Everybody seemed pleased with the run and went to bed cheered by the news that a Kiangwan Horror would be perpetrated the next day.

The Card read:

Eigth 'Unt, January 2, 1920.
Start: Mandarin's Grave, Hungjao Road.
Finish: Forth.
'Unt laid by Mr. E. S. Benbow Rowe.
1.—Mr. B. D. F. Beith on Jock Scott.
2.—Mr. H. S. Sweeting on Leszek.
3.—Mr. J. K. Brand on Wisdom.
4.—Commander G. L. Hodson R.N. on The Camel.
5.—Mr. M. O. Springfield on Harvestland.
H.W. 6.—Mr. N. L. Sparke on Wild Cat.

The Scribe can't let Commander Hodson of the Silent Service off without congrats on his performance. He rode hard and well and takes as much delight in 'unting as he did in fooling submarines. Indeed he says submarine chasing has nothing on paper chasing.

By the way Trotsky was out again this run.

Football Club Nearing Title

Continued from Page 1)

bouncing in front of the referee, that Leslie found the net. The goalie had no chance to save.

Five minutes later the whistle blew for full time and the home team had the pleasure of retiring with the knowledge that their victory of 1-0 has further assured them of the league honors for this season unless something very unforeseen happens.

ISHERWOOD SHINES

For the losers Elliott at center half worked hard throughout, Sequeira the goalie was called upon more than once to save and with the exception of the tally against him brought off everything in grand style. The two backs Encarnacao and Oliveras, were always sound and the forwards, the Gutierrez brothers, Silva, Aguiar and Tordu, although they were not successful in beating the Club's defense combined well until Aguiar had to leave the field at half time through an accident.

The Club was well served by McLean in goal, but better by Isherwood in the back line. Isherwood shone above all other players on the field, keeping his opponents well in hand all the time.

Loonis in the center half position played a much sounder game than he did on Boxing Day in the back position, but the honors of the half line fall to Campbell who, coming in at the last minute, greatly assisted the Club towards their victory.

Little can be said of the forwards. Drake seems to have gone to pieces, the others showed little of their true form. Begg, late of the Whizzbangs, showed well in the outside right position but, being more of an inside man kept leaving his wing, giving Robertson little chance to swing the ball out.

Forshaw, until he decided to shift Leslie to the inside position, was given little chance being too well marked. Leslie seemed to over run himself, although he gets into it hard and fast.

POLICE IN TIE

The Rangers in their second division encounter with the Police managed in the first half to open the scoring through Jacobs who receiving a pretty pass beat his opposing goalie all the way. In the second half the Police, favored with the wind, brought more pressure to bear but were only able to tie the score through Conduit. The Rangers put up a hard game and throughout had more of the play than their hosts. The score was 1-1.

RECS WIN, 5-2

At the Hongkew Park the Recs second string had the good fortune to put it over the St. Xavier's by a 5-2 score. The Saints at half time were two up but the change after lemons with the wind in their favor gave the visitors all the assistance they required and thus enabled them to run out with a three-goal lead score.

ST. JOHN'S 3: NAVY 0

St. Johns defeated the Navy at football yesterday in a friendly game played at St. John's University by a score of 3 to 0.

RACES NET $5,000

Proceeds of the New Year Race meeting at the Shanghai Race Club amounted to about $5,000 and will be distributed among the local charities.

Sport and Stage

Continued from Page 1)

educating crowds of playgoers, who having got a taste at *seeing*, want to go on and *listen* as well as *see*.

* * *

Bert Leywood, who came out East with R. G. Knowles some years ago, wrote me last week asking what would be a good time for him to bring out the "BEST EVER" crowd. He is at present in Calcutta presenting Jack Waller's "Look Who's Here" company. It is a mixture of revue, vaudeville and dancing. Some of the papers call it a musical cocktail. I fancy you will see this little pack in May. We are certainly getting shows galore just now, and next season it will be more so.

* * *

PETER PAN

The girls of the Public School are repeating their performance of "Peter Pan" on January 10. I saw the show last year. It is delightful. From beginning to end there is a freshness about the performance which is quite exhilerating. The Municipal Band will supply the music and Mr. R. B. Hurry will be the Conductor.

The Shanghai Chemical Laboratory
No. 20 Nanking Road
3rd floor

Refracting and Manufacturing Optician
Dr. John Goddard
Toric Lenses
Invisible Bifocals
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W. T. Findley, M.D.
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LYCEUM THEATER

MONDAY EVENING, JANUARY 5th
The Inaugural Presentation
By REYNOLDS DENNISTON, LTD. of
The Denniston Players
IN
A MILE OF SMILES
"UP IN MABEL'S ROOM"
Will mark an epoch in the annals of Shanghai's Theatrical History.

This organisation of clever artists personally chosen by Mr. Denniston from observed performances will commence their Shanghai Season at the Lyceum in one of the Broadway successes that has yet "not seen the light" outside of New York and Chicago.

The unprecedented success
"UP IN MABEL'S ROOM" aptly termed "A MILE OF SMILES"
Interpreted by
MISS WARDA HOWARD — MR. LEO KENNEDY
and Company of 15 carefully selected and capable artists

What the New York Papers Said About
"UP IN MABEL'S ROOM"

"Continuous laughter. Plenty of action. Scarcely a minute of flagging merriment."—New York Sun.
"An entire outfit of laughter."—New York American.
"A laugh factory."—New York Journal of Commerce.
"Keeps audience laughing to the end."—New York World.
"Full of action."—New York Herald.
"A laugh provoker."—New York Evening Mail.
"Went over the top with snap and dash."—New York Globe.
"Destined to considerable favor."—New York Evening Sun.

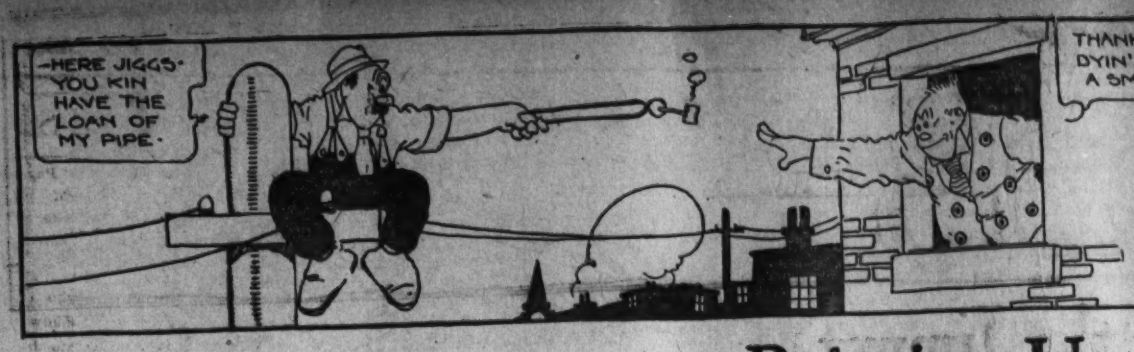
What the Honolulu Papers Said About
THE DENNISTON PLAYERS IN "UP IN MABEL'S ROOM"

Advertiser says: "In view of the excellence of the work done by the members of the company and the type of plays selected the Bijou should be the center of attraction during the engagement of the Dennistons."

Star-Bulletin says: "It is only fair to express the opinion that Denniston has the best company to appear here within the experience of the writer. There were no weak spots in the cast. A finished performance was given by each actor and actress, from those who played the leads to those who had the character bits. The Denniston Players will smash some theatrical records in Honolulu during their season here."

The Company arrived by the Kitano Maru yesterday morning, and all look forward to their Shanghai Season

BOOKING AT MOUTRIE'S

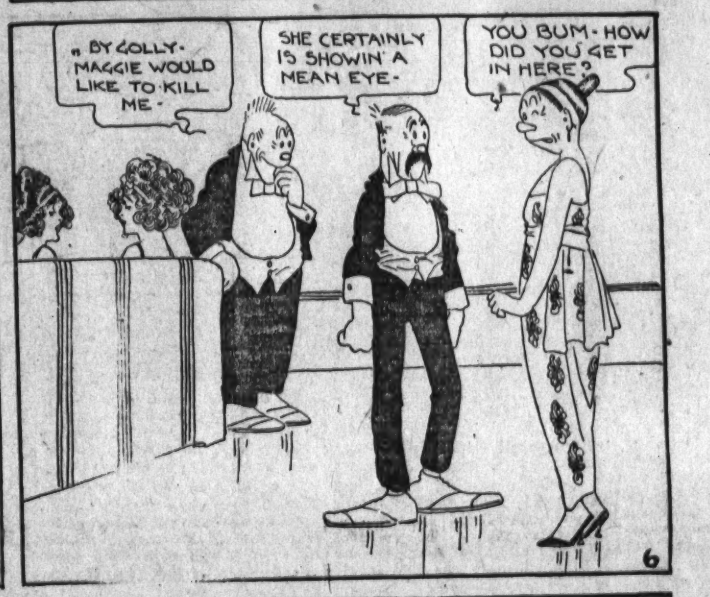


Comic Picture Section

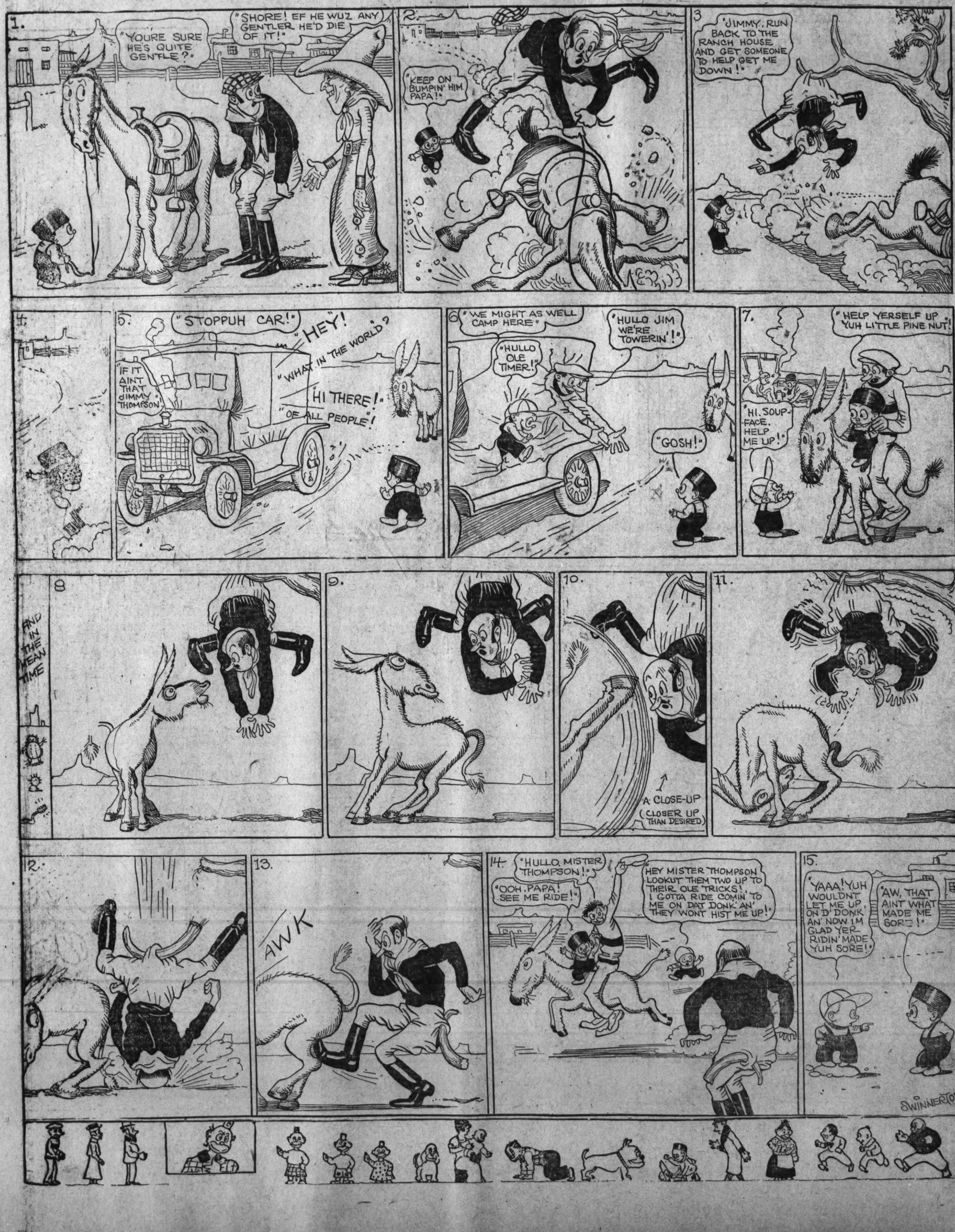
Sunday, January 4th, 1920

Bringing Up Father

IT'S GONNA BE A SWELL AFFAIR - YOU JUST COME WALKIN' IN· THERE'LL BE SUCH A CROWD MAGGIE WON'T HAVE THE NERVE TO MAKE A SCENE - SO COME · DINTY·
SHE MIGHT LOSE HER NERVE BUT HOW ABOUT HER TEMPER··
1



Little Jimmy


1.
"YOURE SURE HE'S QUITE GENTLE?"
"SHORE! EF HE WUZ ANY GENTLER HE'D DIE OF IT!"
2.
"KEEP ON BUMPIN' HIM PAPA!"
3
"JIMMY, RUN BACK TO THE RANCH HOUSE AND GET SOMEONE TO HELP GET ME DOWN!"
4.
5.
"STOPPUH CAR!"
"HEY!"
"WHAT IN THE WORLD?"
"IF IT AINT THAT JIMMY THOMPSON!"
"HI THERE!"
"OF ALL PEOPLE!"
6
"WE MIGHT AS WELL CAMP HERE"
"HULLO JIM WE'RE TOWERIN'!"
"HULLO OLE TIMER!"
"GOSH!"
7.
"HELP YERSELF UP YUH LITTLE PINE NUT!"
"HI. SOUP-FACE. HELP ME UP!"
8
AND IN THE MEAN TIME
9.
10.
A CLOSE-UP (CLOSER UP THAN DESIRED)
11.
12.
13.
AWK
14.
"HULLO, MISTER THOMPSON!"
"OOH, PAPA! SEE ME RIDE!"
HEY MISTER THOMPSON LOOKUT THEM TWO UP TO THEIR OLE TRICKS! I GOTTA RIDE COMIN' TO ME ON DAT DONK AN' THEY WONT HIST ME UP!"
15.
"YAAA! YUH WOULDNT LET ME UP ON D' DONK AN' NOW I'M GLAD YER RIDIN' MADE YUH SORE!"
"AW, THAT AINT WHAT MADE ME SORE!"
SWINNERTON